

Cabarrus County Government

Cabarrus County Planning and Zoning Commission Tuesday, December 14, 2021 @ 6:30 p.m. Board of Commissioners Meeting Room Cabarrus County Governmental Center

<u>Agenda</u>

- 1. Roll Call
- 2. Approval of November 9, 2021, PZ Meeting Minutes
- 3. Approval of the Granting Order with Finding of Facts for CUSE2018-00004 Close out documents for the amendment to CUSE2017-00001, Conditional Use Permit for Public Service Facility (Solar Farm). Applicant is Canadian Solar Solutions, Inc
- 4. New Business Board of Adjustment Function:
 - A. CUSE2021-00007 –Special Use Permit request for Public Service Facility (Well House). Applicant, Brian LaFranchi/Dewberry. Owner is Aqua North Carolina, Inc. Address is 5309 Historic Spring Dr. PIN 5559-76-1541.
- 5. New Business Planning Board Function:
 - A. Proposed Text Amendments
- 6. Legal Update
- 7. Director's Report
- 8. Adjourn



Planning and Zoning Commission Minutes

December 14, 2021

Mr. Adam Dagenhart, Chair, called the meeting to order at 6:36 p.m. Members present, in addition to the Chair, were Mr. Jeff Corley, Mr. David Hudspeth, Mr. Andrew Nance, Ms. Ingrid Nurse, Mr. Charles Paxton, Mr. Chris Pinto, Mr. Brent Rockett, and Mr. Stephen Wise. Attending from the Planning and Zoning Division were, Ms. Susie Morris, Planning and Zoning Manager, Mr. Phillip Collins, Sr. Planner, Ms. Sendy Howell, Planner, Ms. Arlena Roberts, Clerk to the Board, Mr. Richard Koch, County Attorney and Mr. David Goldberg, Deputy County Attorney.

Roll Call

Approval of November 9, 2021 Planning and Zoning Commission Meeting Minutes

There being no corrections or additions to the minutes, Mr. Jeff Corley **MOTIONED**, **SECONDED** by Mr. Brent Rockett to **APPROVE** the November 9, 2021, meeting minutes. The vote was unanimous.

Approval of Granting Order with Findings of Facts for CUSE2018-00004 – Close out documents for the amendment to CUSE2017-00001, Conditional Use Permit for Public Service Facility (Solar Farm). Applicant is Canadian Solar Solutions, Inc.

There being no corrections or additions to the Granting Order or Findings of Fact, Mr. Brent Rockett **MOTIONED**, **SECONDED** by Mr. Jeff Corley to **APPROVE** the Granting Order with Findings of Fact for CUSE2018-00004. The vote was unanimous.

The Chair said anyone wishing to speak tonight for an agenda item, they need to complete a blue card and give it the Clerk.

The Chair read the following rules of procedures:

- 1. The Cabarrus County planning staff person(s) shall first present the staff report and answer questions from the Commission. There will be no time limit on this presentation.
- 2. The Applicant may make a presentation to the Board (optional) and will then answer questions from the Commission. There will be a 15-minute time limit on the presentation if the Applicant choses to make a formal presentation. There will be no time limit on questions from the Board following the presentation.

- 3. When the Board is ready to proceed, the proponents (those speaking generally in favor of the case) will have a total of 15 minutes to speak and/or present documents in support of their position. The 15-minute time limit does not include questions directed to the proponents by the Commission.
- 4. After the proponents finish, the opponents (those speaking generally against the case) will have a total of 15 minutes to speak and/or present documents in support of their position. The 15-minute time limit does not include questions directed to the opponents by the Commission.
- 5. Each side will then have 3 minutes for rebuttal, with the proponents going first. Again, questions directed to the speaker will not count against the time limit. This will conclude the public hearing portion of the meeting and the Commission will proceed to deliberation.
- 6. Each side is strongly encouraged to use a spokesperson to present the positions commonly held by each. Each side is also strongly encouraged to organize their speakers and presentations to ensure that all persons wanting to speak will have time to do so.
- 7. If a speaker has questions of a person on the other side, such questions shall be addressed to the Commission members to be redirected to the person to be asked. There will be no direct questioning of one speaker by another except through the Commission.
- 8. Public demonstrations of support for a speaker's comments should be limited to clapping. Any other type of audible support shall be out of order and subject the offender to being removed from the building. Anyone speaking out of order shall likewise be subject to removal.
- 9. These rules are designed to have a full and fair hearing that is orderly and expeditious and avoid unnecessarily repetitious presentations.

Mr. Jeff Corley **MOTIONED**, **SECONDED** by Mr. Andrew Nance to **ADOPT** the Rules of Procedures. The vote was unanimous.

The Chair asked those that will be addressing the Board or testifying to stand and be sworn in. The Chair administered the oath.

New Business -Board of Adjustment Function:

The Chair introduced Petition CUSE2021-00007 – Special Use Permit request for Public Service Facility (Well House). Applicant is Mr. Brian LaFranchi/Dewberry. Owner is Aqua North Carolina, Inc. Address is 5309 Historic Spring Drive. PIN 5559-76-1541.

The Chair asked if any of the Board members had a conflict of interest or any information related to the case. There being none, the Chair called on Mr. Phillip Collins.

Mr. Phillip Collins, Sr. Planner, addressed the Board presenting the staff report.

He said the subject property is ± 1.12 ac in size.

The purpose of this request is to install a new filtration system for the existing community well located on the site. A new building to house and protect the system will be constructed. Additional concrete will also be added for access. The use is permitted with the issuance of a conditional use permit in the Countryside Residential (CR) zoning district.

The site currently supports an existing community well owned and operated by Aqua North Carolina. Most of the site is wooded and vacant. The site is accessed from Byfield Drive via a private access easement across 2730 Byfield Drive. The subject property is described as the original well lot for the Cold Springs subdivision recorded in 1993. According to the recorded plat, a 20-foot-wide drainage easement traverses the west side of the subject property.

The subject property is surrounded to the east, south and west by residential uses. A religious facility borders the subject property to the north.

All uses permitted within the CR zoning district are currently allowed on the subject property. However, the subject property is dedicated as the well lot for the Cold Springs Subdivision.

The subject property is currently zoned CR (Countryside Residential), and is surrounded by properties zoned CR.

The applicant has provided documentation compliant with Section 8-3 of the Cabarrus County Zoning Ordinance, petitioning for a Special Use.

The Applicant has submitted a complete application and the application states that approximately 190 SF will need to be cleared on the site for the new system. The rest of the site will remain in its current state.

A public drainage easement traverses the western side of the subject property and the applicant is providing buffering for it.

The subject property is located within the boundaries of the Eastern Area Plan and is designated as Open Space.

Should the Board of Adjustment grant approval of the Special Use Permit, Staff requests the following conditions become part of the approval and case record:

- 1. Site plan review and approval is required subsequent to Board of Adjustment approval in order to ensure compliance with all applicable development requirements and conditions.
- 2. A granting order, stating restrictions and applicable conditions of approval, shall be recorded with the deed of the property.
- 3. The applicant shall procure any and all applicable federal, state, and local permits prior to commencement of the project.
- 4. Expansion of this project, as well as modifications or changes to the approved site plan, must receive Board of Adjustment approval in the form of an amendment to the Special Use Permit.

The Chair asked if there were any questions for the applicant. He asked Mr. LaFranchi if he wanted to make a presentation. He did not.

The Chair said he had a question and asked Mr. LaFranchi to come forward.

The Chair said your plan shows a driveway, and he understands that the Fire is requiring a 20foot drive to meet up with code. But your driveway is outside of your easement on properties that do not seem to have an easement. He asked if that was correct.

Mr. Brian LaFranchi, 828 Hartford Avenue, Charlotte, NC, Aqua North Carolina Treatment Building Supervisor addressed the Board. His understanding from his client, is that that easement should have been recorded when the original driveway was installed.

Mr. Dagenhart said the documents that were provided, referencing Map Book 20 and Page 11, shows that it is exclusively on that one lot.

Mr. LaFranchi said we would need to work with the fire department potentially during construction to see if we can keep it on the existing property. There are some existing power poles that we would need to go around for that requirement. But again, Aqua is taking the position that they have prescriptive rights for that existing driveway.

The Chair does not know if the Board can sign off on anything without a condition that, that be resolved, because that puts us in a bind, that we approved something that is not legal.

There being no questions, and no one speaking for or against the case the Chair opened and closed the public hearing.

The Chair said at this time the Board will need to discuss the Special Use Permit. Once we have discussed thoroughly and have findings to support or deny, we will vote.

He said if we approve this, there are four things that we need to make sure that it meets.

Mr. Charles Paxton, said can we sign off on it or wait until that has been worked out? Do we defer it until it is worked out, or do we preliminarily approve it?

The Chair thinks we can make it a condition, if we approve it tonight, to be worked out with the existing staff conditions.

Mr. Koch, County Attorney, said you can make it a condition, that they have to be able to show that they have some sort of legal right to that. As he understands it, that driveway has been there since 1993. Is that correct?

The Chair believes that is the case, but the issue is, the current drive is probably just wide enough for a vehicle. He would say probably less than ten feet. Fire is requiring 20-foot gravel road with a gate and that is what is kicking it over the property lines, off where the prescribed easement is in those documents provided.

Mr. Koch thinks the Board can make it a condition, that they have to have some sort of legal basis for having the new driveway as wide as it is. He does not think we have to necessarily get into the legal issues on that. If they show that they do have it, he thinks that is enough for this Board. He would make it a condition that they have to show it and it may be by prescription. That basically is a legal theory that says that you do have a right. It may not show up from documents, so he may be right about that, Mr. Koch does not know.

Mr. Koch thinks that subdivision was developed by Sam Davis's family, if he is not mistaken. He said Mr. Davis is easy to find around here and is a lawyer here.

It may be, that was the way it is supposed to be, he has no idea. As a County, we do not need to get involve in that kind of a legal issue if it is one. But he thinks they do need to present something to the Board as a condition that they have the right to have the driveway put in the way they need to have it for the Fire Marshal.

Ms. Morris thinks what they are talking about is that it is encroaching onto properties other than what they own, with the expansion. She thinks the expectation was that it would be expanded onto their property. It is across the property line, so those people were not necessarily a part of the application.

She asked the Chair if that is what he was asking.

The Chair said that is correct.

Mr. Koch said that is kind of what he is saying. They will have to be able to show that they have an easement from that neighboring property owner, or that they had some other right that came up when the lot was first developed, and the driveway was put in.

He said that is not something that we can decide, either this Board or even legally we can decide.

He thinks they just need to show to the County, that they have the right to put the driveway in the way they show it on their plan.

The Chair said there are four things we need to consider, and we can do them one by one or altogether.

- 1. The Board must find that the uses as proposed are not detrimental to the public health and safety or general welfare.
- 2. The Board must find that the uses, as proposed, are approximately located with respect to the transportation facilities, water supply, fire, police protection, waste disposal, etc.
- 3. The Board must find that the uses as proposed will not violate neighborhood character nor adversely affect the surrounding land uses.
- 4. The Board must find that the uses, as proposed, will comply with the general plans for the physical development of the County or Town as imbodied in the Zoning Ordinance, or in the Area Development Plans that have been adopted.

Mr. Corley feels this request is not detrimental to public health and welfare. It is quite the opposite, making public drinking water supply improvements for these customers. It appears to be reasonably located with transportation facilities, existing water supply facilities on this site, as well as police and fire protection. He does not believe it will violate neighborhood character, or adversely affect surrounding land uses. They have done a good job of minimizing the amount of tree removal that will take place. Most of the facility is very central to this property and should not really affect the surrounding property owners at all.

Mr. Paxton said it would not change the developmental plans for the County and would not impede any of the community water systems, it would only improve it.

There being no further discussion, Mr. Jeffrey Corley **MOTIONED**, **SECONDED** by Mr. Brent Rockett to **APPROVE** CUSE2021-00007 – Special Use Permit request for Public Service Facility (Well House) with conditions recommended by Staff, and an additional condition that the Applicant provide some evidence allowing the driveway to be on the property where proposed. The vote was unanimous.

The Chair called on Ms. Susie Morris, Planning and Zoning Manager to present Text Amendments.

She said the first Text Amendment is to amend Chapter 16. The State, ISO and FEMA finally got together to figure out some language and it is right back where we started some months ago. We have decided to make a little modification of our own to that particular language which she will talk about in a minute.

The State has added a definition for map repository. We did not have a definition for that. It is saying that the official map repository for North Carolina, as a Technical Coordinating Partner

with the State, is the FRIS system that we have talked about and some of you have used to do research.

The other one, which was really the sticking point on our review with ISO, is on page 19. That is the one talking about the electrical, heating and ventilation. The mechanical must be elevated, and that is elevated to the Regulatory Flood Protection, which is BFE (Based Flood Elevation) plus two. If they cannot put it at BFE plus two, it has to be specifically designed to withstand flooding, not to the BFE, but to that Regulatory Flood Protection again, so to BFE plus two.

The ISO says, this supposedly gets us to a seven, but then they also asked if we were still doing some of the things from the last review, which is outside of the scope of our last review. We will see if we get a seven or if we stay at an eight.

Ms. Morris said those are the only changes to the Ordinance. If the Board remembers, back in the summer, we updated to 160D and to the Model Ordinance that they had at that time.

The other changes were typos that we found.

Chapter 1, Section 1-5, to correct the date from February 2, 1982 to February 1, 1982. The minutes from the meeting are specific that that is the date that we need to use.

Chapter 5, Section 5-7, Section B. Stream buffer and floodplain limitations, when we changed the flood plain ordinance from Chapter 15 to 16 that did not get captured in the update of the text.

Those are the amendments that she has. We went through and did the bulk of those changes that we needed to do with 160D. This is just some cleanup work, specifically related to us participating in the CRS Program.

Mr. Corley asked if the commercial storage facility item was allowed in the flood plain area before by definition?

Ms. Morris thinks it was not clear. We have had cases where people are storing cars in the flood plain. She thinks it is now interpreted to mean you cannot store cars, trucks, and other things in the floodplain if it is related to commercial. That it is specifically treated as a commercial use and would have to be permitted or elevated, even storage buildings related to that.

The Chair said we need to discuss the text amendments and build the record to recommend approval of the text amendments to the Board of Commissioners.

Mr. Paxton said it appears pretty cut and dry, typos are pretty common. The other is something that needs to be done and is a legal statute and we should follow in line.

Mr. Corley said important clarifications, and some inconsistencies, with some model ordinances he thinks is very important and he believes this clears it up and addresses some minor typos.

There being no further discussion, Mr. Brent Rockett **MOTIONED**, **SECONDED** by Mr. Andrew Nance, to recommend **Approval** of the text amendments to the Board of commissioners. The vote was unanimous.

Legal Update

Mr. David Goldberg, Deputy County Attorney, addressed the Board giving an update on the McClain RV case.

We have the Judgement against him. We have been in contact with Mr. McClain for the first time in a while. He has officially moved here to Cabarrus County. He is talking with us a little bit. Ms. Morris told Mr. Goldberg earlier today that we are not seeing any forward progress as far as him resolving the situation.

Mr. McClain says he wants to and that he gets it, but he is not showing it. We will show some level of flexibility if he works towards it but that has not happened so far. We are going to be moving towards the collection process, \$3,500 in Civil penalties he has accrued so far. Mr. Goldberg has also put in the bill of cost, so we can collect all the fees and filing costs that we have spent on that case so far, so we can minimize the cost to the County on that. There are couple of other things that we are going to try to do but eventually we may have to abate the violation ourselves and deal with that. Those are all options on the table as we go forward.

Directors Report

Ms. Susie Morris asked that the Board be sure to let Staff know 24 hours in advance if they are not going to be present for a meeting. We are working on getting a person for the Midland area, but right now we are in a bind when people are not here because we are down two positions plus then we have absences. It is important that we have a full complement of the Board for the Board of Adjustment cases because the Applicant can Table until the next meeting and that gets things backed up.

Ms. Morris is going to propose to the Board of Commissioners over the next couple of months that the Northwest position that is open becomes an at large position. Because of annexations by the City of Concord and Kannapolis, there is not a lot of unincorporated area left there. We want to try to staff up the Planning and Zoning Commission a little easier.

Ms. Morris introduced new staff member and Planner, Ms. Sandy Howell. She comes to us with ten years of direct experience in Planning and Zoning, a graduate of Appalachian State. She also has some other work experience that will be beneficial to us. She is in the role of Planner, presenting cases. One of her first priorities will be helping us get the APFO data base up to par, so that we know what is happening with development and the back side of it. Hopefully, at some

point, the WSACC tracking, and School tracking will marry up into one database that everyone has access to.

We are happy to have her here, and we are now fully staffed in Planning and Zoning.

There being no further discussion, Ms. Ingrid Nurse **MOTIONED**, **SECONDED** by Mr. Stephen Wise, to adjourn the meeting at 7:08 p.m. The vote was unanimous.

APPROYED BY: Mr. Adam Dagenh

SUBMITTED BY 16 pm

Arlena B. Roberts

ATTEST BY: C

Susie Morris, Planning and Zoning Manager

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BOOK	15781	
START PAGE	0274	
END PAGE	0278	Prepared by and Return to:
INSTRUMENT #	01299	
EXCISE TAX	\$0.00	David Goldberg
MKL		Deputy Cabarrus County Attorney

SCANNED AND RETURNED

Application Number CUSE2021-00007 PIN 5559-76-1541

COUNTY OF CABARRUS STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

ORDER GRANTING A SPECIAL USE PERMIT

The Planning and Zoning Commission and the Board of Adjustment for the County of Cabarrus, having held a public hearing on December 14, 2021 to consider application number CUSE2021-00007, submitted by Brian LaFranchi of Dewberry Engineers Inc., acting as agent for Aqua North Carolina Inc., and having heard all of the evidence and arguments presented at the hearing, makes the following findings of fact and draws the following conclusions:

- 1. The Board makes and adopts the Findings of Fact contained in the attached Exhibit 1.
- 2. The Board concludes that the proposed use satisfies the first General Standard listed in Section 8.3 of the Cabarrus County Zoning Ordinance ("Ordinance"); namely, that the use will promote the public health, safety and general welfare, if located where proposed and developed and operated according to the plan as submitted.
- 3. The Board concludes that the proposed use satisfies the second General Standard listed in the Ordinance; namely, that the use will maintain or enhance the value of contiguous property (unless the use is a public necessity, in which case the use need not do so).
- 4. The Board concludes that the proposed use satisfies the third General Standard listed in the Ordinance; namely, the use does not adversely affect the adequacy of sewage disposal facilities, solid waste and water, police, fire and rescue, equal protection, schools, transportation systems

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(in and around the site) and other public facilities.

- 5. The Board concludes that the proposed use satisfies the fourth General Standard listed in the Ordinance; namely, the use complies with the general plans for the physical development of the County as embodied in the Ordinance or the Land Use Plans adopted by the Cabarrus County Board of County Commissioners.
- 6. The Board concludes that the proposed use satisfies the specific standards listed in the Ordinance for a public service facility.

Therefore, because the Board concludes that all of the general and specific conditions precedent to the issuance of a SPECIAL USE PERMIT have been satisfied, it is ORDERED that the application for the issuance of a SPECIAL USE PERMIT be GRANTED, subject to the conditions listed in Exhibit 2 and the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. The applicant shall follow all the applicable specific requirements in the Ordinance and must develop the property per the site plan submitted and approved. If any of the conditions shall be held invalid, this permit shall become void and of no effect.

Ordered this 11th day of January 2022, nunc pro tunc to December 14, 2021.

Abam Dagenhart Chair of the Cabarrus County Planning and Zoning Commission Sitting as the Board of Adjustment

I Arlena B. Roberts, Notary for Cabarrus County, North Carolina, certify that Adam Oagenhart, Chair of the Cabarrus Planning and Zoning Commission, appeared before meaning the state of the

foregoing document.

Arlena B. Roberts, Notary Public 2022 My Commission expires MULCh



NOTE: If you disagree with the decision of this Board, you may file an appeal in the Superior Court of Cabarrus County within thirty (30) days after the date of this order. See Section 12-25 of the Ordinance.

EXHIBIT 1

FINDINGS OF FACT Special Use Permit Application Brian LaFranchi of Dewberry Engineers Inc., acting as agent for Aqua North Carolina Inc. CUSE2021-00007

- The use as proposed maintains or enhances the public health, safety, and general welfare if located where proposed, developed, and operated according to the plan as submitted. This is because proposed filtration system will remove radionuclides from the existing public drinking water supply provided by an existing community well on the site. This will improve the public's health, safety, and general welfare. The Board also adopts as finding the assertions of the applicant in this section of it project narrative and statement of compliance.
- The use as proposed is not required to maintain or enhance the value of the contiguous property because it is part of a water supply system, which is a public necessity. The Board also adopts as findings the assertions of the applicant in this section of its project narrative and statement of compliance.
- 3. The use as proposed does not adversely affect the adequacy of sewage disposal facilities, solid waste and water, police, fire and rescue, equal protection, schools, transportation systems (in and around the site) and other public facilities because the proposed building will be uninhabited and will support the existing water supply facility. The Board also adopts as findings the assertions of the applicant in this section of its project narrative and statement of compliance.
- 4. The use as proposed will follow the general plans for the physical development of the County as embodied in the Cabarrus County Development Ordinance or in the Land Use Plans adopted by the Cabarrus County Board of Commissioners because the proposed building supports the property's current use for community water supply, which provides essential public services to the County. The Board also adopts as findings the assertions of the applicant in this section of its project narrative and statement of compliance.
- 5. The use as proposed use satisfies the specific standards listed in the Ordinance for a public service facility for the following reasons:
 - a. The property is in a Countryside Residential (CR) zone, which is eligible for special use as a public service facility.
 - b. The applicant has submitted plans and elevations for all proposed structures and descriptions of the color and nature of all exterior materials as part of the SUP plan package and in the report produced by Dewberry Engineers (nc., report dated July 2021.
 - c. The applicant has submitted a landscape plan (same scale as site plan) showing existing and proposed trees, shrubs, ground cover and all other landscape material as part of its SUP plan package.
 - d. The applicant has submitted an emergency plan showing how possible spills, explosions, etc. would be handled as part of the SUP plan package.

- e. The use as proposed will comply with county ordinances governing noise levels because the propose building will house water filtration equipment, which will not create any unreasonable loud, disturbing, and unnecessary noise of such character as would be a detriment to public health, comfort, safety, welfare, and prosperity of the residents of the county.
- f. The proposed building's lighting will be shielded to prevent light and glare spill-over on to any adjacent residentially used or zoned properties, if such exist, because no exterior lighting is proposed within the proposed use.
- g. The use as proposed use abuts residential property and will comply with the requirement to implement a Level Two buffer because a 30' Level 2 landscaping buffer is currently on the site. The submitted landscaping plan shows such buffer.
- h. There are no proposed storage areas associated with the proposed use. All structures and storage areas are within the existing landscaping buffer.

EXHIBIT 2 CONDITIONS CUSE2021-00007

- 1. Site plan review and approval is required subsequent to Board of Adjustment approval in order to ensure compliance with all applicable development requirements and conditions.
- 2. A granting order, stating restrictions and applicable conditions of approval, shall be recorded with the deed of the property.
- 3. The applicant shall procure any and all applicable federal, state, and local permits prior to commencement of the project.
- 4. Expansion of this project, as well as modifications or changes to the approved site plan, must receive Board of Adjustment approval in the form of an amendment to the Conditional Use Permit.
- 5. Applicant must submit proof of legal right of access to the subject property, such as an easement.

PLANNING STAFF REPORT CABARRUS COUNTY PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION 12/14/2021

Staff Use Only:Approved:Denied:Tabled

Conditional Use Permit: CUSE2021-00007		
Applicant Information:	Brian LaFranchi / Dewberry 9300 Harris Corners Parkway Suite 200 Charlotte, NC 28269	
Owner Information:	Aqua North Carolina, Inc 202 Mackenan Drive Cary, NC 27511	
PIN#:	5559-76-1541	
Area in Acres:	± 1.12 ac	
Purpose of Request:	The purpose of this request is to install a new filtration system for the existing community well located on the site. A new building to house and protect the system will be constructed. Additional concrete will also be added for access. The use is permitted with the issuance of a conditional use permit in the Countryside Residential (CR) zoning district.	
Site Description:	The site currently supports an existing community well owned and operated by Aqua North Carolina. Most of the site is wooded and vacant. The site is accessed from Byfield Drive via a private access easement across 2730 Byfield Drive. The subject property is described as the original well lot for the Cold Springs subdivision recorded in 1993. According to the recorded plat, a 20-foot-wide drainage easement traverses the west side of the subject property.	
Current Land Uses:	Public Service Facility (Community Well for Cold Springs Subdivision)	
Adjacent Land Uses:	North – Vacant/Institutional East – Residential South – Residential West – Residential	
Permitted Uses:	All uses permitted within the CR zoning district are currently allowed on the subject property. However, the subject property is dedicated as the well lot for the Cold Springs Subdivision.	

Existing Zoning:	CR (Countryside Residential)
Surrounding Zoning:	North: CR (Countryside Residential) East: CR (Countryside Residential) South: CR (Countryside Residential) West: CR (Countryside Residential)
Signs Posted:	11/17/2021
Newspaper Notification:	12/1/2021
Newspaper Notification 2:	12/8/2021
Notification Letters:	11/22/2021

Exhibits

- A. Staff Report
- B. Special Use Permit Application
- C. Staff Maps
- D. Site Plan
- E. Surrounding Property Owner Information
- F. Deed and Plat
- G. Neighborhood Meeting Minutes

Agency Review Comments

Planning Review:

Staff Report. Phillip Collins, Senior Planner Cabarrus County

NCDOT Review:

We have no issues with the proposed; however, Byfield Drive (location of the access) is not an NCDOT maintained roadway. Aqua NC would not be required to obtain anything from us for this project. Marc Morgan, NCDOT

Fire Marshal Review:

Approved. Doug Steele, Assistant County Fire Marshal

EMS Review:

No comments. Justin Brines, Cabarrus County EMS Deputy Chief

Sheriff's Office Review:

No comments. Ray Gilleland, Cabarrus County Sheriff's Lieutenant

Soil and Water Review:

No comments. Tammi Remsburg, Cabarrus County Resource Conservation Manager

Health Review:

No comment. Chrystal Swinger, Cabarrus Health Alliance

Erosion Review: Approved

No comment. Chris Graybeal, NCDENR

History / Other Information

- 1. The applicant has provided documentation compliant with Section 8-3 of the Cabarrus County Zoning Ordinance, petitioning for a Conditional Use.
- 2. The applicant has submitted a complete application.
- 3. The subject property is approximately 1.12 acres in size.
- 4. The subject property is currently occupied by an existing community well facility. The applicant is proposing to add a filtration system with a building to house it.
- 5. The application states that approximately 190 SF will need to be cleared on the site for the new system. The rest of the site will remain in its current state.
- 6. A public drainage easement traverses the western side of the subject property and the applicant is providing buffering for it.
- 7. The subject property is located within the boundaries of the Eastern Area Plan and is designated as Open Space.

Conditions of Approval

Should the Board of Adjustment grant approval of the Special Use Permit, Staff requests the following conditions become part of the approval and case record:

- 1. Site plan review and approval is required subsequent to Board of Adjustment approval in order to ensure compliance with all applicable development requirements and conditions. (Zoning)
- 2. A granting order, stating restrictions and applicable conditions of approval, shall be recorded with the deed of the property. (Zoning)

- 3. The applicant shall procure any and all applicable federal, state, and local permits prior to commencement of the project. (Zoning)
- 4. Expansion of this project, as well as modifications or changes to the approved site plan, must receive Board of Adjustment approval in the form of an amendment to the Conditional Use Permit. (Zoning)

STAFF USE ONLY:



SPECIAL USE PERMIT APPLICATION

Application/Accela#:	
Reviewed by:	
Date:	
Amount Paid:	

INSTRUCTIONS/PROCEDURES:

1. Schedule a pre-application meeting with Staff to discuss the procedures and requirements for a Special Use Permit request.

Date of Pre-Application Meeting: ____11/4/2021___ Staff Facilitator(s):____Susie Morris, Phillip Collins_____

- 2. Submit a complete application to the Planning Division. All applications must include the following:
 - Cabarrus County Land Records printout of all adjacent property owners. This includes properties located across the right-of-way and all on-site easement holders. The list must include owner name, address, and Parcel Identification Number.
 - > A recent survey or legal description of the property.
 - > Copies of the proposed site plan (number to be determined at pre-application meeting).
 - Any additional documents essential for the application to be considered complete. (Determined at pre-application meeting)
- 3. Submit cash, check, or money order made payable to Cabarrus County.
 - Fees: Special Use Permit \$650.00 (includes first acre) +\$15.00 per acre
 - (Plus the cost of advertising and engineering fees if applicable)
 - (if a 3rd submittal is required, an additional review fee will be assessed)

The deadline for submittal is always the same day as the Planning and Zoning Commission Meeting which is the second Tuesday of the month. Applications must be submitted before 2:00 PM that day for consideration on the next available agenda.

Incomplete applications will be returned to the applicant and will not be processed.

PROCESS SUMMARY:

- 1. Hold a pre-application meeting with Staff to discuss your Special Use Permit request and the Special Use Permit process.
- 2. Submit a complete application with the appropriate fees to the Cabarrus County Planning Division.

Staff and appropriate agents will review your complete application and site plan and comments will be forwarded to you. You will need to address the comments in writing, revise the site plan accordingly and resubmit a site plan showing that all comments are addressed, and errors corrected.

- 3. Once advised that the site plan is correct and ready to be presented to the Board of Adjustment, you will need to submit folded copies of the site plan (number determined by staff).
- 4. When the copies of the plan are received, Staff will begin to prepare a staff report, schedule a public meeting date, and notify adjacent property owners of the public meeting/public hearing date. A sign advertising the public hearing will also be placed on the property being considered for the Special Use Permit.

Meeting Information: Meetings are held the second Tuesday of each month at 6:30 PM in the Cabarrus County Governmental Center located in downtown Concord at 65 Church Street, SE.

Special Use Permit: Special Use Permits are considered by the Board of Adjustment during a quasi-judicial hearing. This means that anyone wishing to speak regarding the application must be sworn in. The vote requirement for the Special Use Permit to pass is a simple majority. Additional conditions may be added as part of the Special Use Permit approval process.

Questions: Any questions related to the Special Use Permit process may be directed to the Planning Division at 704-920-2141, between 8 AM and 5 PM, Monday through Friday.

TO THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT:

I HEREBY PETITION THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT TO GRANT THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR THE AUTHORITY TO ISSUE A SPECIAL USE PERMIT FOR THE USE OF THE PROPERTY AS DESCRIBED BELOW.

APPLICANT Brian LaFranchi	PROPERTY OWNER Aqua North Carolina Inc.		
9300 Harris Corners Parkway, Suite 220	NAME 202 Mackenan Dr		
ADDRESS Charlotte, NC, 28269	ADDRESS Cary, NC 27511		
CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE 704-631-5206	CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE 704-704-3315		
PHONE NUMBER 704-509-9937	PHONE NUMBER		
FAX NUMBER blafranchi@dewberry.com	FAX NUMBER mamelton@aquaamerica.com		
E-MAIL ADDRESS	E-MAIL ADDRESS		
PARCEL INFORMATION: Existing Use of Property	_Well Lot		
Proposed Use of Property	_Well Lot		
Existing Zoning	_CR		
Property Location	5309 Historic Spring Drive Concord, NC 28205		
Property Acreage	_1.12 AC		
Parcel Number (PIN)	_09-001-0002.10		

LAND USE OF ADJACENT PROPERTIES:

NORTH	_Church	SOUTH	_Reside	ential
EAST	_Residential	W	'EST	_Residential

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

The Zoning Ordinance imposes the following general requirements on the use requested by the applicant. Under each requirement, the applicant should explain, with reference to the attached plans (when applicable) how the proposed use satisfies these requirements.

1. The Board must find that the uses(s) as proposed "are not detrimental to the public health, safety or general welfare."

The proposed filtration system will remove radionuclides from the public drinking water supply, which

will improve the public's health, safety and general welfare.

2. The Board must find that the use(s) as proposed "are appropriately located with respect to transportation facilities, water supply, fire and police protection, waste disposal, etc."

The well and filtration building is centrally located in a residential area and is located close to all of these functions.

3. The Board must find that the use(s) as proposed "will not violate neighborhood character nor adversely affect surrounding land uses."

The proposed filtration building only requires the removal of 190 SF of existing trees, as seen on sheet C-02. The rest of the site will stay in the existing condition and will not adversely affect the surrounding residential area.

4. The Board must find that the use(s) as proposed "will comply with the general plans for the physical development of the County or Town, as embodied in the Zoning Ordinance or in the area development plans that have been adopted."

The zoning of the parcel is not changing. The expanded filtration system building will help treat the water for the community and will not impede on the County's physical development plans.

SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS:

The Zoning Ordinance also imposes SPECIFIC REQUREMENTS on the use(s) requested by the applicant. The applicant should be prepared to demonstrate that, if the land is used in a manner consistent with the plans, specifications, and other information presented to the Board, the proposed use(s) will comply with specific requirements concerning the following:

Nature of use (type, number of units, and/or area): Well lot for a water filtration system building.

SETBACK PROVISION Principle Use:	<u>NS:</u>		
Front:50'	Side yard Single: _20'	Side yard Total: _40'	Rear: _30'
Accessory Use:			
Front:	Side yard Single:	Side yard Total:	Rear:
Height provisions:	Principle Use: _40'	Accessory Use:	
	nd loading provisions: (include	-	
• ·	ude sketch drawing with dime	-	
	ning landscaping and buffering scape of a hardwood forest is		
There is an existi	Ilar circulation and access to sing gravel driveway that conr	nects to Byfield Drive. No NO	· · ·
to handle storm wat The proposed bui	design for grades, paved curbs ers, prevent erosion, subdue o Iding is in a relatively flat area irea of woods	dust: a and the grade will tie in the	
	t and safe location of play area f residential property:	as for children and other recre	eational uses according to

Compliance with applicable overlay zones: (see Chapter 4 of Zoning Ordinance)

The parcel is in the Manufactured Home Overlay 2 (MH-2). The proposed use of the parcel does not include any residential dwellings, so the design and installation requirements for the MH-2 overlay do not apply.

Compliance with the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance: (see Chapter 16)

The parcel is not located in a special flood zone.

Other requirements may be requested by the applicant or specified by the Board for protection of the public health, safety, welfare, and convenience:

PREDEFINED STANDARDS:

Each individual Special Use listed in the Zoning Ordinance may have specific standards imposed. Refer to Chapter 8, the Special Use section of the Zoning Ordinance for these requirements. Each standard should be addressed in the site plan submitted along with this application.

CERTIFICATION:

I hereby confirm that the information contained herein and herewith is true and correct and that this application shall not be scheduled for official consideration until all the required contents have been submitted to the Planning and Development Department.

Signature	of Applicant	
0.0	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

Date:

Lindsay L Miz

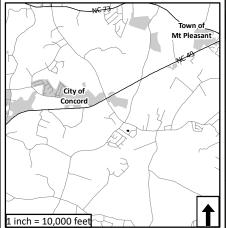
Signature of Owner

Date: 11/9/2021

LINDSAY L. MIZE, AQUA PROJECT ENG. II SIGNING FOR MICHAEL A. MELTON DUE TO MICHAEL A. MELTON BEING OUT OF THE OFFICE FOR A WORKER'S COMP INJURY.

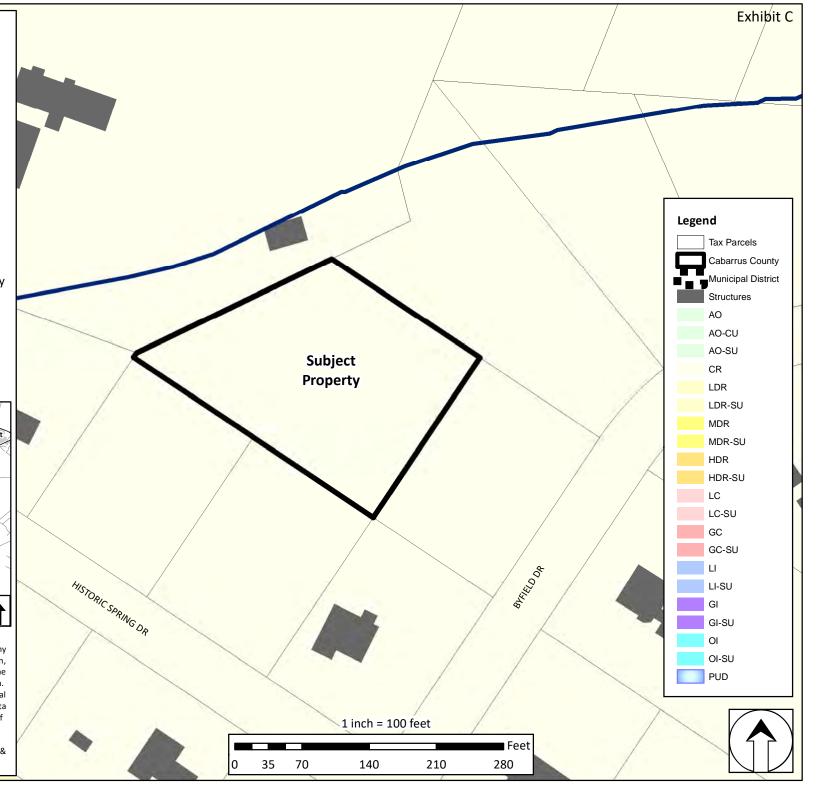


Applicant: Brian LaFranchi, Dewberry Owner: Aqua North Carolina, Inc. Case: CUSE2021-00007 Address: 5309 Historic Spring Dr Purpose: Replacement of Wellhouse PIN: 5559-76-1541



Cabarrus County shall not be held liable for any errors in this data. This includes errors of omisssion, commission, errors concerning the content of the data, and relative and positional accuracy of the data. These data cannot be construed to be a legal document. Primary sources from which these data were compiled must be consulted for verification of information contained within the data.

Map Prepared by Cabarrus County Planning & Development - December 2021

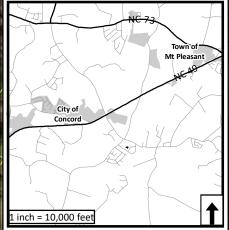


Eastern Planning Area Aerial Map



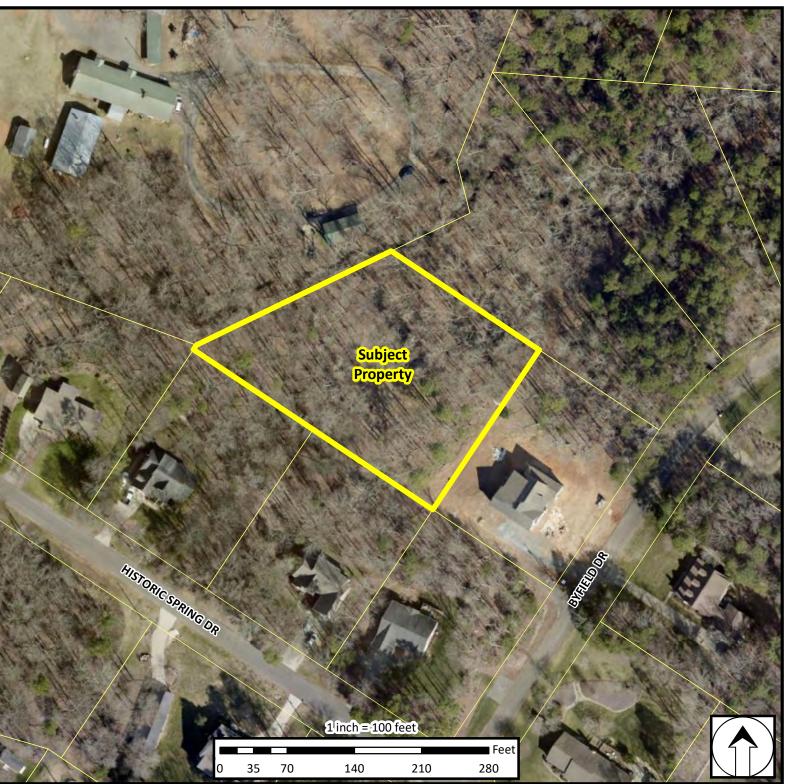
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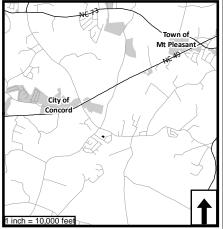
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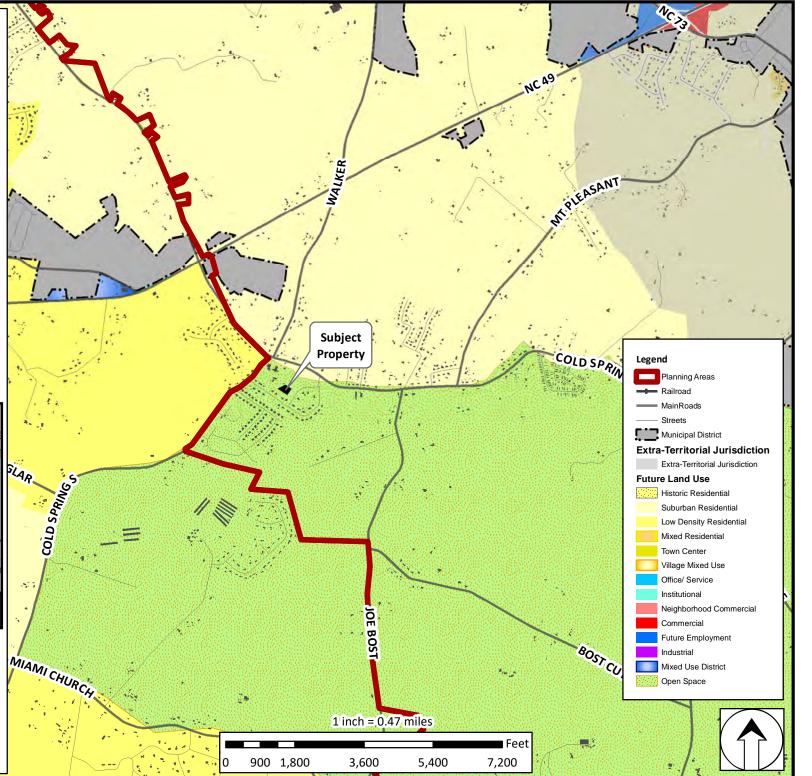


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Map Prepared by Cabarrus County Planning & Development - December 2021



AQUA NORTH CAROLINA RADIUM REMOVAL TREATMENT SYSTEM FIELDSTONE WELL #1 **JULY 2021** DEWBERRY PROJECT NO: 50140313

PROJECT	INFORMATION	
LANDOWNER	AQUA NORTH CAROLINA 202 MACKENAN COURT CARY, NC 27511 PH: 919.653.6975	
ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR	DEWBERRY ENGINEERS INC. 9300 HARRIS CORNERS PKWY., SUITE 220 CHARLOTTE, NC 28269 PH: 704.509.9918	
EXISTING USE	WELL LOT	
PROPOSED USE	WELL LOT	
EXISTING BUILDING	73 SF	
PROPOSED BUILDING	469 SF	
SITE ZONING	CR	
TOTAL ACREAGE	1.12 AC	
ACREAGE OF LAND TO BE DISTURBED/EXPOSED	0.09 AC	
IMPERVIOUS LIMIT %	20%	
EXISTING IMPERVIOUS AREA	0.071 AC	
EXISTING IMPERVIOUS AREA %	6.34%	
PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS AREA	0.017 AC	
PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS %	1.51%	
DEED BOOK AND PAGE NUMBER	DB 8740 PG 0338	
PARCEL NUMBER	09-001-0002.10	
RIVER BASIN	YADKIN-PEEDEE	
	GS WATER SYSTEM (NC 01-13-232)	
FIELDSTONE WELL NO. 1 ADDRESS 2738 BYFIELD DRIVE CONCORD, NC 28205		
INDEX OF DRAWINGS:		
C-02 SITE AND GRA C-03 PIPING PLAN A C-04 EROSION AND C-05 STANDARD DE	SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN DING PLAN ND SECTION SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS	
C-06 SURVEY MAP L-01 LANDSCAPE PLAN		
S-01 GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES AND DETAILS S-02 STRUCTURAL PLANS AND DETAILS		
E-0 ELECTRICAL L	EGEND, ABBREVIATIONS & GENERAL NOT	

ELECTRICAL LEGEND, ABBREVIATIONS & GENERAL NOTES E-0

ELECTRICAL PLANS E-1 E-2 ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES & SINGLE LINES

ELECTRICAL CONDUIT & WIRE DIAGRAMS & DETAILS E-3

ME SET ADEDGE TREATMENT SYSTEM DRAWINGS (BY OTHERS)

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:

1. HOLD PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING

2. NO WORK SHALL COMMENCE UNTIL ALL PERMITS ARE OBTAINED AND NOTICE-TO-PROCEED IS GRANTED.

NOTIFY NC ONE-CALL TO FIELD LOCATE UTILITIES.

4. STAKE THE PROPOSED SITE LAYOUT, MARK LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE, AND INSTALL TREE PROTECTION MEASURES AS NECESSARY

5. PROVIDE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES.

6. CONTRACTOR MAY STAGE MATERIALS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

WASH WHEELS AS NEEDED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM ENTERING PAVED ROADS OFF-SITE.

8. WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE GRADE STAGING AREA BACK TO ORIGINAL CONDITION AND SEED AND STRAW.

REMOVE ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AFTER CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE, VEGETATION HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED AND UPON APPROVAL FROM AQUA NORTH CAROLINA

PRESIDENT

SHANNON BECKER

ENGINEERING MANAGER

MICHAEL MELTON

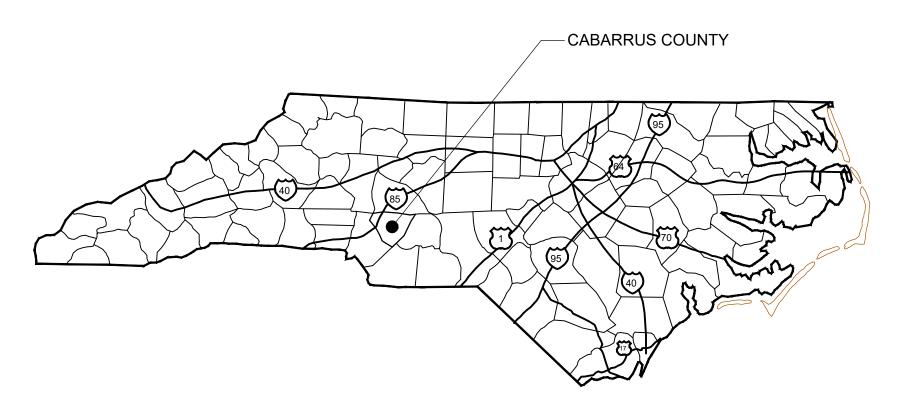




Exhibit D



9300 HARRIS CORNERS PKV

HARLOTTE, NC 2826 HONE: 704.509.9918 AX: 704.509.993

SUITE 220

Dewberry Engineers Inc.

GENERAL NOTES:

1. PERFORM WORK BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 7:00 AM TO 5:00 PM

2. PROVIDE TRAFFIC AND PEDESTRIAN CONTROL.

3. PROVIDE ALL BARRICADES, SIGNS, ETC. TO PROTECT AND SECURE CONSTRUCTION AREA, EQUIPMENT, AND MATERIALS FROM THE PUBLIC.

4. PROVIDE A COMPLETE SET OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AS WELL AS ALL APPROVALS AND EASEMENT PLATS ON THE JOB SITE AT ALL TIMES.

5. PROVIDE ALL LAYOUT WORK REQUIRED TO PROPERLY CONSTRUCT THE WORK.

6. PROVIDE AND TEST WATER MAINS PER AQUA NORTH CAROLINA STANDARDS.

ALL EXISTING UTILITIES HAVE BEEN LOCATED FROM THE INFORMATION AVAILABLE. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ACCURATELY LOCATE BOTH HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION (ONE CALL CENTER 1-800-632-4949). COST TO REPAIR DAMAGED UTILITIES SHALL BE BORNE BY THE CONTRACTOR

8. MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO SAVE PROPERTY IRONS, MONUMENTS, OTHER PERMANENT POINTS AND LINES OF REFERENCE AND CONSTRUCTION STAKES PROPERTY IRONS MONUMENTS AND OTHER PERMANENT POINTS OF REFERENCE DAMAGED DURING WORK SHALL BE REPLACED BY A LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR AT THE CONTRACTOR'S

9. REPAIR ALL DRIVEWAYS AND DRIVEWAY PIPES, PAVED OR UNPAVED CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER AND SIDEWALKS TO EXISTING OR BETTER CONDITIONS IF DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION. 10. PROVIDE MEASURES AS NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL

11. PROTECT AND RELOCATE EXISTING UTILITIES (INCLUDING EXISTING WATER MAINS. PRIVATE OR PUBLIC) IF REQUIRED DURING INSTALLATION OF NEW WORK. THERE WILL BE NO ADDITIONAL OR SEPARATE PAY ITEM FOR THIS WORK.

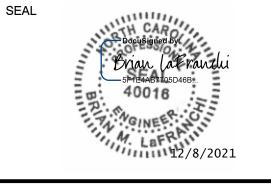
12. RESTORE/REPLACE ALL SIGNS, MAILBOXES, LANE STRIPING, TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, ETC. ENCOUNTERED. 13. RESTORE THE DISTURBED AREA TO THE EXISTING GRADE SO AS NOT TO CHANGE DRAINAGE PATTERNS OR CREATE POCKET WETLANDS OF PONDING WATER UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE ON THE DRAWINGS 14. TOTAL DISTURBED AREA IS 0.09 ACRES.

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY NOTES:

1. THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY IS BASED ON SURVEY PERFORMED BY DEWBERRY ENGINEERS INC. ON JUNE 1, 2021. 2. NORTH ARROW IS GRID NORTH AND ALL DISTANCES ARE GROUND DISTANCES.

3. LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES SHOWN ON THIS SURVEY WERE DETERMINED BY OBSERVED EVIDENCE, LOCATION OF ABOVE GROUND UTILITY APPURTENANCES, AND UTILITY MARKINGS (PAINT, ETC.) PROVIDED BY AQUA NC AND NC 811. THESE MARKINGS WERE OBSERVED DURING THE COURSE OF THIS SURVEY, WERE FIELD LOCATED, ARE SHOWN FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES, AND SHOULD BE FIELD VERIFIED IF CRITICAL. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES NOT SHOW, MAY

RADIUM REMOVAL TREATMENT SYSTEM FIELDSTONE WELL #1 AQUA NORTH CAROLINA 202 MACKENAN DR	CARY. NC 27511
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SCALE

2	12/08/21	PMW	AGENCY	COMMENTS
1	11/08/21	PMW	รเ	JP
No.	DATE	BY	Descrip	tion
REVISIONS				
DRAWN BY ZKM				

APPROVED BY	BML
CHECKED BY	ТММ
DATE	JULY 28, 2021

TITLE

TITLE SHEET

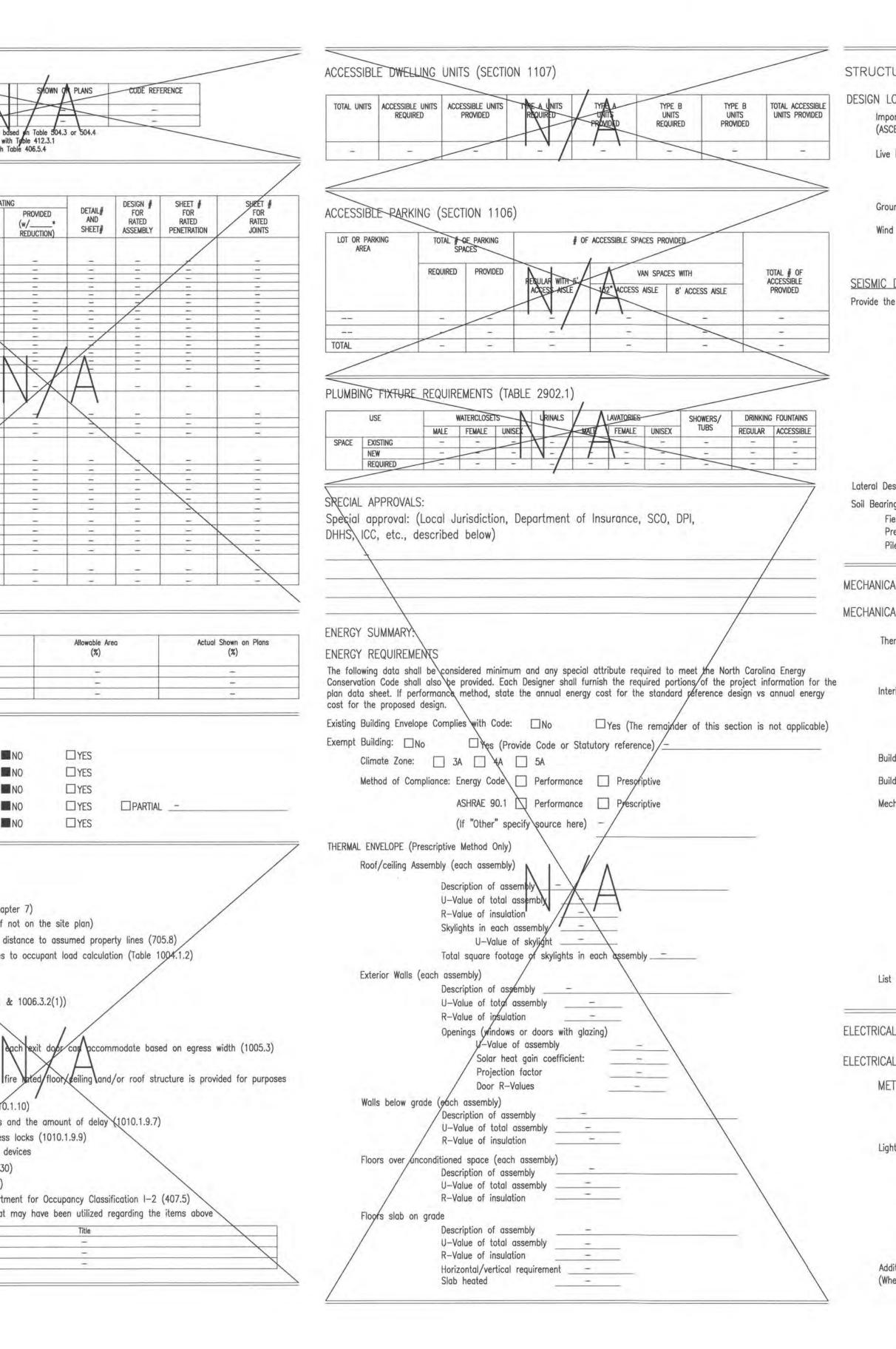
PROJECT NO.

50140313

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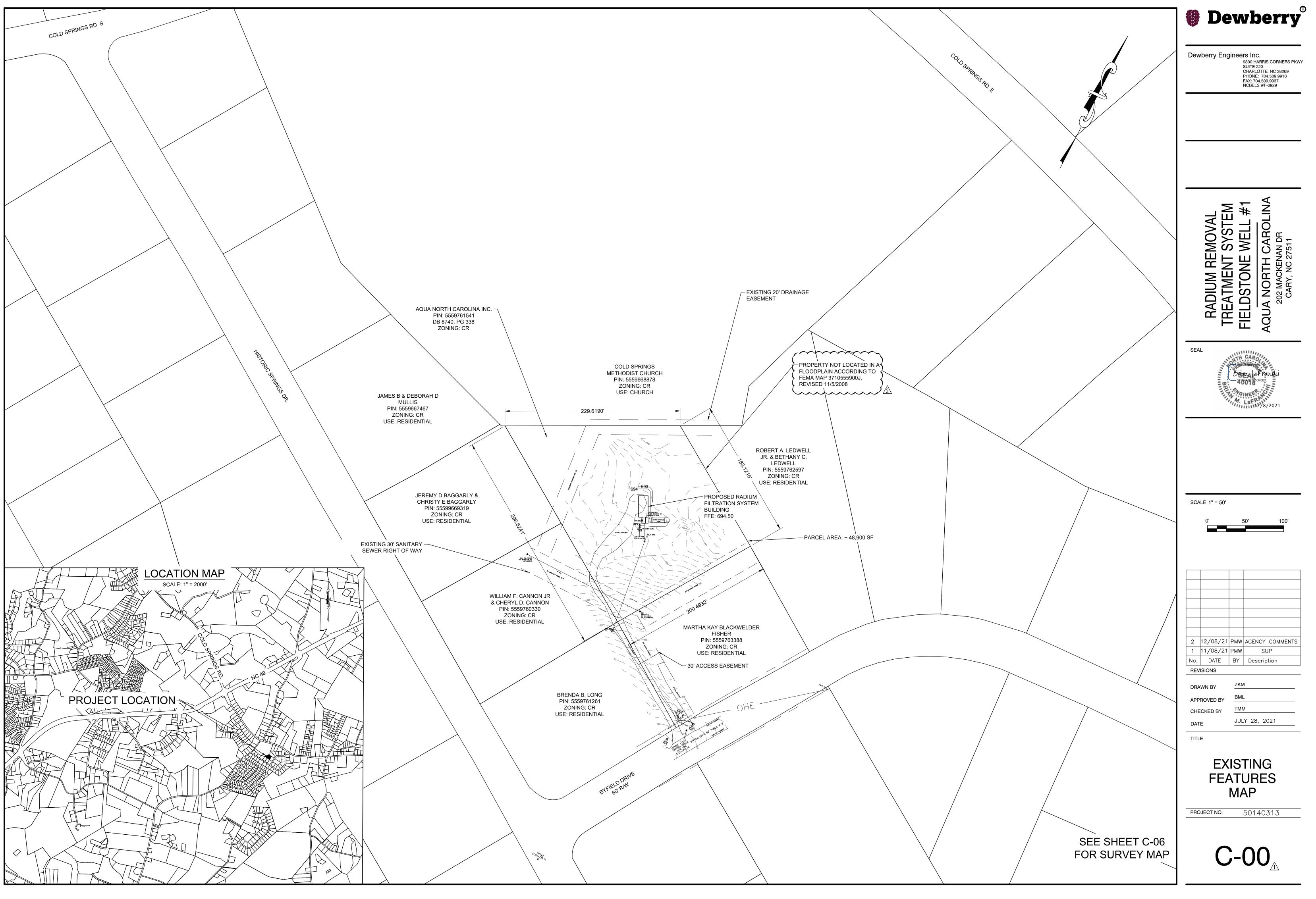
DocuSign Envelope ID: 51E9DF6C-509D-4755-838C-FA8DA98A34C5
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Name of Project: RAD Address: 5309 HIST	NUM REMOVAL SYS	STEM - FIELDSTONE	COLD SPRIN	NGS WELL #1 Zip Code	28205	ALLOWABLE HEIGHT		
Owner/Authorized Agent	t: AQUA NORTH CA	AROLINA Phone #(919) 653-697	75 Email MAME	ELTON@AQUAAMERICA.COM			ALLOWABLA
Owned By: <u>AQUA NO</u> Code Enforcement Juris	RTH CAROLINA_ sdiction:	City/County	ivate ounty CABARF	RUS State		Building Height in Feet (Table 50 Building Height in Stories (Table 1. Provide code reference if the 2. The maximum height of open 3. The maximum height of open	504.4)	quantity is not
CONTACT:	FIRM	NAME	LICENSE #	TELEPHONE #	EMAIL			nust comply with
Architectural Civil Electrical	DEWBERRY ENGINEERS			(704) 680-8860 (704) 631-5207	BLAFRANCHI@DEWBERRY.COM BWHELAN@DEWBERRY.COM	FIRE PROTECTION REC		RA
Fire Alarm Plumbing Mechanical						BUILDING ELEMENT	FIRE SEPARATION DISTANCE (FEET)	REQUIRED
Sprinkler/Standpipe Structural Retain wall>5'high	DEWBERRY ENGINEERS	INC. ANTHONY MILLER	036317	- (704) 264-1248	- ADMILLER@DEWBERRY.COM	Structural Frame, including columns, girders trusses	-	-
Other						Bearing Walls Exterior North East	1-	
2018 NC BUILDING COL		uction A Aterior Completion S	ddition	Renovatio Phased (on Construction - Shell/Core	West South Interior Non-Bearing Walls and Partitions		
2018 NC EXISTING BUIL	LDING CODE:	Prescriptive 🗌 R		Chapter		Exterior North East	111	-
	100000 tians	Level 1 🛛 🗌 L Historic Property	evel II	Level III	of Use	West South Interior walls and partitions		
CONSTRUCTED: (da			C			Floor Construction Including supporting bearns and joists	_	. U
RENOVATED: (date) RISK CATEGORY (Table	1	- PROPOSED OCCUPAN	CY(S) Ch. 3:-			Floor Ceiling Assembly Columns Supporting Floors Roof Construction	-	=/
THE PRESENT (TODIC						Including supporting beams and joists Roof Ceiling Assembly	-/	-
BASIC BUILDIN	IG DATA:					Columns Supporting Roof Shaft Enclosures – Exit Shaft Enclosures – Other	1-	-
Construction Type	e: 🗆 I – A 🛛	II−A □III−A II−B □III−B	□ IV	□V-A ■V-B		Corridor Separation Occupancy\Fire Barrier Separation Party/Fire Wall Separation		
Sprinklers:	No No	□Partial □Yes		13 🗆 NFPA	13R INFPA 13D	Smoke Barrier Separation Smoke Partition Tenant/Dwelling Unit/Sleeping Unit	-	
Standpipes: Fire District:	□ No	□Yes Class ■Yes (Primary)]∥ □III od Hazard Ar	□Wet □Dry rea:■No □Yes	Separation Incidental Use Separation * Indicate section number permittin		-
Special Inspection	ns Required:	No Yes				Percentage of Wall O	pening Calc	ulations
GROSS BUILDI FLOOR	EXISTING	NEW	RENO/ALTE		-TOTAL	Fire Seperation Distance (Feet) From	Degree Pr	of Openings otection le 705.8)
9th Floor	(SQ FT)	0	(SQ. FT.)	(SQ	. FT.)	Property Lines — —	(100	- -
8th Floor 7th Floor 6th Floor	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0		0 0 0	-		
5th Floor 4th Floor 3rd Floor	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0		0 0 0	LIFE SAFETY SYSTEM:		
2nd Floor 1st Floor	0 175	0	0		0	Emergency Lightin	ng:	
Basement	0	287	0		462	Exit Signs:	5	
TOTAL	0 175	0 287	0 0 0			Exit Signs: Fire Alarm:		
ALLOWABLE AR	175 REA:	0	0		462 0	Exit Signs:	Systems:	
TOTAL ALLOWABLE AR Primary Occupancy Clas Assembly Business Educational Factory Hazardous Institutional Institutional Mercantile Residential Storage Utility and Misc Accessory Occupancy Incidental Uses (Chapter Special Uses (Chapter Special Provisions (Cha Mixed Occupancy: Non-Separated The required ty height and are building. The entire building. See below for For each story	175 REA: assification(s): $A-1 \Box A-2 \Box$ $F-1$ Moderate $H-1$ Detonate \Box $I-1$ Condition \Box $I-2$ Condition \Box $I-2$ Condition \Box $I-3$ Condition \Box $I-3$ Condition \Box $I-4$ $R-1$ \Box $R-2$ \Box $S-1$ Moderate Parking Garage cellaneous \Box Classification(s): 509): 4 - List Code Section opter 5 - List Code S I Use (508.3) ype of construction for each most restrictive type (508.4) area calculations A the area of the occ	0 287 A-3 A-4 C F-2 Low H-2 Deflagrate 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 A-4 R-3 R-4 S-2 Low H Open E	O O O H-3 Com D 4 High-piled Inclosed 	hbust 🗆 H-4	462 0 462 Health □ H-5 HPM	Exit Signs: Fire Alarm: Smoke Detection	Systems: Detection: EQUIREMEN #: a rated wall lo property line has area with or each area distances (10 travel distances (1020.4) or each exit d occupant lo ad for each exit d occupant lo ad for each exit atic plan indice ration with panic ha with delayed with electrome equipped with ency escape we e of each fire e of each sm ception or tab	cations (Ch locations (ii respect to as it relate 17) s (1906.2.1 door ad capacity exit door ating where rdware (101 egress locks ognetic egre hold-open indows (10, area (202) oke compar
TOTAL ALLOWABLE AR Primary Occupancy Class Assembly Business Cducational Factory Hazardous Institutional Institutional Nercantile Residential Storage Utility and Misc Accessory Occupancy Incidental Uses (Table Special Uses (Chapter Special Us	175 REA: assification(s): A-1 A-2 I-1 Condition I-2 Condition I-3 Condition I-4 R-1 R-2 S-1 Moderate Parking Garage cellaneous Classification(s): - S-1 Moderate Parking Garage cellaneous Classification(s): - S-1 Moderate Parking Garage cellaneous Classification(s): - Solo): Solo:	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	O O O H-3 Com I A-5 H-3 Com I 4 A Aligh-piled Inclosed I A termined by concises to the optimized I A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	bust □ H-4 □ 5 □ Repair Ge HR. Except applying the entire oply to the the rations of each use shall incy B pancy B ≤	462 0 462	Exit Signs: Fire Alarm: Smoke Detection Carbon Monoxide LIFE SAFETY PLAN R Life Safety Plan Sheet Fire and or smoke Assumed and real Exterior wall openi Occupancy types f Occupant loads for Exit access travel Common path of f Dead end lengths Clear exit widths f Maximum calculate Actual occupant loads Clear exit widths f Maximum calculate Actual occupant loads Location of doors Location of doors Location of doors Location of doors Location of doors Cleation of doors Cleation of doors Contin of doors Contin of doors Cotopancy seperation Cotopancy seperation	Systems: Detection: EQUIREMEN #: a rated wall lo property line has area with or each area distances (10 travel distances (1020.4) or each exit d occupant lo ad for each exit d occupant lo ad for each exit atic plan indice ration with panic ha with delayed with electrome equipped with ency escape we e of each fire e of each sm ception or tab	cations (Ch locations (ii respect to as it relate 17) s (1906.2.1 door ad capacity exit door ating where rdware (101 egress locks ognetic egre hold-open indows (10, area (202) oke compar



		Dewberry Engineers Inc. 9300 HARRIS CORNERS PK
STRUCTURAL DESIGN (PROVIDE ON THE STRUCTURAL SHEETS IF APPLICABLE)	SUITE 220 CHARLOTTE, NC 28269 PHONE: 704.509.9918
DESIGN LOADS: Importance Factors: (ASCE 7-10)	Snow (Is): <u>1.0</u> Seismic (Ie): <u>1.0</u>	FAX: 704.509.9937 NCBELS #F-0929
Live Loads:	Roof: <u>20</u> psf Mezzanine: <u>–</u> psf Floor: <u>300</u> psf	
Ground Snow Load:		
Wind Load:	Ultimate wind speed <u>115</u> mph (ASCE-7) Exposure category <u>C</u>	
SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY	🗆 A 🔳 B 🗆 C 🗆 D	
Provide the following Seismic Designation Building Risk Categoria	ory (Table 1604.5) □ I ■ II □ III □ IV	
Spectral Response /	Acceleration: $Ss = 14.7 \% g S1 = 7.4 \% g$	
Site Classification (/ Data Source:	ASCE 7): 🗌 A 🗋 B 🗍 C 📕 D 🗍 E 🗍 F 🗌 Field Test 📕 Presumptive 🗍 Historical Data	BULL ST
Basic structural sys Bearing wall Building fram	e Dual with Special Moment Frame Dual with Intermediate R/C or Special Steel	CAL CAL CAL
Moment fram Analysis Procedure:	Equivalent Lateral Force Dynamic	N UN
Architectural, Mecha	nical, Components Anchored? 🛛 🔲 Yes 🗔 No	NAME OF THE STATE
Lateral Design Control: Soil Bearing Capacities:	Earthquake 🗌 Wind 🔳	LDST LDST LDST CAR
Field Test (provide copy o Presumptive Bearing Capa Pile size, type and capaci	city	TREA AQUA
MECHANICAL DESIGN (PROVIDE	ON THE MECHANICAL SHEET IF APPLICABLE)	SEAL
MECHANICAL SYSTEMS, SERVIC	E SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT	AND ROFESSION 1
Thermal Zone	4A 10.75	SEAL 40016
Winter Dry Bulb Summer Dry Bulb	16.3F 93.7F	RANGINEER
Interior Design Conditions		11. M. LaFring 292021
Winter Dry Bulb Summer Dry Bulb	40F N/A NOT CONTROLLED	
Relative Humidity	<u><90%</u>	
Building Heating Load	9mBHN/A	
Building Cooling Load Mechanical Spacing Conditio		
Unitary		
Description o Heating Effic Cooling Effici Size Categor	ency <u>ELECTRICAL</u> HEAT, 100% 3.3 KW N/A	SCALE
Boiler		OUNCE
	v. If Oversized, State Reason <u>N/A</u>	
Chiller Size category	v. If Oversized, State Reason N/A	
List Equipment Efficiencies	N/A	
	DE ON THE ELECTRICAL SHEET IF APPLICABLE):	
ELECTRICAL SUMMARY (PROVID		
METHOD OF COMPLIAN		
Energy Code:	Prescriptive Performance	
ASHRAE 90.1:	Prescriptive Performance	
Lighting Schedule (each fixt Lamp Type Required		
Number of Lamps in Ballast Type Used in	n Fixture <u>N/A</u> N/A	No. DATE BY Description REVISIONS
Number of Ballasts Total Wattage Per F		DRAWN BY ZKM
Total Interior Wattag	e Specified vs. Allowed (whole building or space by space) <u>62 VS. 273</u> ge Specified vs. Allowed <u>N/A</u>	APPROVED BY BML
Additional Efficiency Packag	e Options	CHECKED BY TMM
(When using the 2018 NCE	CC; not required for ASHRAE 90.1)	DATE
C406.3 Reduced	icient Mechanical Equipment Lighting Power Density	TITLE
	t Digital Lighting Controls Renewable Energy	
		APPENDIX B
C406.5 Dedicated		
C406.5 Dedicated	Energy Use in Service Water Heating	

G-01



GENERAL NOTES

- BASE DATA FROM SURVEY PROVIDED BY DEWBERRY ENGINEERS INC. ON JUNE 1, 2021.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VERIFYING ALL ILLUSTRATED KNOWN UNDERGROUND ELEMENTS. ADDITIONALLY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR EXERCISING REASONABLE EFFORTS TO PROTECT ANY UNKNOWN UNDERGROUND ELEMENTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE OWNER AND DESIGNER OF RECORD IMMEDIATELY IF UNKNOWN ELEMENTS ARE DISCOVERED THAT WOULD NECESSITATE MODIFICATION TO THE ILLUSTRATED DESIGN.
- PROTECT ALL ADJACENT PROPERTIES, THE GENERAL PUBLIC, AND ALL OF THE OWNER'S FACILITIES. SHOULD DAMAGES OCCUR, CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR IMMEDIATELY AS DIRECTED BY THE OWNER OR DESIGNER OF RECORD. REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE AT NO COST TO THE OWNER.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL HOLD HARMLESS THE OWNER AND THE DESIGNER OF RECORD FOR DAMAGES, INJURIES OR OTHER ACCIDENTS WHICH OCCUR DURING THESE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.
- TREES AND EXISTING LANDSCAPING NOT DESIGNATED FOR REMOVAL SHALL BE PROTECTED DURING CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DAMAGES DURING CONSTRUCTION INCLUDING DAMAGES TO OTHER CONTRACTORS & CONSULTANTS WORK AND SHALL MAKE REPAIRS OR HAVE REPAIRS MADE BY OTHERS AT THEIR EXPENSE
- 7. UTILIZE SIGNS, BARRICADES, ETC. TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING LAYOUT OF ALL WORK AS ILLUSTRATED ON PLANS. IF EXISTING CONDITIONS DIFFER FROM THOSE ILLUSTRATED ON PLANS, NOTIFY DESIGNER OF RECORD AND OWNER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND GRADES AT THE JOB SITE. IF DIFFERENCES ARE FOUND, NOTIFY DESIGNER OF RECORD SO THAT MODIFICATIONS TO THESE DRAWINGS CAN BE MADE.
- 10. ANY LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY >1 ACRE REQUIRES COMPLIANCE WITH ALL CONDITIONS OF THE GENERAL PERMIT TO DISCHARGE STORMWATER UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (PERMIT No NCG010000). ANY PERMIT NONCOMPLIANCE IS A VIOLATION OF THE CLEAN WATER ACT AND MAY REQUIRE ENFORCEMENT ACTION BY THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY. (FOR QUESTIONS CONTACT MOORESVILLE REGIONAL OFFICE WATER QUALITY STAFF AT 704-663-1699.

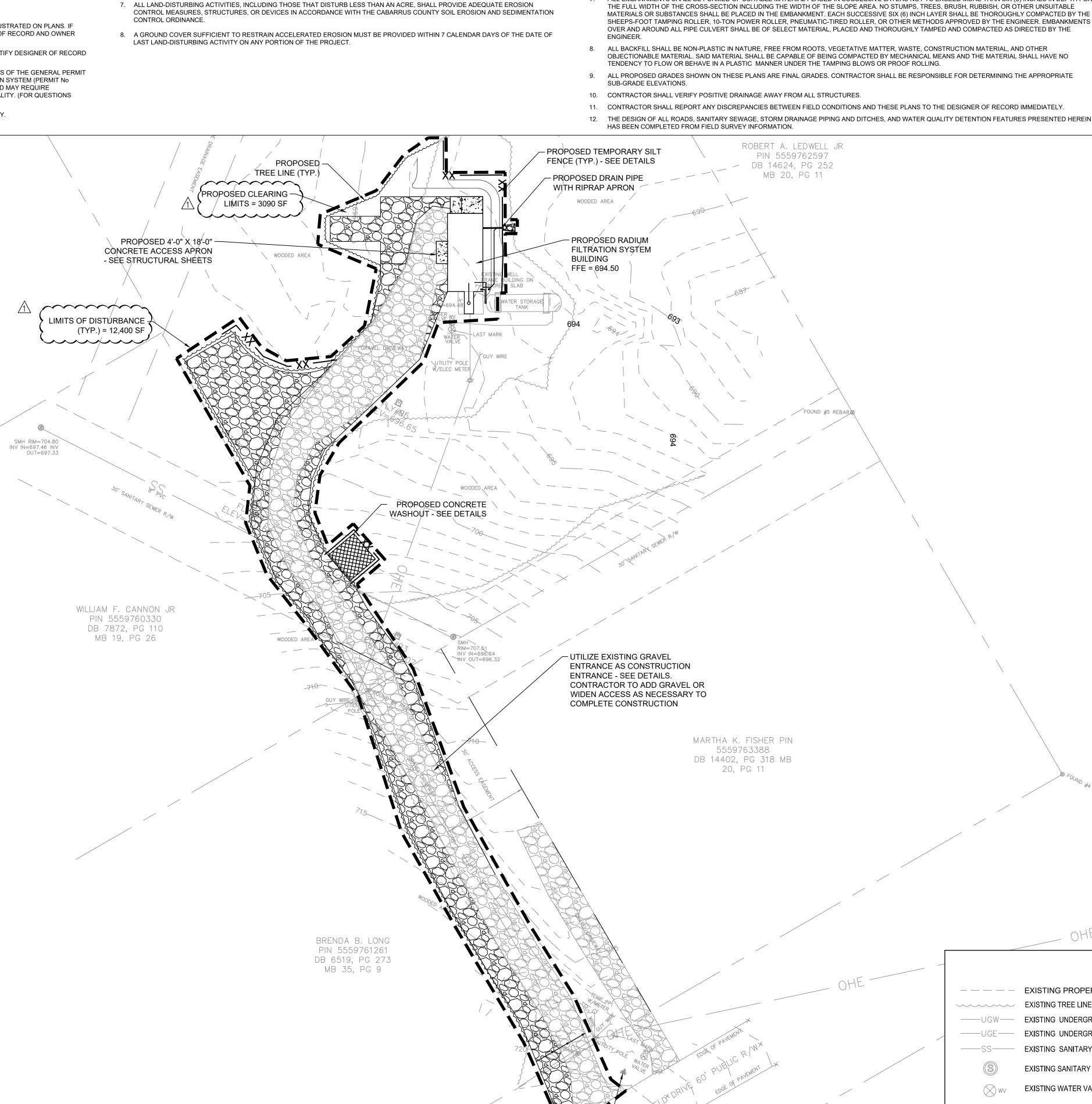
JEREMY D. BAGGARLY

PIN 5559669319

DB 7275, PG 319

MB 19, PG 26

11. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY PROPERTY OWNERS PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY.



1. ANY GRADING BEYOND THE DENUDED LIMITS SHOWN ON THE PLAN IS A VIOLATION OF THE CABARRUS COUNTY EROSION CONTROL

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

CONTROL ORDINANCE AND IS SUBJECT TO A FINE.

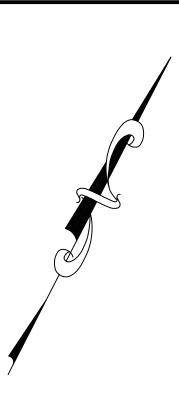
ORDINANCE AND IS SUBJECT TO A FINE.

INSPECTOR.

- GRADING MORE THAN ONE ACRE WITHOUT AN APPROVED EROSION CONTROL PLAN IS A VIOLATION OF THE CABARRUS COUNTY EROSION
- 3. ALL PERIMETER AREAS AND SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1 SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 7 DAYS. GROUND STABILIZATION ON ALL OTHER AREAS MUST BE COMPLETED WITHIN 14 DAYS. REFER TO THE EROSION CONTROL ORDINANCE FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.
- 4. ADDITIONAL MEASURES TO CONTROL EROSION AND SEDIMENT MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE CABARRUS COUNTY EROSION CONTROL
- 5. DEWATERING TO BE AUTHORIZED BY THE EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR AS RELATED TO SITE CONDITIONS. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR AUTHORIZATION PRIOR TO DEWATERING ACTIVITIES.
- 6. ALL EMBANKMENTS MUST BE CONSTRUCTED PER SECTION 4.0.6 EMBANKMENT REQUIREMENTS IN THE BMP DESIGN MANUAL.

GRADING NOTES

- 1. TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SHOWN WITHIN PROJECT LIMITS TAKEN FROM SURVEY PROVIDED BY DEWBERRY ENGINEERS INC. ON JUNE 1, 2021. 2. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE FOR ENSURING AND OBTAINING ALL NECESSARY PERMITS AND APPROVALS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. THESE PERMITS MAY INCLUDE, BUT NOT LIMITED TO; GRADING, DEMOLITION, BLASTING, ZONING, BUILDING, DRIVEWAY, DETENTION,
- SUBDIVISION SPECIAL USE, WATER AND SEWER PERMITS AND APPROVALS. 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR CONTACTING ALL APPROPRIATE UTILITIES AND ENSURING THAT UTILITIES ARE LOCATED PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACCORDING TO NC STATE LAW. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND DEPTHS OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. WHEN UNDERGROUND OBSTRUCTIONS NOT SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS(ROCK, PIPING, ETC.) ARE ENCOUNTERED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROMPTLY REPORT THE CONFLICT TO THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE AND ENGINEER OF RECORD. ALL CHANGES MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE OWNER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE BEFORE CONSTRUCTION CAN PROCEED.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REPAIR AND/OR REPLACEMENT OF ANY UTILITIES DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION. 6. CUT AND FILL SLOPES OF ANY AREA SHALL NOT EXCEED THE RATIO OF 3:1, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. FILL SLOPES GREATER THAT EIGHT (8) VERTICAL FEET SHALL HAVE PERMANENT SEED/SLOPE MATTING INSTALLED.
- 7. FILL EMBANKMENTS SHALL BE FORMED OF SUITABLE MATERIAL PLACED IN SUCCESSIVE LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED MORE THAN SIX (6) INCHES IN DEPTH FOR THE FULL WIDTH OF THE CROSS-SECTION INCLUDING THE WIDTH OF THE SLOPE AREA. NO STUMPS, TREES, BRUSH, RUBBISH, OR OTHER UNSUITABLE





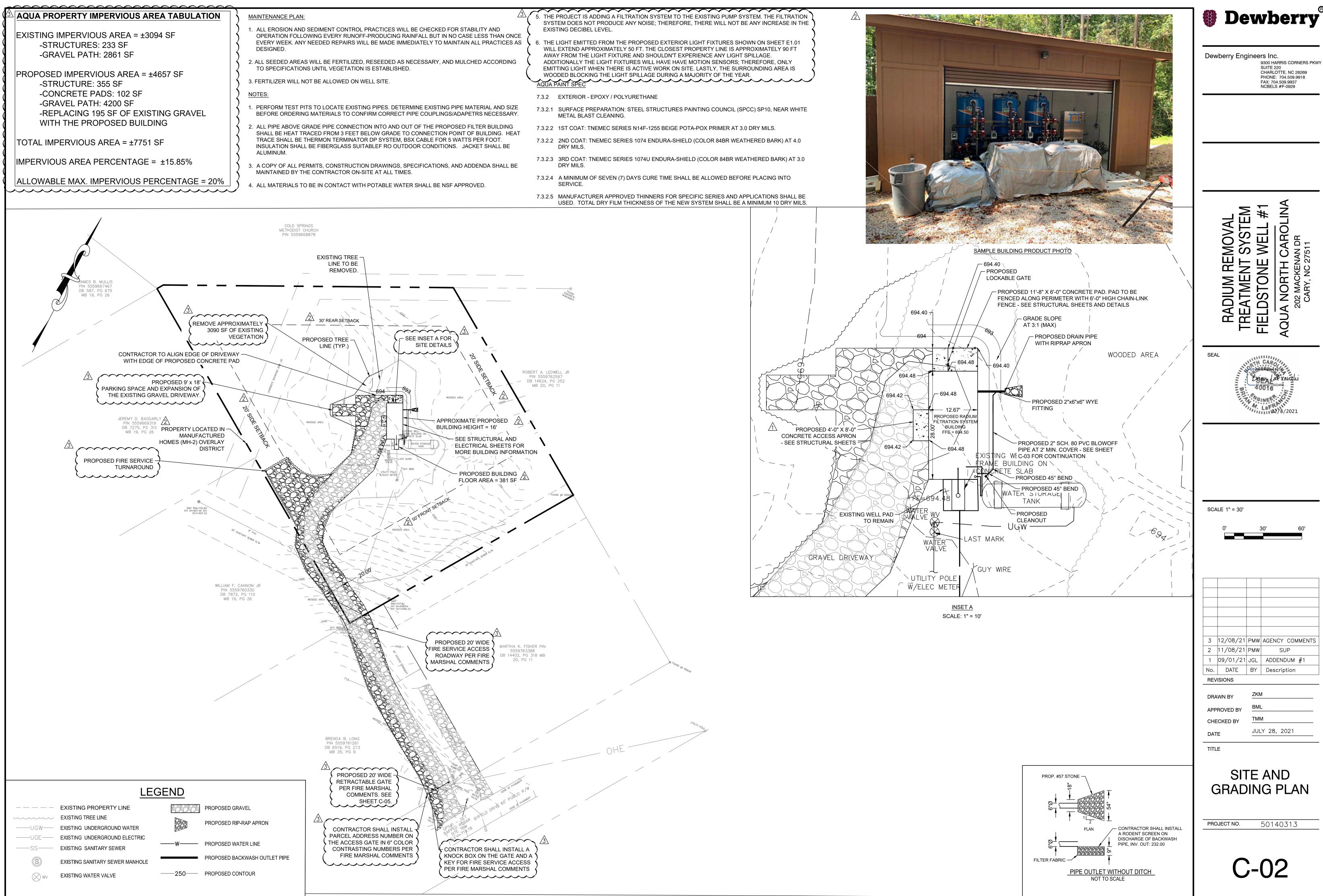
Dewberry En	9300 H SUITE CHARL PHONE FAX: 7	ARRIS CORNERS PK
RADIUM REMOVAL	FIELDSTONE WELL #1	AQUA NORTH CAROLINA 202 MACKENAN DR CARY, NC 27511
SEAL	Decusioned Brian U 5F1E4AB740 10016	by: aFranclui ^{5D46B} /8/2021
SCALE 1" = 20' 0'	20'	40'
	20'	40'
	Image: PMW AGE	40'
0'	Image: state stat	NCY COMMENTS scription
0' 	PMW AGEI BY Des ZKM BML TMM JULY 28	NCY COMMENTS scription 3, 2021

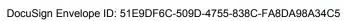
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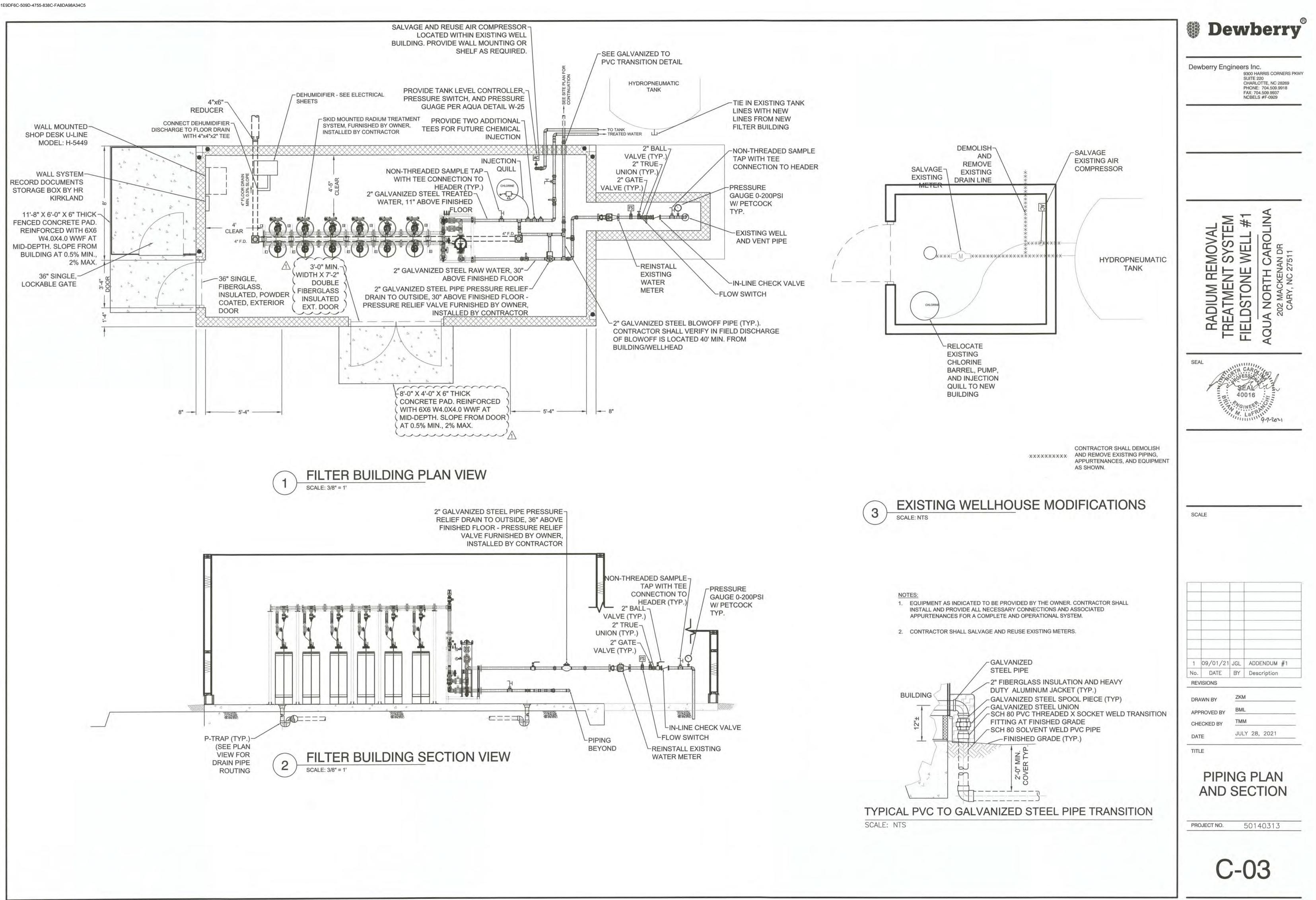
	OHE		
	LEC	<u>GEND</u>	
	EXISTING PROPERTY LINE		PROPOSED GRAVEL
	EXISTING TREE LINE		PROPOSED RIP-RAP APRON
-UGW	EXISTING UNDERGROUND WATER		FROFUSED RIF-RAF AFRON
-UGE	EXISTING UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC		
-SS	EXISTING SANITARY SEWER	W	PROPOSED WATER LINE
S	EXISTING SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE		PROPOSED BACKWASH OUTLET PIPE
⊗ wv	EXISTING WATER VALVE	250	PROPOSED CONTOUR

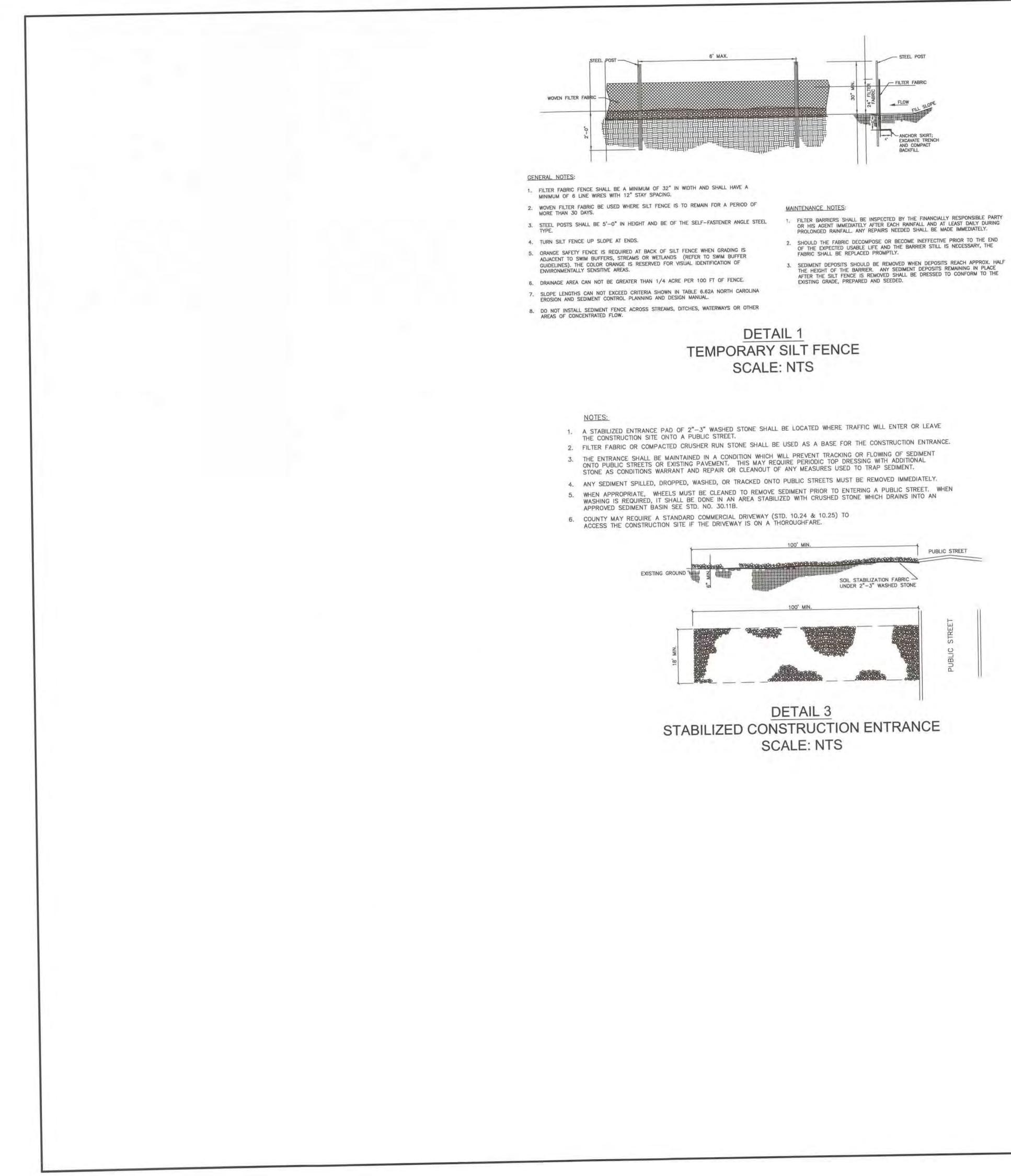
- PROPOSED CONTOUR -250-

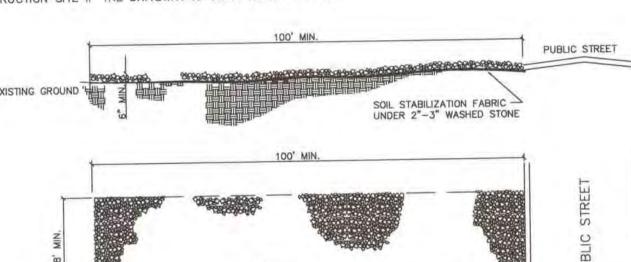
PROPOSED LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE

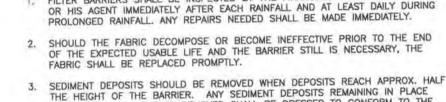


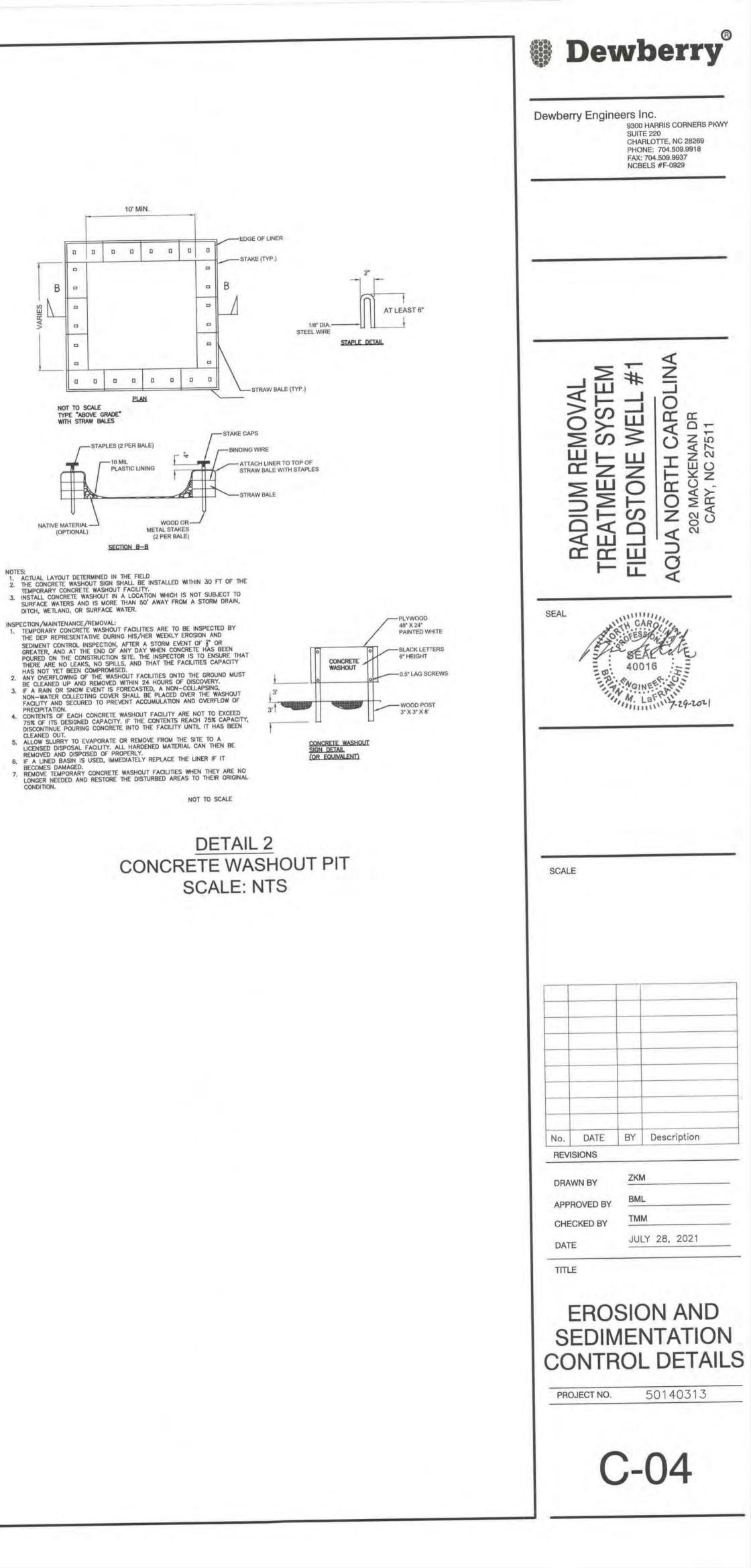


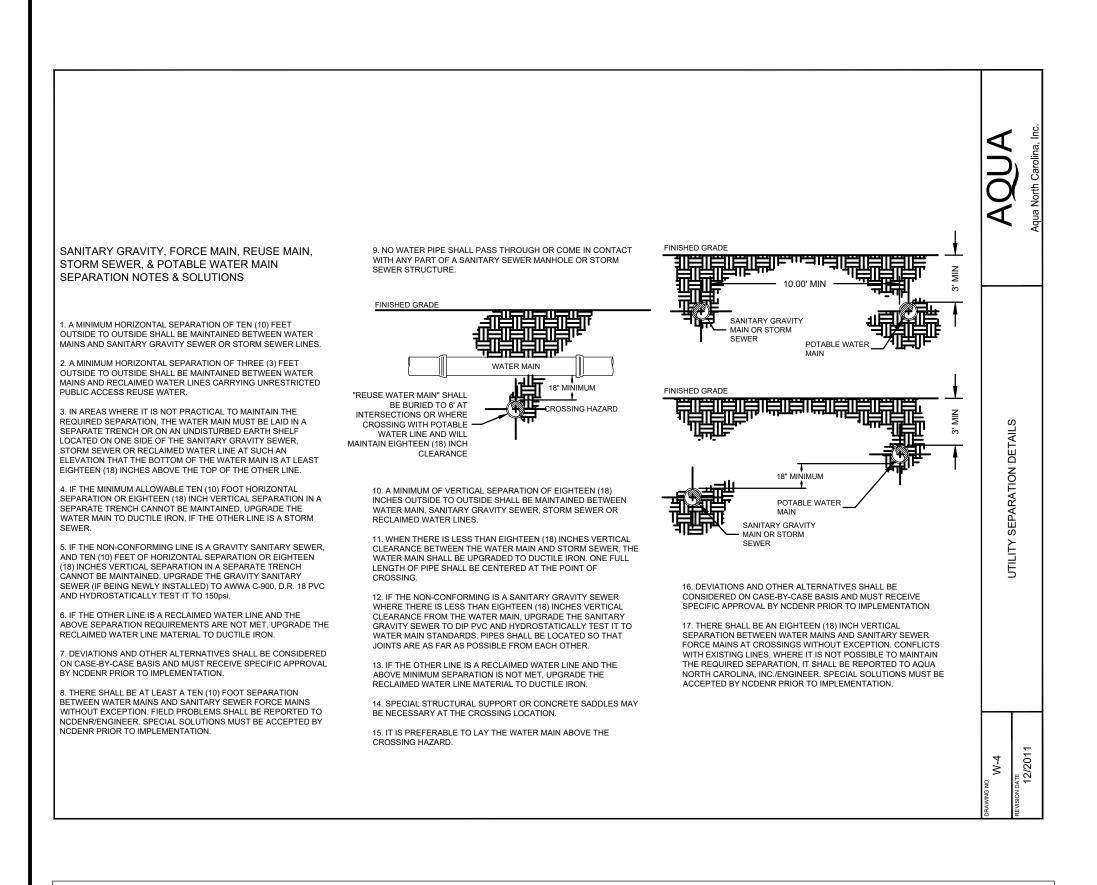


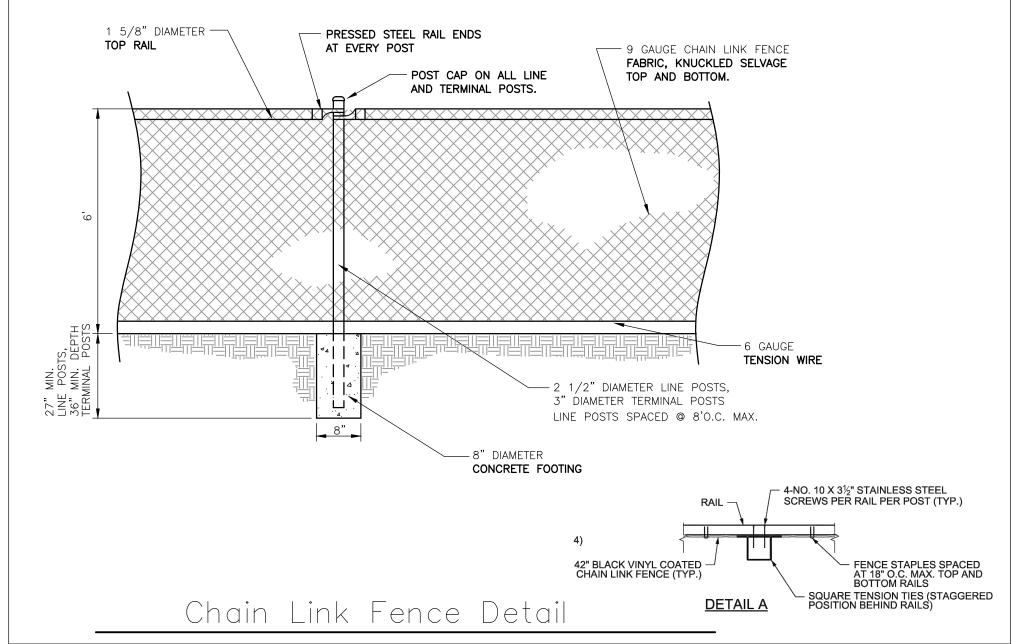


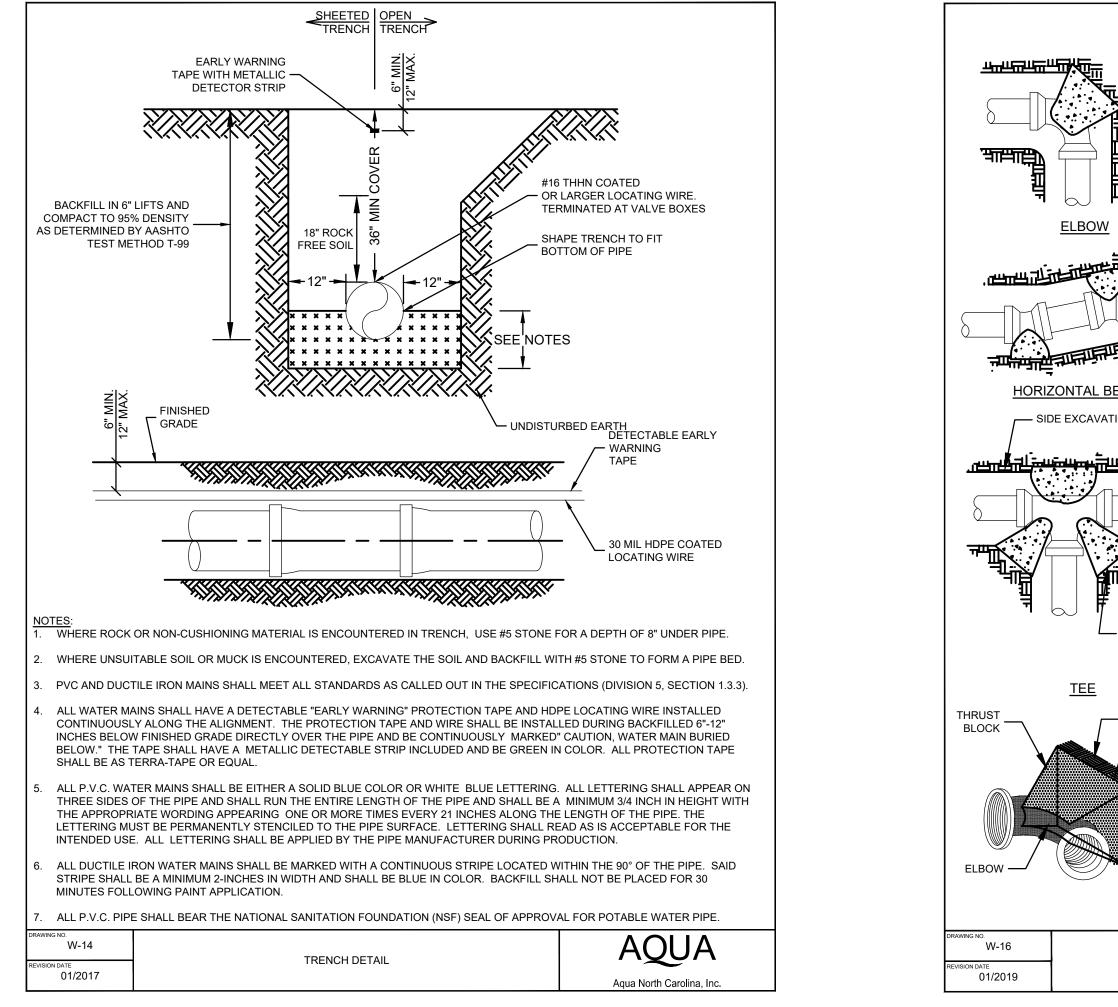


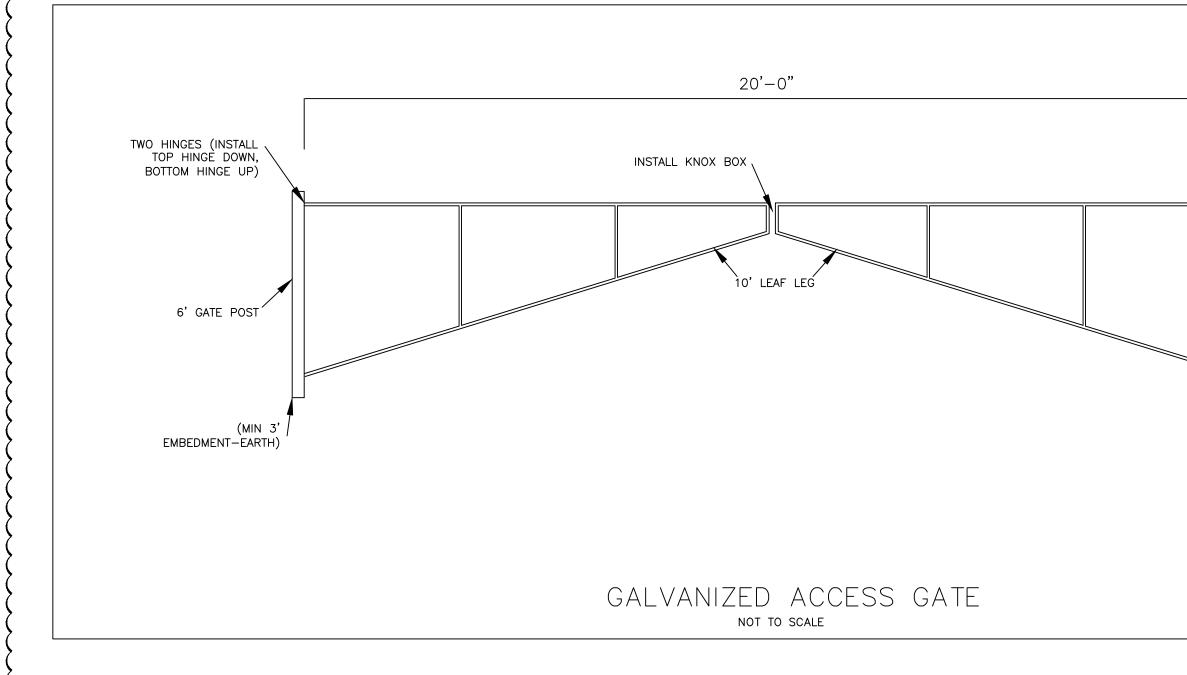










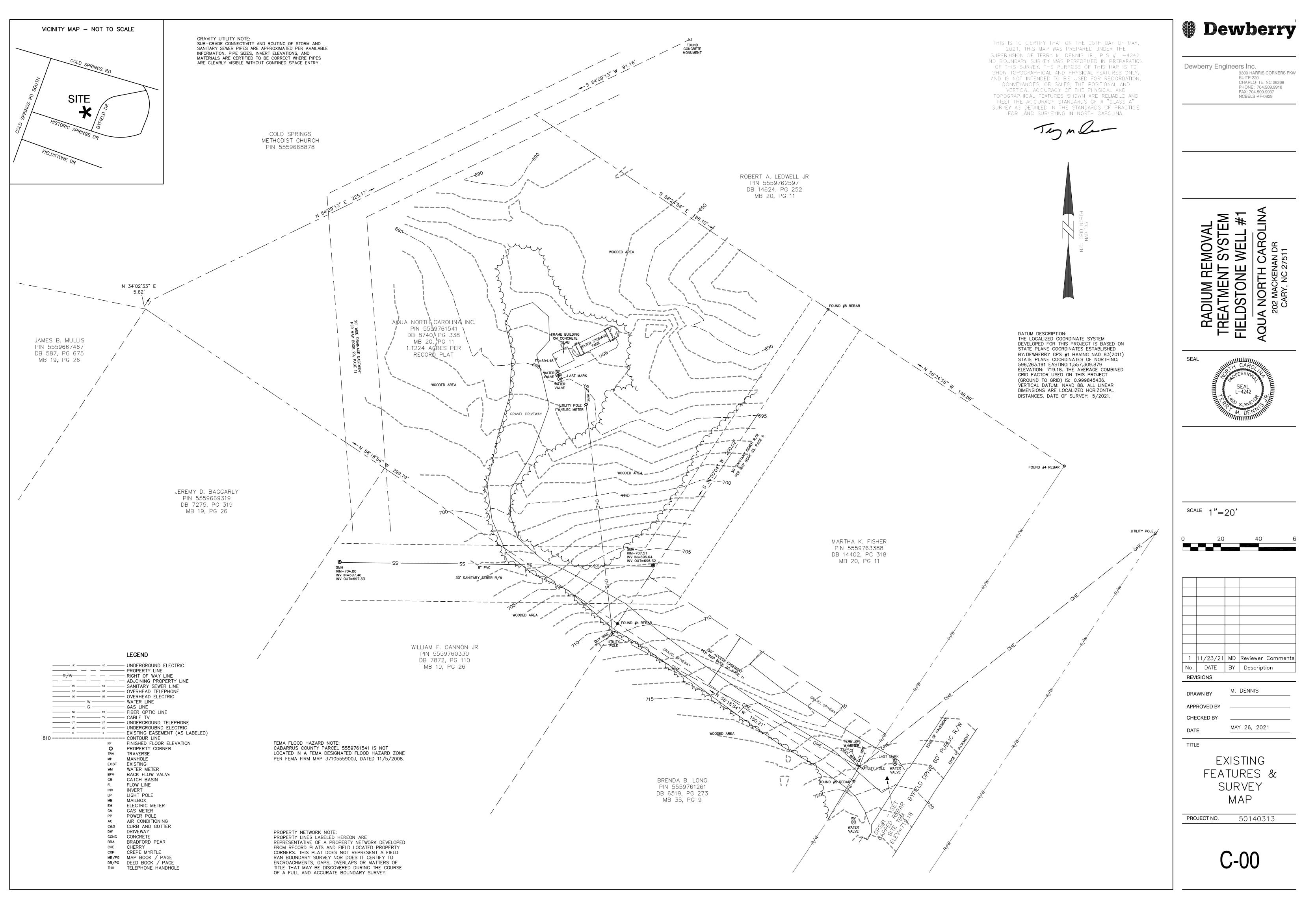


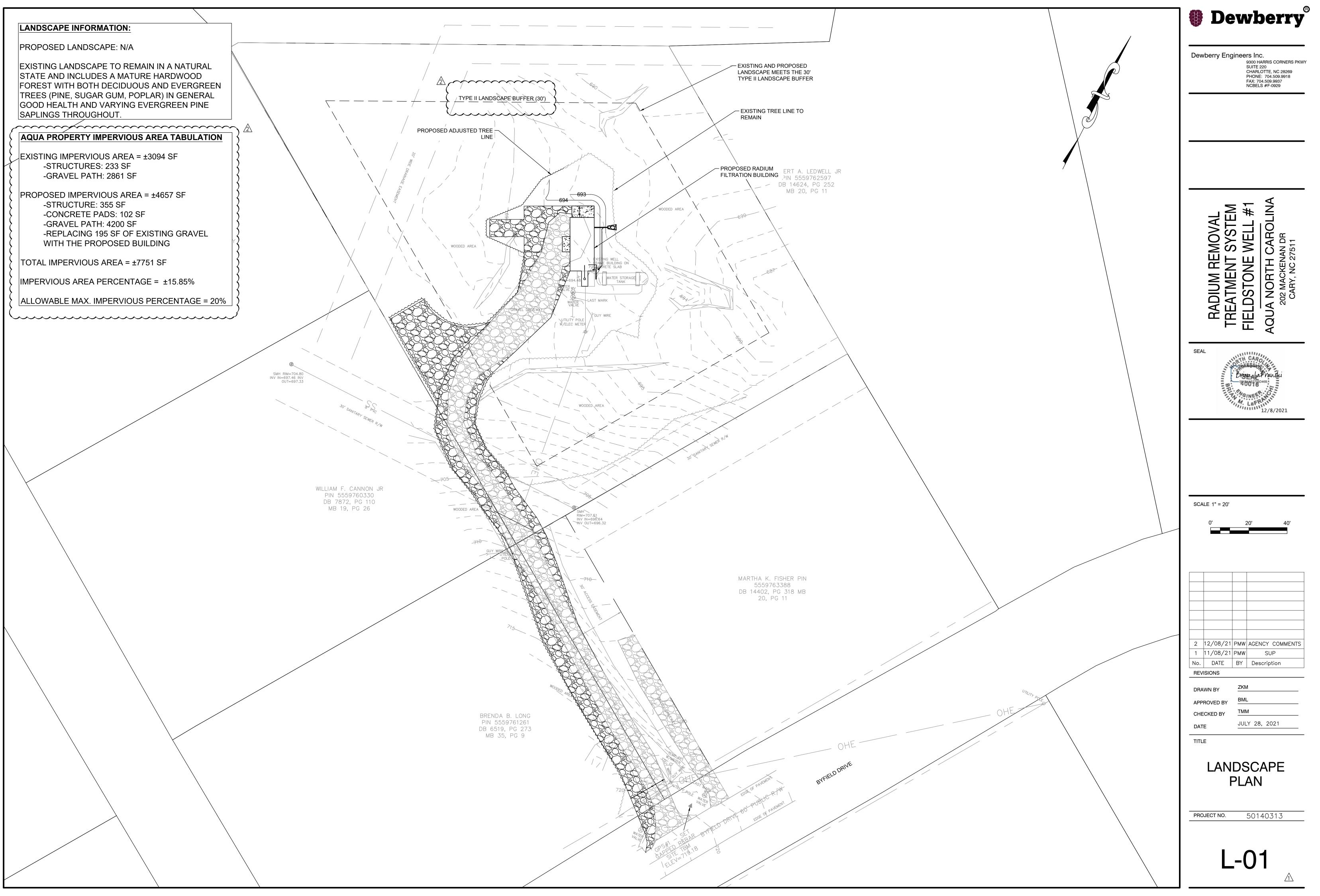
TAPE WITH	WARNING METALLIC TOR STRIP 18" ROCK FREE SOIL 12" X X X X X	#16 THHN COATED OR LARGER LOCATING WIRE. TERMINATED AT VALVE BOXES SHAPE TRENCH TO FIT BOTTOM OF PIPE		MIN. BEARING AREA E OF THRUST IN SO (based on soil supporting value of 200 PIPE TEES & 90° SIZE DEAD ENDS ELBOWS 6" 4 6 8" 7 10 12" 15 21	QUARE FEET 100 psf @ 200 psig test pressure) 45° ELBOW 22-1/2° & CROSSES 3 2 5 3 11 6 CONCRETE THRUST BLOCK (TYP) NOTES: 1. THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE INSTAIL
NOTES:		30 MIL HDPE COATED LOCATING WIRE		- h	 ON PVC WATER DISTRIBUTION LINE THRU 12" DIA. IN THE MANNER SHO 2. PIPE GREATER THAN 12 INCH DIAM SHALL REQUIRE RESTRAINT JOINT FOR THE PROPER LENGTH. 3. COMPACT FITTINGS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. STANDARD FITTINGS SHALL BE USED WITH CONCRETE THRUST BLOCKING. 4. THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE INSTAL ON WATER MAIN IN THE MANNER SHOWN. 5. IF SAC-CRETE IS USED, MIXING MUS ON SITE UTILIZING A MECHANICAL MIXER AND AN AQUA REPRESENTA MUST BE PRESENT. 6. NO CONCRETE SHALL BE PLACED O BOLTS. WRAP JOINT FITTINGS WIT PLASTIC.
 PVC AND DUCTILE IRON MAINS S ALL WATER MAINS SHALL HAVE / CONTINUOUSLY ALONG THE ALIO INCHES BELOW FINISHED GRADE BELOW." THE TAPE SHALL HAVE SHALL BE AS TERRA-TAPE OR EC ALL P.V.C. WATER MAINS SHALL THREE SIDES OF THE PIPE AND S THE APPROPRIATE WORDING AF LETTERING MUST BE PERMANEN INTENDED USE. ALL LETTERING ALL DUCTILE IRON WATER MAINS STRIPE SHALL BE A MINIMUM 2-II MINUTES FOLLOWING PAINT APP 	BE EITHER A SOLID BLUE COLOR OR WHITE BLUE LE SHALL RUN THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE PIPE AND S PEARING ONE OR MORE TIMES EVERY 21 INCHES A ITLY STENCILED TO THE PIPE SURFACE. LETTERING SHALL BE APPLIED BY THE PIPE MANUFACTURER D S SHALL BE MARKED WITH A CONTINUOUS STRIPE LO NCHES IN WIDTH AND SHALL BE BLUE IN COLOR. BA	E SPECIFICATIONS (DIVISION 5, SECTION 1.3.3). PE AND HDPE LOCATING WIRE INSTALLED BE INSTALLED DURING BACKFILLED 6"-12" (MARKED" CAUTION, WATER MAIN BURIED E GREEN IN COLOR. ALL PROTECTION TAPE ETTERING. ALL LETTERING SHALL APPEAR ON SHALL BE A MINIMUM 3/4 INCH IN HEIGHT WITH ALONG THE LENGTH OF THE PIPE. THE 3 SHALL READ AS IS ACCEPTABLE FOR THE DURING PRODUCTION. COCATED WITHIN THE 90° OF THE PIPE. SAID ACKFILL SHALL NOT BE PLACED FOR 30		P) CONCRETE SHALL E KEPT CLEAR OF PIPE JOINTS (TYP) DISTURBED <u>CROSS</u>	7. CONCRETE SHALL BE A MINIMUM 3
REVISION DATE 01/2017	TRENCH DETAIL	AQUA Aqua North Carolina, Inc.	DRAWING NO. W-16 REVISION DATE 01/2019	TYPICAL THRUST BLOCK	AQUA Aqua North Carolina, Inc.
TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN, BOTTOM HINGE UP)		20'-0"			
TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN,		20'-0"		TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN,	
TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN, BOTTOM HINGE UP)		20'-0"		TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN, BOTTOM HINGE UP)	
TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN, BOTTOM HINGE UP) 6' GATE POST		20'-0"		TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN, BOTTOM HINGE UP) 6' GATE POST	
TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN, BOTTOM HINGE UP) 6' GATE POST (MIN 3' EMBEDMENT-EARTH)		20'-0"	GATE	TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN, BOTTOM HINGE UP) 6' GATE POST (MIN 3' EMBEDMENT-EARTH)	
TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN, BOTTOM HINGE UP) 6' GATE POST (MIN 3' EMBEDMENT-EARTH)		20'-0"	GATE	TWO HINGES (INSTALL TOP HINGE DOWN, BOTTOM HINGE UP) 6' GATE POST (MIN 3' EMBEDMENT-EARTH)	

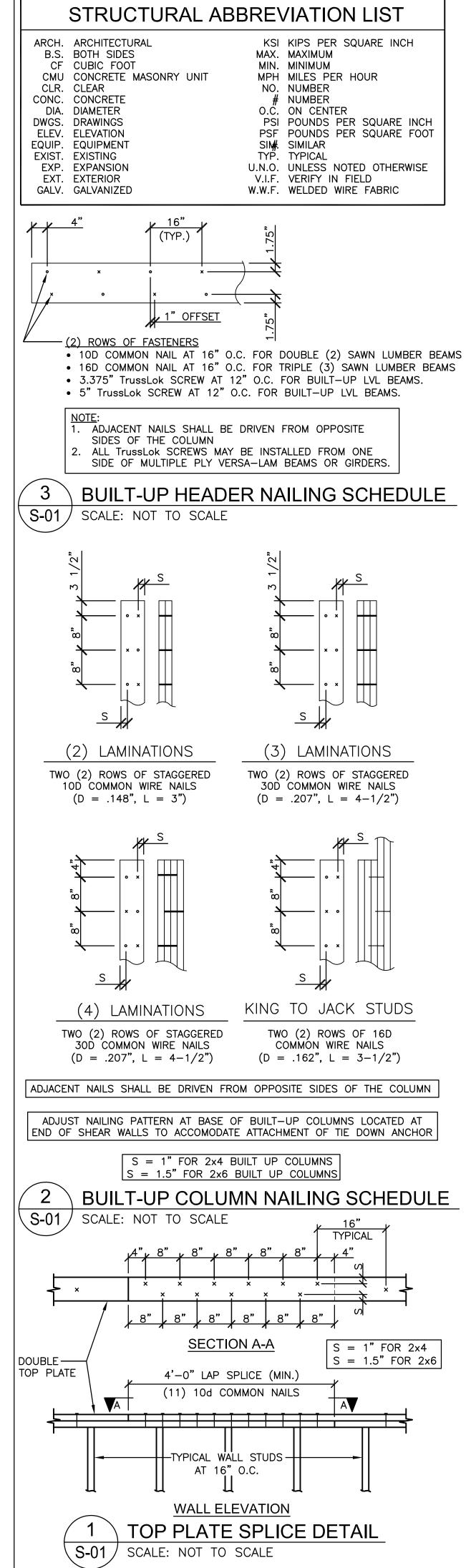
	RADIUM REMOVAL	I REALMENT SYSTEM	FIELDSTONE WELL #1	AQUA NORTH CAROLINA	202 MACKENAN DR CARY, NC 27511
SEAL	unu,	B B	Vian (a Piesabigaed Piesabigaed Piesabigaed Piesabigaed Piesabigaed Conse	France	
SCAL	E				
No.	12/08/2 DATE SIONS	21 PM BY		NCY CC	
DRAV APPF	WN BY ROVED BY CKED BY	, <u>B</u> <u>TI</u>	KM ML MM JLY 28	3, 202 ⁻	

A Downborry









<u>GENERAL</u>

- 1 DATED OCTOBER 2013.
- NOTES, THE STRICTEST PROVISION SHALL GOVERN.
- TEMPORARY BRACING IN ALL DIRECTIONS UNTIL ALL PERMANENT CONNECTIONS ARE MADE.

5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT SCALE DIMENSIONS FROM THE DRAWINGS. COORDINATION:

- DOCUMENTS.
- BE GALVANIZED AFTER CUTTING.

DESIGN:

- STRUCTURAL DESIGN CONFORMS TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE FOLLOWING CODES: 2018 NORTH CAROLINA BUILDING CODE
- 2. DESIGN LOADS AND DESIGN DATA ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 - A. LIVE LOAD:
 - ROOF FLOOR SLAB

B. SNOW LOAD:

GROUND SNOW LOAD (Pg) SNOW EXPOSURE FACTOR (Ce) SNOW LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR (I) THERMAL FACTOR (Ct) ROOF SLOPE FACTOR (Cs) SLOPED ROOF SNOW LOAD (Pf)

C. WIND LOAD:

BASIC WIND SPEED (3 SECOND GUST) BUILDING OCCUPANCY CATEGORY WIND LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR (I) WIND EXPOSURE CATEGORY INTERNAL PRESSURE COEFFICIENT

D. SEISMIC DESIGN DATA:

SEISMIC OCCUPANCY CATEGORY SEISMIC IMPORTANCE FACTOR (IE) SPECTRAL RESPONSE ACCELERATION, Ss SPECTRAL RESPONSE ACCELERATION, S1 SPECTRAL RESPONSE COEFF. SDS SPECTRAL RESPONSE COEFF. SD1 SITE CLASS SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY RESPONSE MODIFICATION FACTOR, R SEISMIC RESPONSE COEFF. Cs SEISMIC-FORCE-RESISTING SYSTEM ANALYSIS PROCEDURE

FOUNDATIONS:

- ASSUMED FOR DESIGN.
- 3. COMPACTED STRUCTURAL FILL SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:
 - A. INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY THE PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER
 - C. PLACED IN LOOSE LIFTS NOT EXCEEDING 8 INCHES IN THICKNESS

 - GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.
- ONCE EXCAVATIONS ARE MADE TO AVOID WEATHER DAMAGE.
- BELOW SLAB SUBGRADE SO AS TO NOT DAMAGE FOUNDATION EXCAVATIONS.
- **REINFORCED CONCRETE:**
- BY THE LATEST REVISIONS OF:
- A. ACI 301, ACI 315, AND ACI 318. B. CRSI RECOMMENDED PRACTICE OF PLACING REINFORCING BARS. C. ACI 306 AND ACI 305 FOR COLD AND HOT WEATHER CONCRETING, RESPECTIVELY.
- COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, AS SPECIFIED BELOW, FOR THE RESPECTIVE AREAS: FOOTINGS AND SLAB-ON-GRADE
- 4. REINFORCING STEEL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A 615, AND SHALL BE GRADE 60 U.N.O.

- PROVIDED IN FLAT SHEETS. PROVIDE MINIMUM 12" LAP AT SHEET JOINTS.

GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES

1. BUILDING SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AQUA NORTH CAROLINA SPECIFICATIONS FOR WATER WELL CONSTRUCTION WITH REVISION

2. THE GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES ARE INTENDED TO AUGMENT THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS. SEE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR REQUIREMENTS IN ADDITION TO GENERAL NOTES. SHOULD CONFLICTS EXIST BETWEEN THE DRAWINGS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND GENERAL STRUCTURAL

3. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, CONSTRUCTION MEANS AND METHODS SHALL BE SOLELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

THE STRUCTURE, OR STRUCTURES, DEFINED BY THESE DRAWINGS HAVE BEEN DESIGNED AS COMPLETE STRUCTURES TO RESIST THE LOADS LISTED 4. MORTAR SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS O IN THE DESIGN SECTION OF THESE GENERAL NOTES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSTRUCTION LOADS AND OTHER LOADS IMPOSED ON THE PARTIALLY COMPLETED STRUCTURE(S). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF SHORING, BRACING, FORMWORK, ERECTION AIDS, AND OTHER NON-PERMANENT SUPPORTING ELEMENTS UTILIZED FOR CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE 5.

STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS SHALL BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH, AND COORDINATED WITH CIVIL, MECHANICAL, ELECTRICAL, AND OTHER CONTRACT

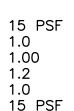
OPENINGS IN SLABS, WALL, ROOFS, ETC. SHOWN ON THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO DEFINE THE EXACT LOCATION, SIZE, ELEVATION, FIRE RATING, OR ANY OTHER PROPERTY OF THE OPENING UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS ARE NOT INTENDED TO SHOW ALL OPENINGS AND PENETRATIONS WITHIN OR THROUGH THE STRUCTURE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL OPENINGS AND PENETRATIONS WITH THE CIVIL, MECHANICAL, PLUMBING, AND ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS.

COORDINATE THE EXACT SIZE AND LOCATION OF ALL SLEEVES AND OPENINGS THROUGH CONCRETE SLABS WITH CIVIL, MECHANICAL, PLUMBING AND ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS. SLEEVES SHALL BE ASTM A 53 SCHEDULE 40 STEEL WITH A DIAMETER NOT GREATER THAN 12 INCHES AND SHALL

4. ALL PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS REQUIRED FOR THE WORK SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR INSTALLATION IN APPLICATIONS INDICATED, INCLUDING ALL ACCESSORIES, ATTACHMENTS, AND THE LIKE.

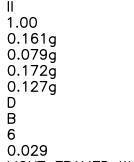
2015 INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE (INCORPORATED BY 2018 NC BUILDING CODE)





115 MPH 1.00 С

±0.18



0.029 LIGHT FRAMED WALLS WITH SHEAR PANELS EQUIVALENT LATERAL FORCE

1. FOUNDATION DESIGN IS BASED ON AN ASSUMED ALLOWABLE SOIL BEARING PRESSURE CAPACITY OF 2,000 PSF.

2. THE STRUCTURAL ENGINEER OF RECORD IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED IN THE FIELD CONTRARY TO THOSE

- B. NON-ORGANIC ON-SITE OR OFF-SITE SOILS APPROVED BY THE PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.

D. COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95 PERCENT OF STANDARD PROCTOR (ASTM D 698) MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY. MOISTURE CONTENT WITHIN 3 PERCENTAGE POINTS OF THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT. PLASTICITY INDEX AS RECOMMENDED BY

F. FREE OF BOULDERS, ORGANICS, TRASH, PARTICLES OF 3 INCHES OR MORE IN DIAMETER, AND OTHER DELETERIOUS MATERIALS.

4. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, FOUNDATION SUBGRADES REQUIRING UNDERCUT SHALL BE FILLED FROM THE ELEVATION OF UNDERCUT TO THE ORIGINAL DESIGN SUBGRADE ELEVATION WITH LEAN CONCRETE, MINIMUM 500 PSI FLOWABLE FILL.

WHENEVER POSSIBLE, FOUNDATION CONCRETE SHALL BE PLACED IMMEDIATELY AFTER EXCAVATION SO THAT ACCUMULATION OF WATER IN THE EXCAVATION OR DRYING OF FOUNDATION SOILS CAN BE AVOIDED. CONCRETE STRUCTURES SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN AN EXPEDIENT MANNER

CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTROL SITE GROUNDWATER AND/OR SURFACE WATER BY ALL MEANS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN A WATER LEVEL ONE FOOT

UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ALL CONCRETE WORK, DETAILING, FABRICATION, AND PLACING OF REINFORCING AND CONCRETE SHALL BE GOVERNED

ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE NORMAL WEIGHT WITH A MAXIMUM UNIT WEIGHT OF 150 POUNDS PER CUBIC FOOT AND SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 28 DAY

4,000 PSI (AIR-ENTRAINED)

3. PLACE 1/2" EXPANSION JOINT MATERIAL BETWEEN EDGES OF SLABS AND VERTICAL SURFACES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

5. REINFORCING STEEL INDICATED TO BE WELDED SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A 706 AND SHALL BE GRADE 60.

WELDED WIRE FABRIC SHALL BE NEW BILLET STEEL, COLD DRAWN CONFORMING TO ASTM SPECIFICATIONS A 185 AND A 82 AND SHALL BE

7. REINFORCING BAR LAP SPLICES SHALL BE 48 BAR DIAMETERS AND HOOK DIMENSIONS SHALL 12 BAR DIAMETERS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

MASONRY:

- ALL MASONRY CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO REQUIREMENTS FOR MASONRY STRUCTURES" (ACI 5 "SPECIFICATION FOR MASONRY STRUCTURES" (ACI 5
- 2. CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS SHALL CONFORM TO TH
- 3. MINIMUM REQUIRED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF MA 1,500 PSI.
- AND SHALL BE TYPE S.
- GROUT FOR HOLLOW MASONRY UNITS SHALL CONFO STRENGTH OF 3,000 PSI. JOB SITE MIXING OF GR

POST-INSTALLED ANCHORS:

UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED ON PLANS, POST-INSTAI

SUBSTITUTION REQUESTS FOR ALTERNATE PRODUCT USE. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE CALCULATIONS PERFORMANCE VALUES OF THE SPECIFIED PRODUCT COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT BUILDING CODE.

SOLID CONCRETE

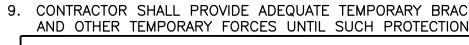
- 2. INSTALL ANCHORS PER THE MANUFACTURER INSTRU
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE AN ANCHOR MAI THEIR ANCHORING PRODUCTS SPECIFIED. THE STRU THE CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL WHO INSTALL ANCH
- 4. ANCHOR CAPACITY IS DEPENDANT UPON SPACING E INSTALL ANCHORS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPACING A
- 5. EXISTING REINFORCING BARS IN THE CONCRETE STR DRAWINGS THAT THE BARS CAN BE CUT, THE CONT LOCATE THE POSITION OF THE REINFORCING BARS

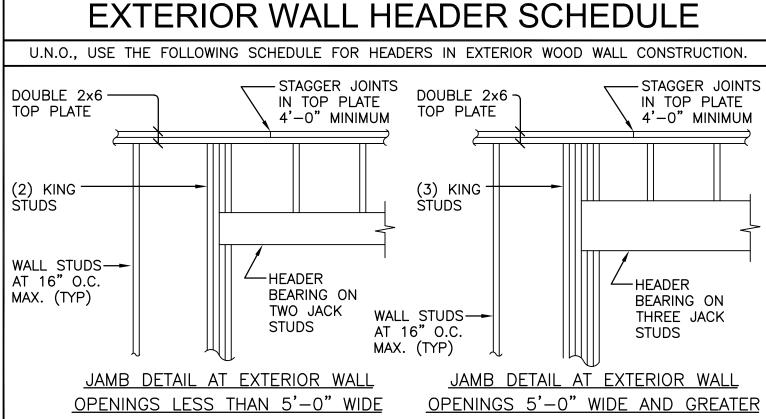
SAWN LUMBER:

- 1. THE FOLLOWING SHALL APPLY FOR WOOD FRAMED
 - A. ALL WOOD SHALL BE SOUTHERN PINE, NO. 1
 - B. WOOD MEMBERS SHALL HAVE MAXIMUM MOIST C. ALL PLYWOOD SHALL BE EXTERIOR GRADE, AF
 - D. ALL BOLTS USED FOR WOOD FASTENING SHAL FASTENERS.
 - STEEL CONNECTOR PLATES SHALL CONFORM LAG SCREWS SHALL BE HOT-DIPPED GALVANI
 - G. NAILING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TABL
- 2. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ROOF SHEATHING SHAL 48"x96" PANELS. ATTACH SHEATHING TO FRAMING INTERMEDIATE SUPPORT MEMBERS.
- 3. EXTERIOR WALL SHEATHING SHALL BE 7/16" APA-F SHEATHING SHALL BE ORIENTED WITH THE LONG DI WITH 8d COMMON NAILS AT 6" ON CENTER AT PAN EDGES ARE UNBLOCKED.
- 4. WOOD IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE OR MASONRY S

METAL-PLATE-CONNECTED WOOD TRUSSES:

- UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ALL DESIGN, DETAILING, TRUSSES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAT
- A. AMERICAN FOREST AND PAPER ASSOCIATIONS
- B. TRUSS PLATE INSTITUTE NATIONAL DESIGN C. TRUSS PLATE INSTITUTE - COMMENTARY AND
- CONNECTED WOOD TRUSSES. D. TRUSS PLATE INSTITUTE - RECOMMENDED DE TRUSSES.
- 2. WOOD TRUSSES SHALL BE DESIGNED FOR THE LOAI FOLLOWS:
 - A. TOP CHORD DEAD LOAD = 10 PSF. B. BOTTOM CHORD DEAD LOAD = 10 PSF
- TRUSS MANUFACTURER SHALL CALCULATE AND DES GENERAL NOTES. AT A MINIMUM, THE NET WIND U
- 4. WOOD TRUSS CHORD AND WEB MEMBERS SHALL BE
- 5. MAXIMUM DEFLECTION DUE TO LIVE LOAD SHALL NO (INCLUDING LONG TERM EFFECTS).
- 6. WOOD TRUSS SHOP DRAWINGS AND DESIGN CALCUL THE WOOD TRUSSES. WOOD TRUSS SHOP DRAWING REGISTERED IN THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
- 7. DO NOT FABRICATE TRUSSES UNTIL SHOP DRAWINGS
- 8. PROVIDE AND INSTALL PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY DIAGONAL X-BRACING SHALL BE INSTALLED IN WOO MINIMUM (4) 10d NAILS.

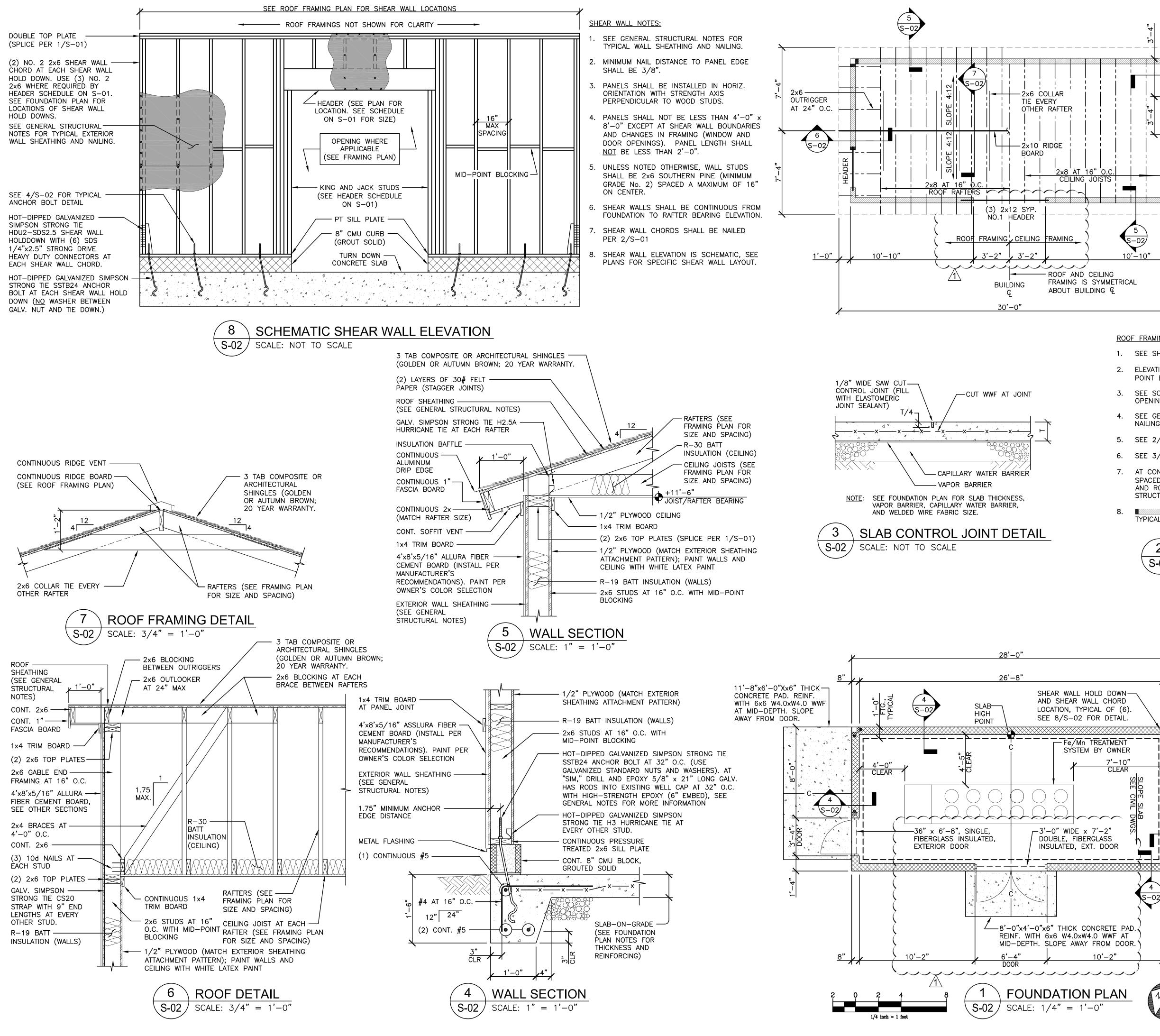


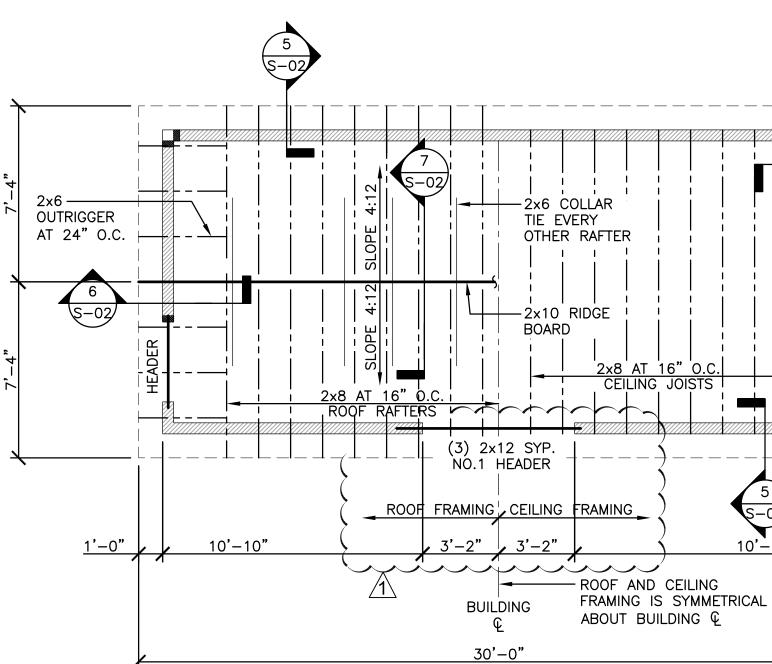


S	Dewberry
THE REQUIREMENTS OF "BUILDING CODE 30–13/ASCE 5–13/TMS 402–13) AND 530.1–13/ASCE 6–13/TMS 602–13). E REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 90.	Dewberry Engineers Inc. 9300 HARRIS CORNERS PKWY SUITE 220 CHARLOTTE, NC 28269 PHONE: 704.509.9918
SONRY ASSEMBLAGE, F'm, AT 28 DAYS SHALL BE	FAX: 704.509.9937 NCBELS #F-0929
F ASTM C 270 FOR JOB-MIXED MORTAR AND ASTM C 1142 FOR READY MIXED MORTAR	
ORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 476 AND SHALL HAVE A 28 DAY COMPRESSIVE COUT IS NOT ALLOWED.	
LED ANCHORS SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING ANCHOR TYPES, OR APPROVED EQUAL: ADHESIVE ANCHOR HILTI HY 200 SAFE SET SYSTEM (ICC ESR-3187)	
S MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE STRUCTURAL ENGINEER OF RECORD PRIOR TO DEMONSTRATING THAT THE SUBSTITUTED PRODUCT IS CAPABLE OF ACHIEVING THE SUBSTITUTIONS WILL BE EVALUATED BY THEIR HAVING AN ICC ESR SHOWING	
CTIONS, AS INCLUDED IN THE ANCHOR PACKAGING.	
NUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE TO PROVIDE ONSITE INSTALLATION TRAINING FOR ALL OF UCTURAL ENGINEER OF RECORD MUST RECEIVE DOCUMENTED CONFIRMATION THAT ALL OF IORS ARE TRAINED PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF INSTALLING ANCHORS.	
ETWEEN ADJACENT ANCHORS AND PROXIMITY OF ANCHORS TO EDGE OF CONCRETE. ND EDGE CLEARANCES INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS.	IUM REM TMENT S STONE W NORTH C. NACKENAN CARY, NC 2751
RUCTURE MAY CONFLICT WITH SPECIFIC ANCHOR LOCATIONS. UNLESS NOTED ON THE RACTOR SHALL REVIEW THE EXISTING STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS AND SHALL UNDERTAKE TO AT THE LOCATIONS OF THE CONCRETE ANCHORS.	
CONSTRUCTION:	FIELD BAD AQUA 200
GRADE OR BETTER, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. URE CONTENT OF 19 PERCENT. PA—RATED AS INDICATED ON DRAWINGS. LL BE HOT—DIPPED GALVANIZED STEEL WITH EXTERNALLY AND INTERNALLY THREADED	SEAL
TO ASTM 36 AND SHALL BE HOT—DIPPED GALVANIZED. ZED AND CONFORM TO ANSI/ASME STANDARD B18.2.1 _E 2304.10.1 OF THE NORTH CAROLINA BUILDING CODE UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.	Authory David Miller OCDBE52F727C4DD U3631
L BE 15/32" APA–RATED STRUCTURAL I OSB, EXPOSURE 1, 32/16 SPAN RATING, WITH 10d COMMON NAILS AT 6" ON CENTER AT PANEL EDGES AND 12" ON CENTER AT	WGINEER
RATED STRUCTURAL I SHEATHING, EXPOSURE 1, 32/16 SPAN RATING, 48"x96" PANELS. MENSION HORIZONTAL. UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, ATTACH SHEATHING TO WALL STUDS IEL EDGES AND 12" ON CENTER AT INTERMEDIATE SUPPORT MEMBERS. ALL WALL PANEL	
HALL BE PRESSURE TREATED.	
FABRICATION AND ERECTION OF PREFABRICATED METAL-PLATE-CONNECTED WOOD EST EDITIONS OF:	
 NATIONAL DESIGN SPECIFICATION FOR WOOD CONSTRUCTION STANDARD FOR METAL PLATE CONNECTED WOOD TRUSSES. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR HANDLING INSTALLING, AND BRACING OF METAL PLATE 	SCALE
SIGN SPECIFICATIONS FOR TEMPORARY BRACING OF METAL PLATE CONNECTED WOOD	
DS INDICATED IN THE "DESIGN" SECTION OF THE GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES AND AS	
GN TRUSSES FOR WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES BASED ON THE WIND LOAD CRITERIA IN THESE PLIFT PRESSURE SHALL BE 15 PSF.	
E SOUTHERN YELLOW PINE, MINIMUM GRADE NUMBER 2.	
DT EXCEED L/360. MAXIMUM DEFLECTION DUE TO DEAD LOAD SHALL NOT EXCEED L/240	
ATIONS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR REVIEW, PRIOR TO FABRICATION OF GS AND CALCULATIONS SHALL BEAR THE SEAL OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER	
S AND CALCULATIONS HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED AND APPROVED.	No. DATE BY Description REVISIONS
BRACING AS REQUIRED BY TRUSS PLATE INSTITUTE SPECIFICATIONS. IN ADDITION, 2X4 D TRUSSES AT 12'-0" MAXIMUM INTERVAL AND ATTACHED TO WOOD TRUSSES WITH	DRAWN BYADM
' BRACING AND SHORING OF WOOD TRUSSES AGAINST WIND LOADS, CONSTRUCTION LOADS, ECTION IS NO LONGER REQUIRED FOR THE SAFE SUPPORT OF THE ROOF STRUCTURE.	APPROVED BY ADM
EADER SCHEDULE 2x6 LOAD BEARING WALL HEADERS: 1. FOR CLEAR SPANS LESS THAN OR	CHECKED BYACHDATEJULY 28, 2021
DERS IN EXTERIOR WOOD WALL CONSTRUCTION. STAGGER JOINTS EQUAL TO 3'-O", USE TRIPLE (3) 2x8 HEADER, SYP NUMBER 2 GRADE.	
DOUBLE 2x6 TOP PLATE 4'-0" MINIMUM IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	GENERAL STRUCTURAL
(3) KING (3)	NOTES AND DETAILS
TO 7'-0", USE TRIPLE (3) 2x12 HEADER, SYP NUMBER 2 GRADE. 4. FOR CLEAR SPANS GREATER THAN	PROJECT NO. 50140313
L STUDS	S-01
. (TYP) 儿 Щ 5. FOR CLEAR SPANS GREATER THAN	

10'-0", SEE PLAN FOR REQUIRED

HEADER SIZE AND COLUMN SIZE.





S-02

10' - 10'

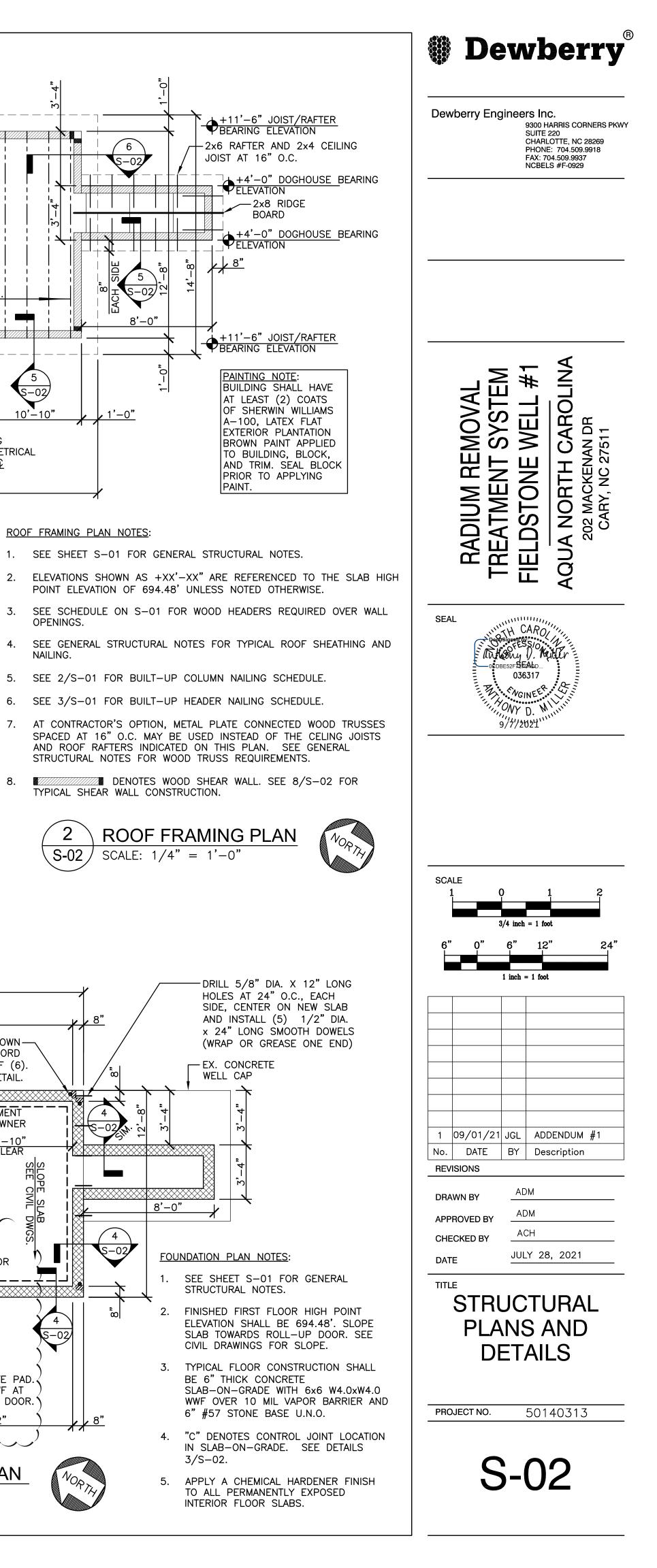
OPENINGS.

NAILING.

4.

7'–10' CLEAR

5-02



E	ELECTRICAL LE	GEND		
LIGHTING:	X DENOTES FIXTURE TYPE (TYP.)	SINGLE-LINE		EL
	# DENOTES TIXTORE TIPE (TTP.) SEE FIXTURE SCHEDULE # DENOTES CIRCUIT NUMBER (TYP.)	TRANSFO 45kVA 480-120/20		н
× #	RECTANGULAR FIXTURE		TRANSFORMER	
X X#	CEILING-MOUNTED FIXTURE	3P/4W		
X X #	WALL-MOUNTED FIXTURE	DRY TRAN	IS	
× ¶	WALL-MOUNTED EXIT SIGN:	TSHMSHCF	MOTOR & TYP. ADDITIONAL DEVICES: TSH: TEMPERATURE SWITCH MSH: MOTOR SPACE HEATER	
⊻# X ⊶∏#	SHADED PORTION DENOTES SIGN FACE POLE-MOUNTED FIXTURE	(HP) RPM TE ME	CF: COOLING FAN TE: TEMPERATURE ELEMENT	
#			ME: MOISTURE DETECTOR	
RECEPTACL	<u>ES:</u> X DENOTES RECEPTACLE TYPE (TYP.):	X	INSTRUMENT TAG:	DISCONNE SWITCH
	GFCI: GROUND FAULT CIRCUIT INTERRUPT UPS: UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY	TANT	X DENOTES INSTRUMENT TYPE Y DENOTES INSTRUMENT NUMBER	CONTA
х	WPCR: WEATHERPROOF CORROSION RESIS # DENOTES CIRCUIT NUMBER (TYP.)	TANT 🗵		
× ∯#	DUPLEX RECEPTACLE	100A	FUSE	LI SWITCI
<u>SWITCHES</u>		0 /		
# \$x	WALL SWITCH: X DENOTES TYPE:	30A 3P	DISCONNECT SWITCH	TEMPERATU SWITCH
ΥX	NO SUBSCRIPT: SINGLE-POLE SWITCH 3: 3-WAY SWITCH 4: 4-WAY SWITCH			THERMOST
	M: MANUAL MOTOR STARTER # DENOTES CIRCUIT NUMBER	100 AF 100 AT	LOW-VOLTAGE MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKER	PRESSU SWITCH
4	COMBINATION MOTOR STARTER			
Ч <u> </u>	DISCONNECT SWITCH		MOTOR CIRCUIT PROTECTOR	T DEI
•	LOCAL CONTROL STATION		GROUND	SWITC
<u>WIRING</u>	PROPOSED	γ	CT:	\searrow
	EXISTING	600:5 ((3) (NUMBERS DENOTE CT WINDING RATIO AND CT QUANTITY	G
	CONDUIT EXPOSED	480:120	PT:	
	CONDUIT UNDERGROUND CONDUIT HOMERUN	(2)	NUMBERS DENOTE PT WINDING VOLTAGES AND PT QUANTITY	
				100VA
E	VIEW SYMBOLS EQUIPMENT CONNECTION	₹ 77 ₹	LEFT: RESISTOR RIGHT: LINE REACTOR: #% DENOTES IMPEDANCE	480/120 V
\frown	INSTRUMENT TAG:			MS
X #	X DENOTES INSTRUMENT TYPE # DENOTES INSTRUMENT NUMBER	SPD XXXkA	SURGE PROTECTIVE DEVICE	\sim \vee
P-XXXX)	CONDUIT TAGS: P DENOTES POWER	<u>30 A</u>		
	C DENOTES CONTROL I DENOTES INSTRUMENTATION XXXX DENOTES CONDUIT ID		FVNR STARTER: X DENOTES NEMA SIZE	
T	THERMOSTAT	×	X DENOTES NEW A SIZE	
V		Z		
	HORN/LIGHT DEVICE	Ι		
EQUIPMENT,	/DEVICE LOCATION SYMBOLS	A	VFD	
*	LOCATED IN MCC			
	LOCATED IN STAND-ALONE MOTOR STARTER/CONTROLLER	VFD		
\bigtriangleup	LOCATED IN FIELD			
\circ_{X}	LOCATED AT PANEL: X DENOTES PANEL ID: L DENOTES LCS			
GROUNDING	<u>_</u>			
j 🕅	GROUND RODS: LEFT: BURIED			
	RIGHT: IN TESTWELL			
•	CAD WELD TERMINATION			
	#4/0 BCC			

ABBREVIATIONS:

ELEMENTARY CONTROL SCHEMATICS	AIC	AMPERE INTERRUPTING CAPACITY
	ANSI	AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE
	ASCE	AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CIVIL ENGINEERS
3-POSITION SELECTOR SWITCH.	ASME	AMERICAN SOCIETY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERS
ACC HOA DENOTES HAND/OFF/AUTO	AF	AMPERE FRAME
	AFF	ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR
	AT	AMPERE TRIP
E STOD MUSHROOM HEAD EMERGENCY		
STOP PUSHBUTTON SWITCH N.C.	BCC	BARE COPPER CONDUCTOR
MAINTAINED:	BKR	BREAKER
TEXT DENOTES LEGEND PLATE OL	CJB	CONTROL JUNCTION BOX
THERMAL OVERLOAD RELAY	CPT	CONTROL POWER TRANSFORMER
	CT	CURRENT TRANSFORMER
	CP	CONTROL PANEL
NO NC	CV	CHECK VALVE
ONNECT NO/NC: NORMALLY OPEN/CLOSED	DB	DUCTBANK
VITCHES 0 0 0 RO/RC: RISE-TO-OPEN/CLOSE FO/FC: FALL-TO-OPEN/CLOSE	DSW	DISCONNECT SWITCH
X X TO/TC: TIME-OPEN/CLOSE	ECB	ENCLOSED CIRCUIT BREAKER
NTACTS of to of to contracts	EHH	ELECTRICAL HANDHOLE
CONTACTS:	ETU	ELECTRONIC TRIP UNIT
	EX	EXISTING
VITCHES SWITCHES:		
TEXT DENOTES TAG NOMBER	FE	FLOW ELEMENT
NORC NOFC NCRO NCFO	FIT	FLOW INDICATING TRANSMITTER
	FVNR	FULL VOLTAGE NON-REVERSING
	FS	FLOW SWITCH
	GD	GAS DETECTOR
ESSURE PS PS PS PS	G/GND	GROUND
	GFCI	GROUND FAULT CIRCUIT INTERRUPTER
	IEEE	INSTITUTE OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS
		ENGINEERS
	ISO	INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR
	150	
$VITCHES \mid \mathcal{I} \mid \mathcal$		STANDARDIZATION
	HOA	HAND-OFF-AUTO
	JBX	JUNCTION BOX
<pre>/ \PTT INDICATOR LIGHT:</pre>	LCS	LOCAL CONTROL STATION
(G) LEFT: STANDARD/RIGHT: PUSH-TO-TEST	LP	LIGHTING PANEL
	LS	LEVEL SWITCH/LIMIT SWITCH
ETM RUN TIME METER	LSL	LEVEL SWITCH LOW
	LSLL	LEVEL SWITCH LOW-LOW
SV SOLENOID VALVE	LSH	LEVEL SWITCH HIGH
MPR MOTOR PROTECTION RELAY	LSHH	LEVEL SWITCH HIGH-HIGH
	MANUF	MANUFACTURER
CONTROL POWER TRANSFORMER	MCP	MOTOR CIRCUIT PROTECTOR
	MS	MOTOR STARTER
– – – MECHANICAL INTERLOCK CONNECTION		
	MSH	MOTOR SPACE HEATER
MOTOR SPACE HEATER	MTD	MOUNTED
COIL:	MTS	MANUAL TRANSFER SWITCH
X DENOTES TYPE:	MWTS	MOTOR WINDING TEMPERATURE SWITCH
XX M DENOTES MOTOR STARTER CR DENOTES CONTROL RELAY	N4X	NEMA 4X SST
VYY TD DENOTES TIME DELAY RELAY	NEC	NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE
PR DENOTES INTERPOSING PILOT RELAY LC DENOTES LIGHTING CONTACTOR	NEMA	NATIONAL ELECTRICAL MANUFACTURERS
Y DENOTES REFERENCE LINE NUMBER		ASSOCIATION
	NFPA	NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION
	NTS	NOT TO SCALE
	OL	OVERLOAD
	PC	PHOTOCELL
	PIT	PRESSURE INDICATING TRANSMITTER
	PLC	PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLER
	PP	POWER PANEL
	PS	PRESSURE SWITCH
	PSH	PRESSURE SWITCH HIGH
	PSL	PRESSURE SWITCH LOW
	PT	POTENTIAL TRANSFORMER/PRESSURE TRANSDUCER
	RECP	RECEPTACLE
	RTU	REMOTE TELEMETRY UNIT
		DEDUCED VOLTACE SOET STADTED

RVSS

SP C.

SPD

SST

SV

TSH

ΤYΡ

VFD

WPCR

XFMR

ΤX

S.E.

REDUCED VOLTAGE SOFT STARTER

SERVICE ENTRANCE

SURGE PROTECTIVE DEVICE

VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVE

WEATHER PROOF CORROSION RESISTANT

SPARE CONDUIT

STAINLESS STEEL

SOLENOID VALVE

TRANSFORMER

TRANSFORMER

TYPICAL

TWISTED SHIELDED

GENERAL NOTES:

1. THESE DRAWINGS ARE GENERALLY DIAGRAMMATIC AND DO NOT SHOW ALL DETAILS REQUIRED FOR THE COMPLETE SYSTEM. THEY SHOULD HOWEVER BE FOLLOWED AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE IN THE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT AND LOCATION OF EQUIPMENT. ALL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE CHECKED AT THE BUILDING AND ALL STRUCTURAL AND FINISH CONDITIONS INVESTIGATED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE HIS WORK TO MEET THESE CONDITIONS AND PROVIDED SUCH EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES AS MAY BE REQUIRED.

2. PROPERLY SUPPORT ALL WORK AND EQUIPMENT INSTALLED UNDER THIS CONTRACT PLUMB AND PARALLEL. STUDY ALL GENERAL, STRUCTURAL, MECHANICAL, AND ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS, SHOP DRAWINGS, AND CATALOG DATA TO DETERMINE HOW EQUIPMENT, ACCESSORIES, PIPING, FIXTURES, AND RELATED ITEMS ARE TO BE SUPPORTED, MOUNTED, OR SUSPENDED. PROVIDE ALL BOLTS, INSERTS, PIPE STANDS, BRACKETS, STRUCTURAL SUPPORTS, AND ACCESSORIES FOR PROPER SUPPORT OF EQUIPMENT FURNISHED UNDER THIS CONTRACT. COORDINATE THE ELECTRICAL WORK WITH ALL OTHER CONTRACTORS BEFORE BEGINNING WORK TO ENSURE THAT THE ELECTRICAL WORK DOES NOT INTERFERE WITH OTHER WORK.

3. NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IN WRITING IMMEDIATELY UPON DISCOVERY OF ANY DISCREPANCY OR POINTS OF CONFLICT IN THE DRAWINGS OR THE SPECIFICATIONS.

4. THE INSTALLATION OF ALL CONCRETE ENCASED ELECTRICAL CONDUITS SHALL COMPLY WITH ACI 318, SECTION 6.3. CONTRACTOR SHALL SUPPLY EXPANSION JOINT FITTINGS AS REQUIRED FOR THERMAL EXPANSION AND DEFLECTION.

5. BOND ALL DIRECT BURIED GROUND CONDUCTORS TO EXISTING GROUND CONDUCTORS IN ALL MANHOLES, PULL BOXES, CABLE TRAYS, AND SIMILAR LOCATIONS WHERE APPLICABLE.

6. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED OR NOTED, ALL WALL MOUNTED ELECTRICAL PANELS, ENCLOSURES, AND SIMILAR EQUIPMENT SHALL BE MOUNTED 6'-6" (MAX) FROM THE TOP OF THE PANEL TO FINISHED FLOOR OR GRADE.

7. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL LIGHTING SWITCHES, CONTROL SWITCHES, AND SIMILAR EQUIPMENT SHALL BE MOUNTED WITH THEIR CENTERLINE APPROXIMATELY 4'-0" ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR, SLAB, OR GRADE. THERMOSTATS SHALL BE MOUNTED 4'-4" ABOVE FINISHED FLOOR.

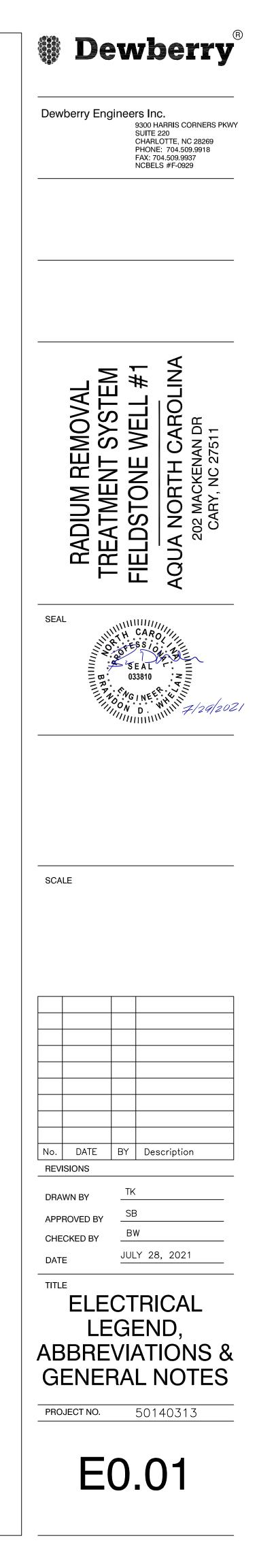
8. A SEPARATE EQUIPMENT GROUNDING CONDUCTOR SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR EACH CIRCUIT (SEPARATE CONDUCTOR IN THE CONDUIT). THE CONDUCTOR SHALL BE TERMINATED AT THE PROPER DEVICE, TERMINAL, OR LUG AT THE POWER SOURCE (MCC GROUND BUS, PANELBOARD GROUND BUS, ETC.). GROUND CONDUCTOR SIZE SHALL BE PER THE LATEST EDITION OF THE NEC.

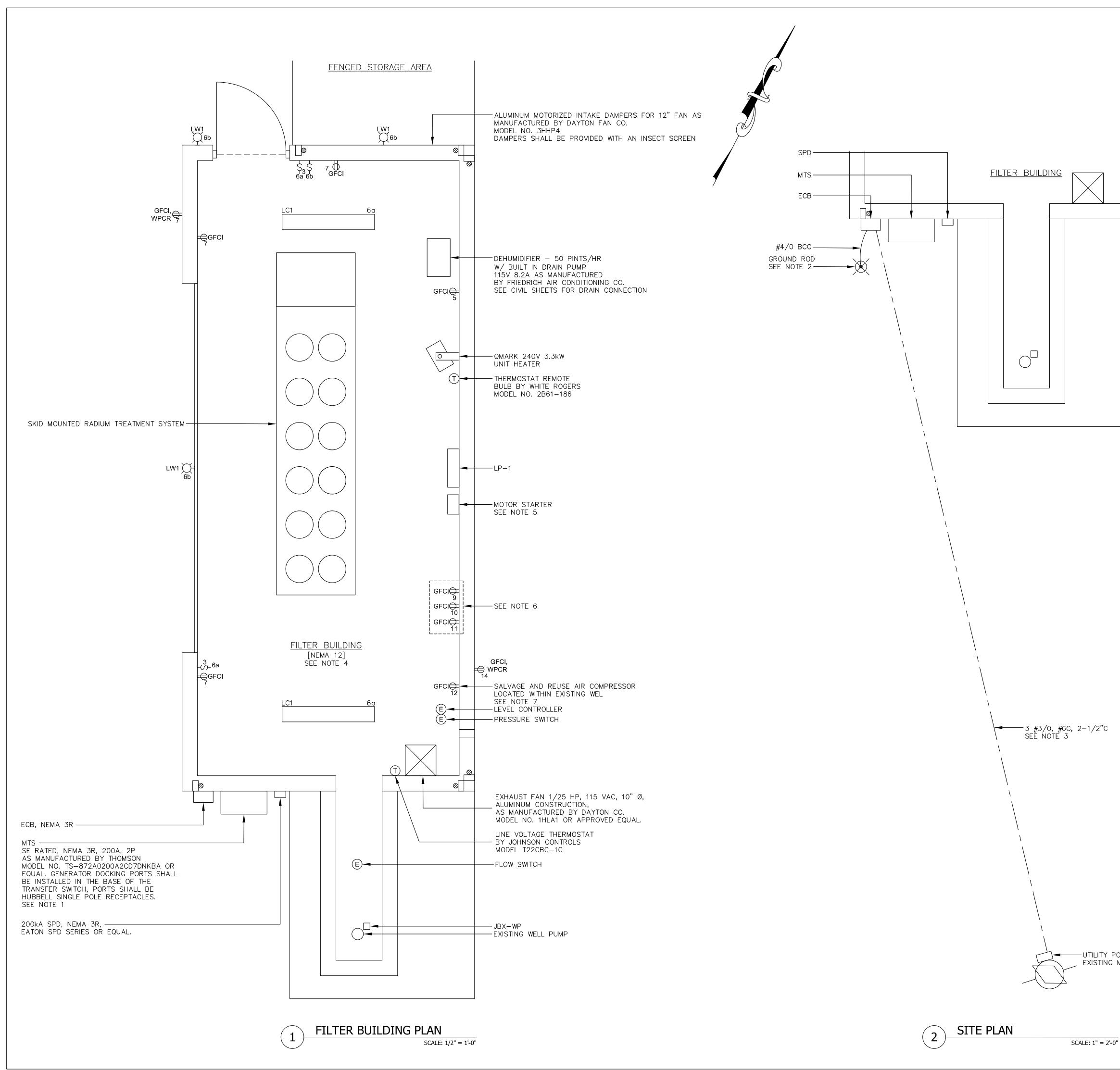
9. ALL CONDUIT HOMERUNS ARE NOT SHOWN ON DRAWINGS. CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO CONDUIT AND WIRE SCHEDULE, RISER DIAGRAMS, SINGLE LINE DIAGRAMS, AND OTHER DRAWINGS FOR CONDUIT AND WIRE REQUIREMENTS.

10. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, DIRECT-BURIED CONDUIT SHALL BE SCHEDULE 40 PVC. WIRE TYPE SHALL BE THHN/THWN. GFCI RECEPTACLES SHALL BE RATED 20A AT 120-240V AND UL 943 LISTED.

11. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL ELECTRICAL METERING EQUIPMENT WITH LOCAL ELECTRIC UTILITY. COORDINATION SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT LIMITED TO: SECONDARY CONDUIT & WIRE, METERING CABINET AND EQUIPMENT, AND SECONDARY DISCONNECTING MEANS. ALL COSTS RELATED TO UTILITY REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

12. CONTRACTOR SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE NEC AND LCOAL BUILDING CODES.





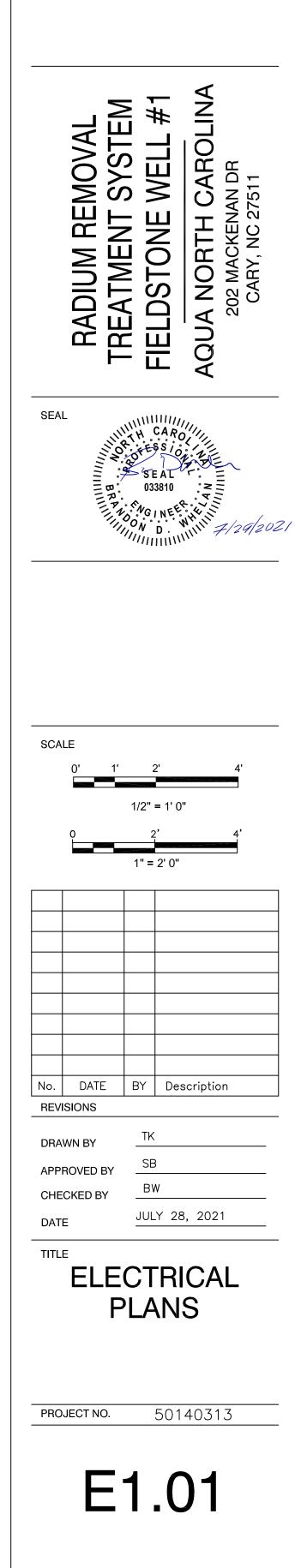
NOTES:

- 1. PROVIDE MTS WITH SURGE PROTECTOR, CUTLER HAMMER CHS-A01 OR EQUAL.
- 2. CONNECT TO EXISTING GROUNDING RING. SEE 1/E3.01-DETAILS.
- 3. ALL UNDERGROUND RACEWAY SHALL BE SCHEDULE 40 PVC.
- 4. ALL INTERIOR CONDUIT SHALL BE PVC.
- 5. PROVIDE 5HP MAGNETIC MOTOR STARTER FOR WELL PUMP. MOTOR STARTER SHALL HAVE THE FOLLOWING INTEGRAL FEATURES:
- 5.1. MANUFACTURE: ALLEN-BRADLEY, SERIES 509
- 5.2. NEMA 3R ENCLOSURE 5.3. 120VAC COIL
- 5.4. THERMAL OVERLOADS: J-SERIES
- 5.5. HAND/OFF/AUTO SWITCH, WITH RUNNING INDICATION LIGHT
- 5.6. TIMER SWITCH: INTERMATIC MODEL FF5M, WIRED TO
- CONTROL THE AUTO CIRCUIT. 5.7. TWO (2) NORMALLY OPEN AUXILIARY CONTACTS
- 5.8. ELAPSED TIME METER: VENDER-ROOT 7795
- 5.9. IMPULSE COUNTER: DURANT 6-Y-41345
- 6. RECEPTACLES DEDICATED TO CHEMICAL PUMPS.
- 7. RECEPTACLE DEDICATED TO AIR COMPRESSOR.

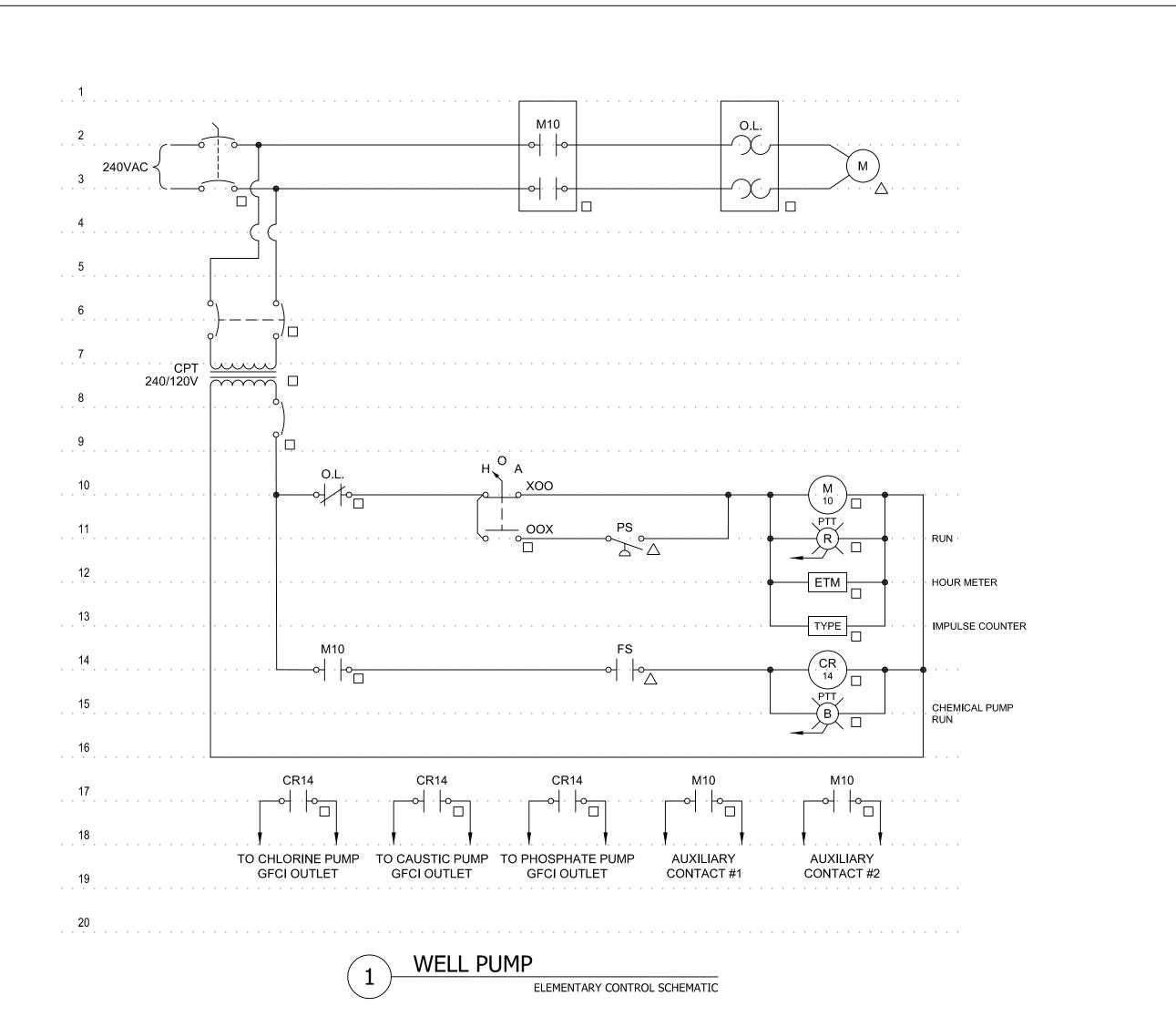
Dewberry Engineers Inc. 9300 HARRIS CORNERS PKWY SUITE 220 CHARLOTTE, NC 28269 PHONE: 704.509.9918 FAX: 704.509.9937

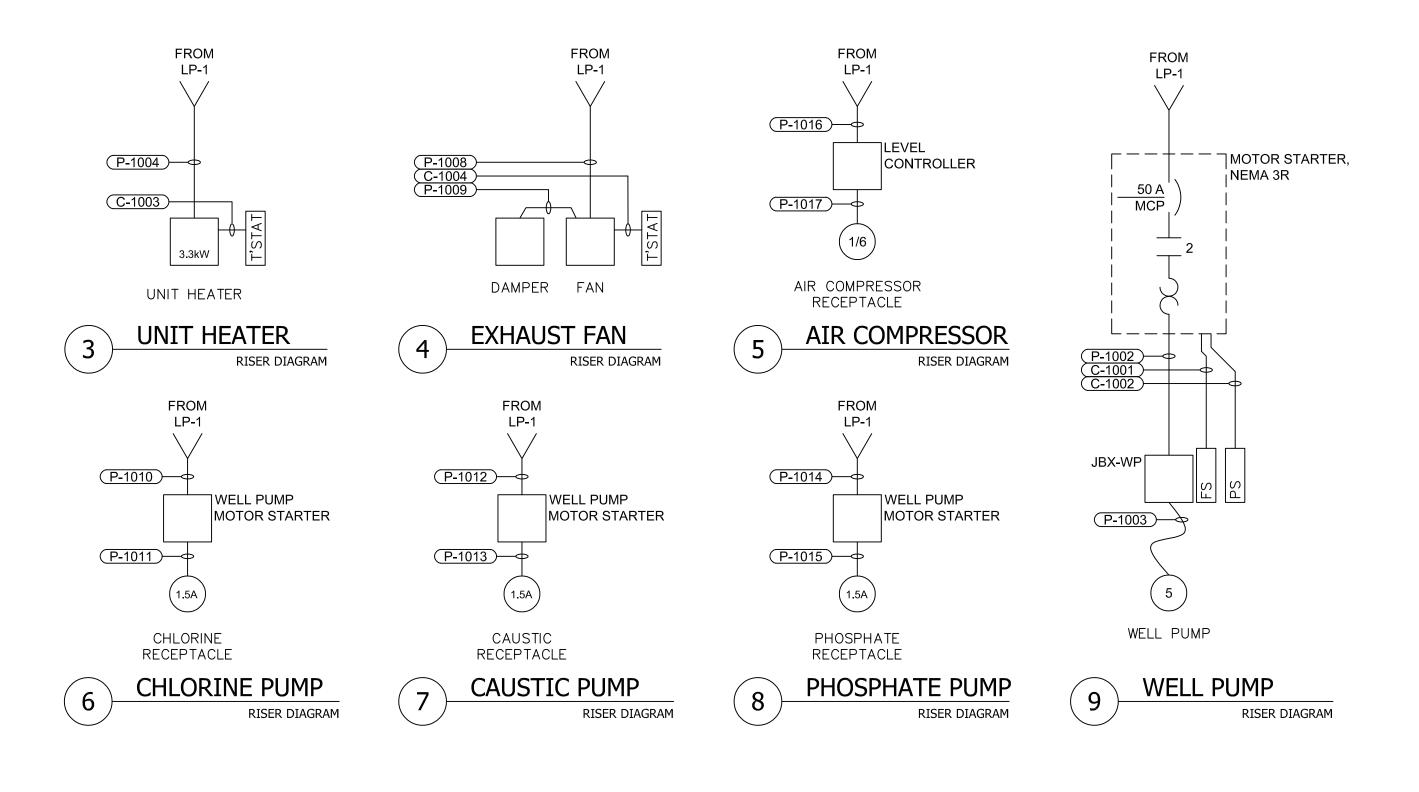
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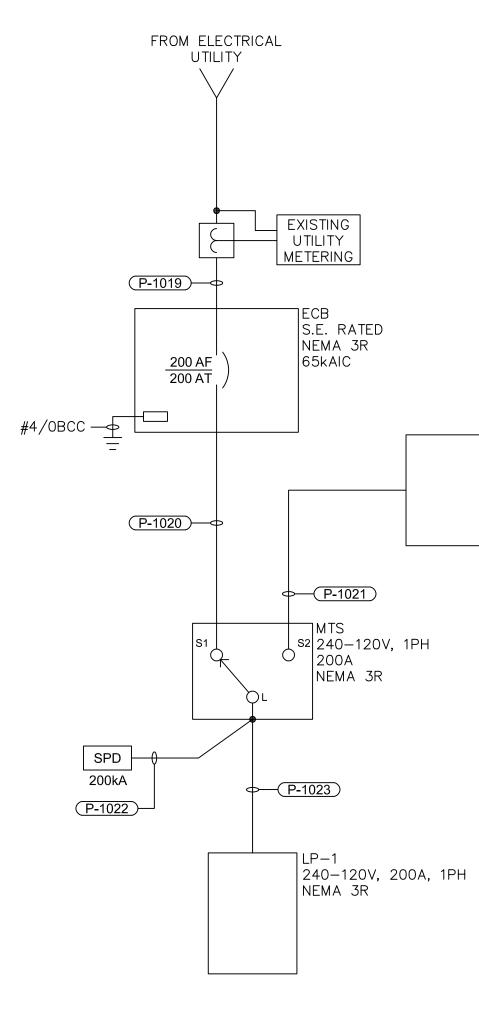
NCBELS #F-0929



UTILITY POLE WITH EXISTING METER









NOTES:

- 1. MOUNTED TO BASE OF MTS.
- 2. VERIFY POSITIONING AND WIRING OF EXISTING PROCESS SWITCHES WHEN THEY ARE UNWIRED FROM EXISTING WELL HOUSE AND TIED INTO NEW PIPING.



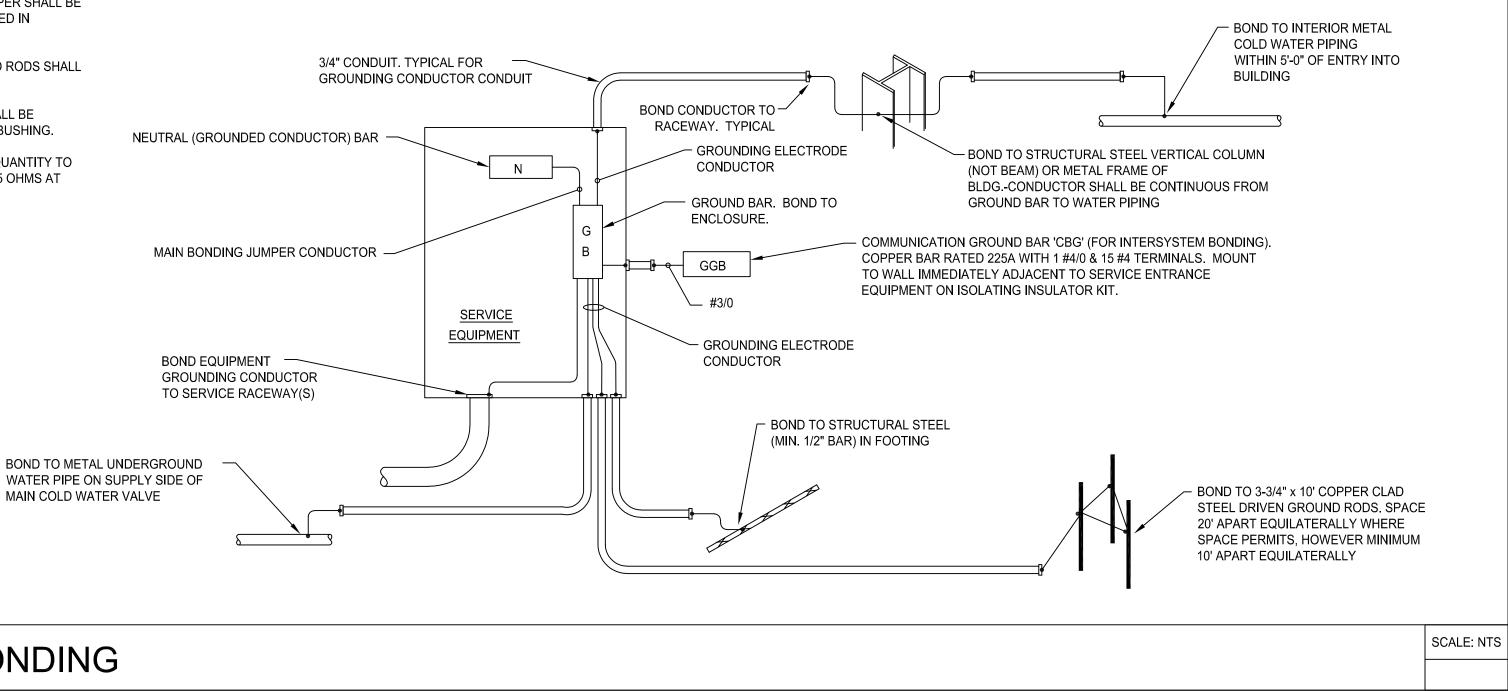
Dewberry Engineers Inc. 9300 HARRIS CORNERS PKWY SUITE 220 CHARLOTTE, NC 28269 PHONE: 704.509.9918 FAX: 704.509.9937 NCBELS #F-0929

GENERATOR DOCKING PORTS NEMA 3R, 240–120V, 200A, 1PH SEE NOTE 1

ШШ N N N C RADIUI \square TRE/ QU SEAL SCALE No. DATE BY Description REVISIONS DRAWN BY APPROVED BY ΒW CHECKED BY JULY 28, 2021 DATE TITLE ELECTRICAL SCHEDULES **& SINGLE LINES** 50140313 PROJECT NO. E2.01

NOTES:

- 1. GROUNDING CONDUCTORS AND MAIN BONDING JUMPER SHALL BE BARE COPPER UNO AND SHALL BE SIZED AS INDICATED IN ELECTRICAL RISER AND THIS DETAIL.
- 2. CONNECTIONS TO STRUCTURAL STEEL AND GROUND RODS SHALL BE EXOTHERMICALLY WELDED.
- 3. GROUNDING ELECTRODE CONDUCTOR CONDUIT SHALL BE BONDED AT EACH END BY MEANS OF A GROUNDING BUSHING.
- PROVIDE GROUND ROD LENGTH (MINIMUM 10') AND QUANTITY TO ACHIEVE GROUND ROD RESISTANCE OF LESS THAN 5 OHMS AT SERVICE EQUIPMENT.



GROUNDING / BONDING

	40/120 VOLTS				L	LP-1			TYP	E: NEMA 3R						
1 PH	HASE, 3 WIRE					BREAKER			MOUN	T: SURFACE						
					200	00A 2P		-	1	-1		_				
DE	ESCRIPTION	WIRE	TRIP	OLE No	D. VOLT-AMPERES	VOLT-AMP A	B No. POLE	TRIP	WIRE	DES	CRIPTION					
PUMP		P-1001	40	2 1	3,360 3,360	1,650	2 1,650 4	20	P-1004	UNIT HEATER						
DEHUMIDIFIER (GFCI	CI)	P-1005	20	1 5	6 984	150	6 1	20	P-1006	LIGHTING						
RECEPTACLES - UTIL	ILITY (GFCI)	P-1007	20	1 7	7 720		66 8 1	20	P-1008	EXHAUST FAN AND LO	UVERS	-				
RECEPTACLES - CHL	LORINE PUMP (GFCI)	P-1010	20	1 9	180	180	10 1	20	P-1012	RECEPTACLES - CAUS	TIC PUMP (GFCI)					
RECEPTACLES - PHC	OSPHATE PUMP (GFCI)	P-1014	20	1 1 [.]	1 180		180 12 1	20	P-1016	RECEPTACLES - AIR CO	OMPRESSOR (GFCI)					
SPARE			20	1 13	3	180	14 1	20	P-1018	RECEPTACLES - HEAT	TRACE (GFCI)	_				
SPACE				15	5		16 1	20		SPARE		_				
				TOTAL	4,524 4,260	2,160	1,896 TOTAL									
NOTES:					PHASE TOTAL	TOTAL LO	OAD			TOTAL L	OAD (AMPS)					
*65kAIC					6,684 6,156	12,840	0				35.6					
*SERVICE ENTRANCI	CE RATED										17.8%					
CONDUIT NO.	SIZE	FROM			то		CONDUCTORS		REMA	RKS	CONDUIT NO.	SIZE	FROM	то	CONDUCTORS	REMARKS
P-1000	-						NOT USED				C-1000	_			NOT USED	
P-1001	3/4"	LP-1			MOTOR STARTER		2#8, #8G				C-1001	3/4"	FLOW SWITCH	MOTOR STARTER	4#14, #14GND	
P-1002	3/4"	MOTOR STARTER			JBX-WP		2#8, #8G				C-1002	3/4"	PRESSURE SWITCH	MOTOR STARTER	4#14, #14GND	
P-1003	1"	JBX-WP			WELL PUMP		CABLE BY MANUF.				C-1003	3/4"	UNIT HEATER	UNIT HEATER T'STAT	4#14, #14GND	
P-1004	3/4"	LP-1			UNIT HEATER		2#12, #12G				C-1004	3/4"	EXHAUST FAN	EXHAUST FAN T'STAT	4#14, #14GND	
P-1005	3/4"	LP-1			DEHUMIDIFER		2#12, #12G				C-1005				NOT USED	
P-1006	3/4"	LP-1				,	2#12, #12G									
P-1007 P-1008	3/4" 3/4"	LP-1 LP-1			RECEPTACLES - UTILITY EXHAUST FAN		2#12, #12G 									
P-1009	3/4"	EXHAUST FAN			DAMPERS		2#12, #12G									
P-1009	3/4"	LP-1			MOTOR STARTER		2#12, #12G									
P-1011	3/4"	MOTOR STARTER			RECEPTACLES - CHLORINE P	PUMP	2#12, #12G									
P-1012	3/4"	LP-1			MOTOR STARTER		2#12, #12G									
P-1013	3/4"	MOTOR STARTER			RECEPTACLES - CAUSTIC PL	UMP	2#12, #12G									
P-1014	3/4"	LP-1			MOTOR STARTER		2#12, #12G									
P-1015	3/4"	MOTOR STARTER			RECEPTACLES - PHOSPHATE I	PUMP	2#12, #12G									
P-1016	3/4"	LP-1			LEVEL CONTROLLER		2#12, #12G									
P-1017	3/4"	LEVEL CONTROLLER			RECEPTACLES - AIR COMPRES	SSOR	2#12, #12G									
P-1018	3/4"	LP-1			RECEPTACLES - HEAT TRAC	ACE	2#12, #12G									
P-1019	2-1/2"	UTILITY			ECB		3#3/0, #6G									
P-1020	2-1/2"	ECB			MTS		3#3/0, #6G									
P-1021	2-1/2"	GENERATOR DOCKING POR	Т		MTS		3#3/0, #6G									
P-1022	1"	MTS			SPD		3#6, #6G									
P-1023	2-1/2"	MTS			LP-1		3#3/0, #6G									
P-1024				1			NOT USED	1								

	FIXTURE SCHEDULE											
FIXTURE TYPE	DESCRIPTION											
LC1	31W (max)	CEILING-MOUNTED, 120-277Vac, LED LIGHT FIXTURE, COLOR TEMPERATURE OF 4100K, LINEAL RIBBED FROSTED ACRYLIC LENS, SPREAD DISTRIBUTION, GASKETED FIBERGLASS HOUSING, STAINLESS STEEL LATCHES, 4FT, 4,000 LUMEN MINIMUM, AND WET LOCATION LISTED.	HOLOPHANE EMS LED SERIES, COOPER VAPORTITE LED SERIES, OR LITHONIA FEM LED SERIES.									
LW1	28W (max)	WALL-MOUNTED, 120-277Vac, LED LIGHT FIXTURE, COLOR TEMPERATURE OF 4000K, IESNA TYPE III MEDIUM DISTRIBUTION, BLACK DIE-CAST ALUMINUM HOUSING, FULL CUT-OFF OPTICS, 3,000 LUMEN MINIMUM, INTEGRAL PHOTOCELL, EMERGENCY BATTERY BACKUP.	HOLOPHANE WALLPACK FULL CUTOFF LED, HUBBELL LMC SERIES, OR APPROVED EQUAL									

SUITE CHARL PHONE FAX: 70	ARRIS CORNERS PK
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H CARC FESSIO SEAL 033810 NGINEE N D.	
BY Des	scription
TK SB BW JULY 28	<u> </u>
TR	(`\
	FAX: 74 NCBEL H# TIAN ANOLSOIAL SEAL 033810 NG / NE NG

FIELDSTONE WELL #1 AQUA NORTH CAROLINA ADEDGE TREATMENT SYSTEM

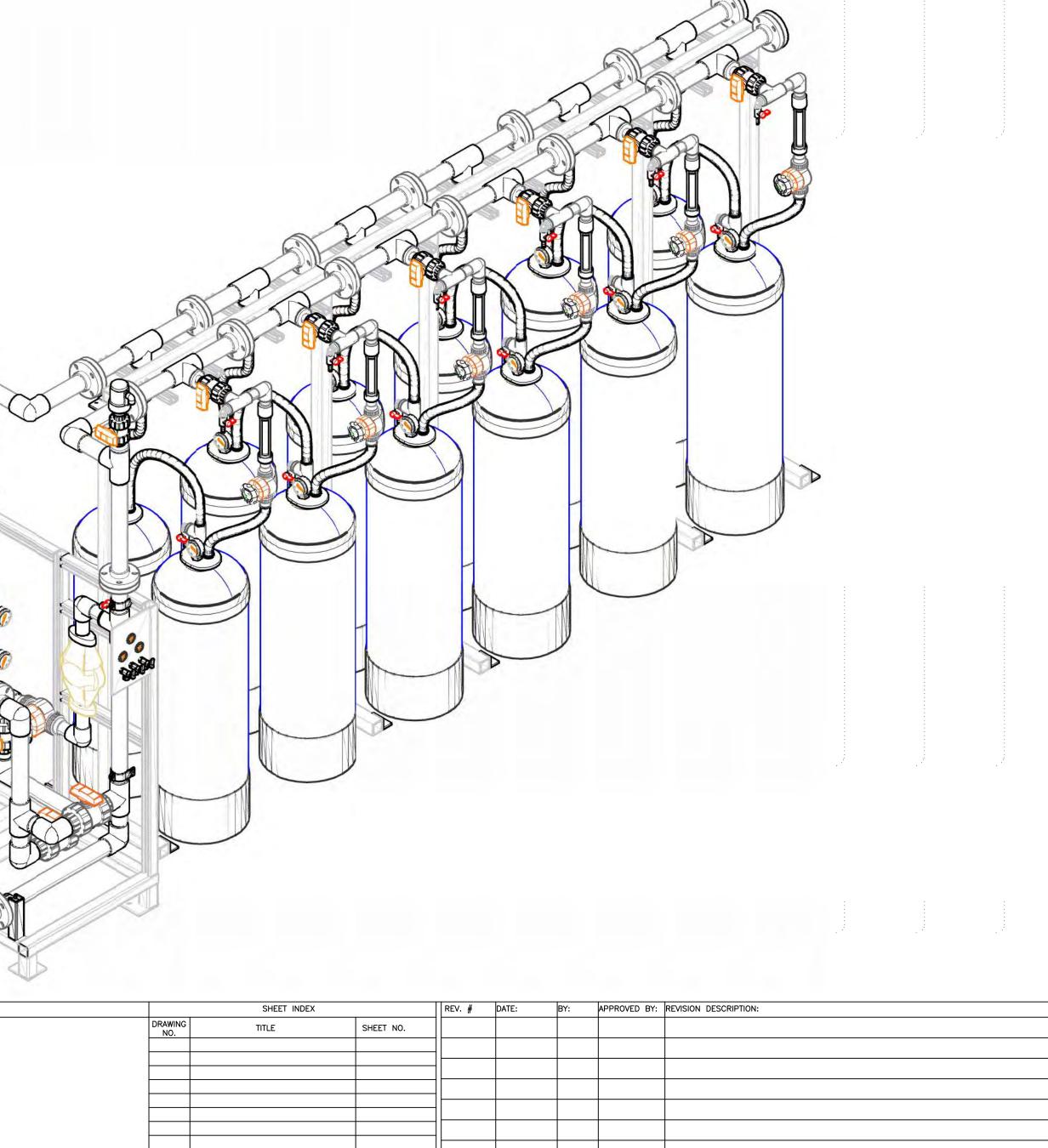
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wing is the exclusive property of AdEdge Water igies, L.L.C. Its acceptance constitutes an int that it shall be expressly used for subject and shall be returned upon request. Information d on, or derived from this drawing, is not to be licated, disclosed, used or copied without prior ation. ____

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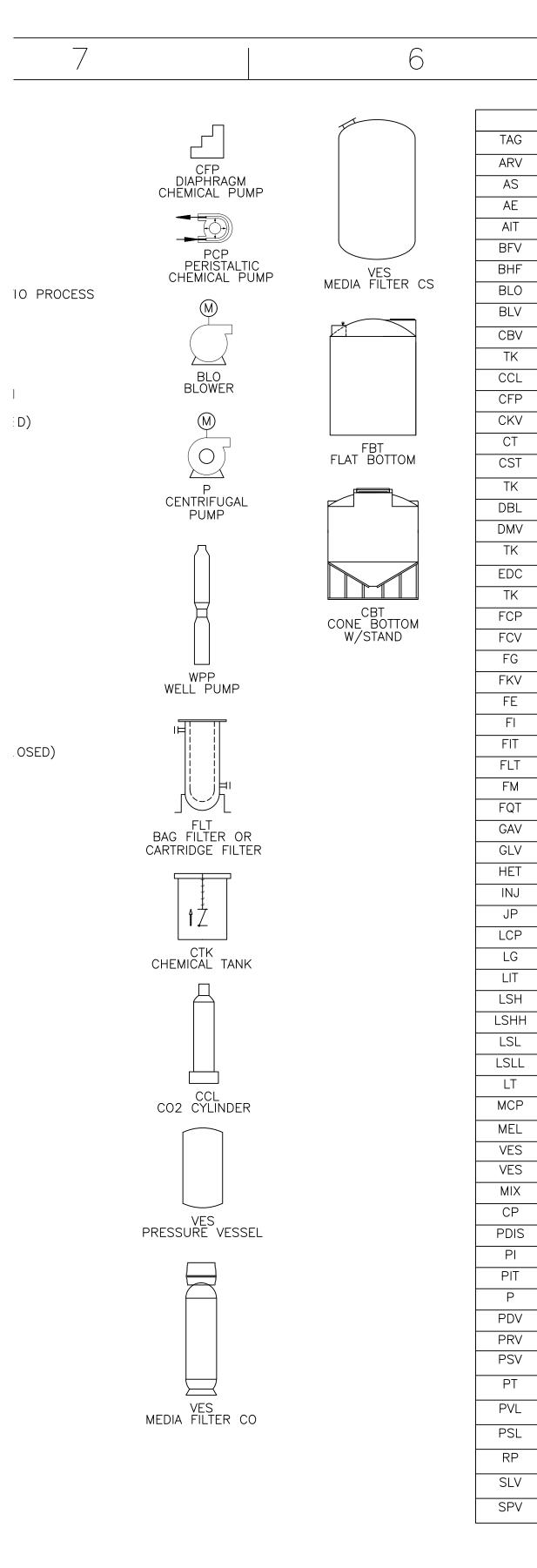


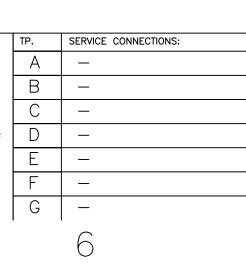
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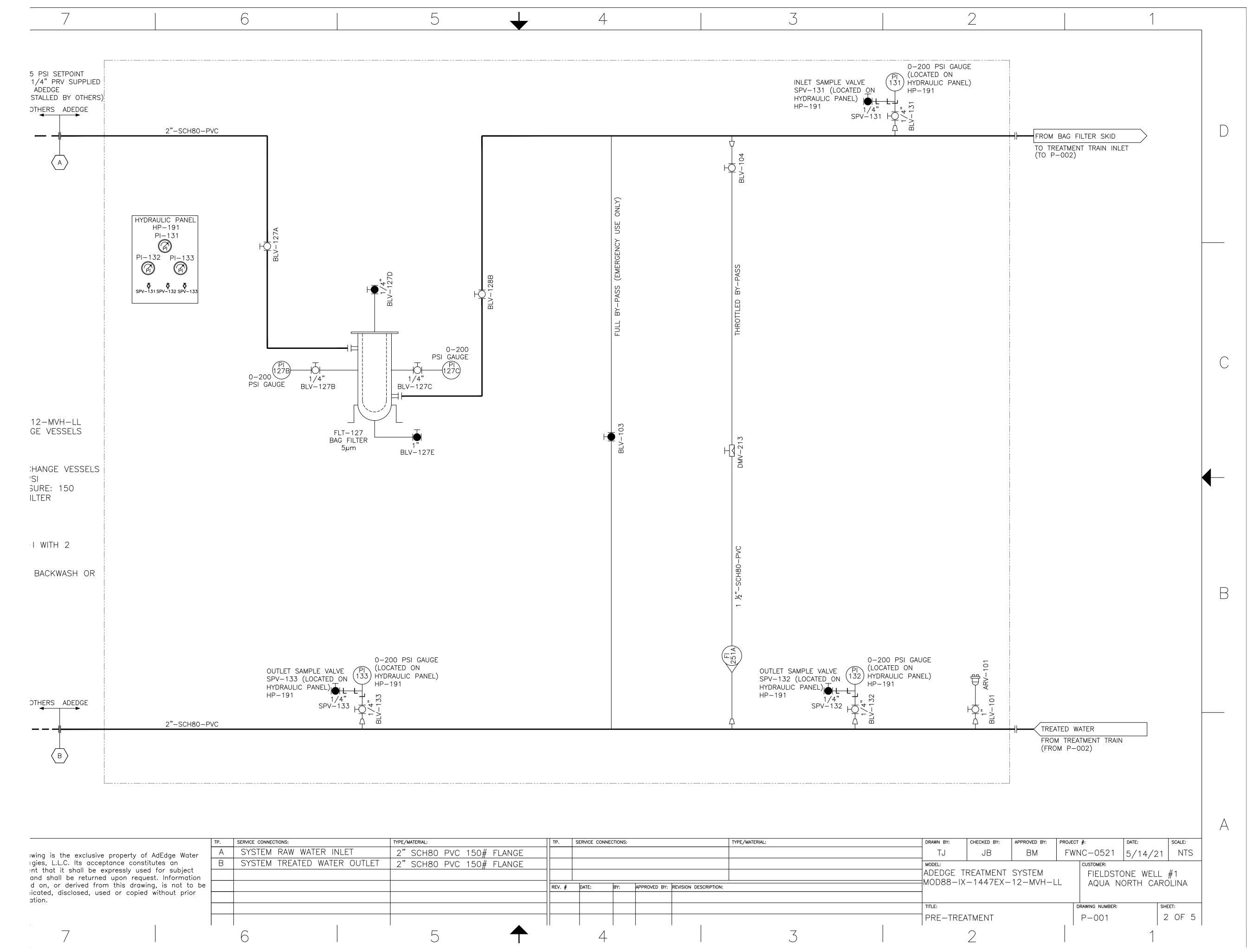
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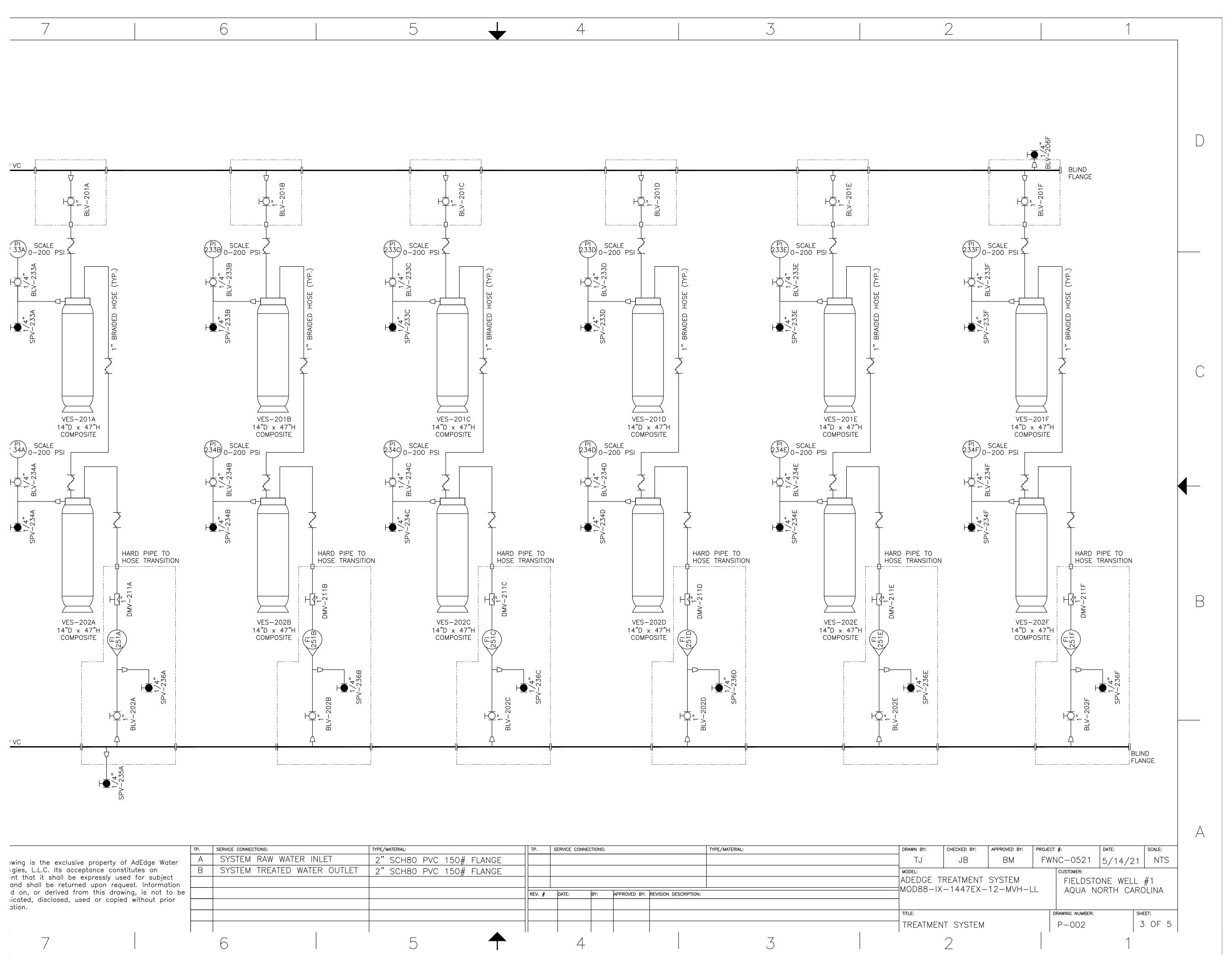
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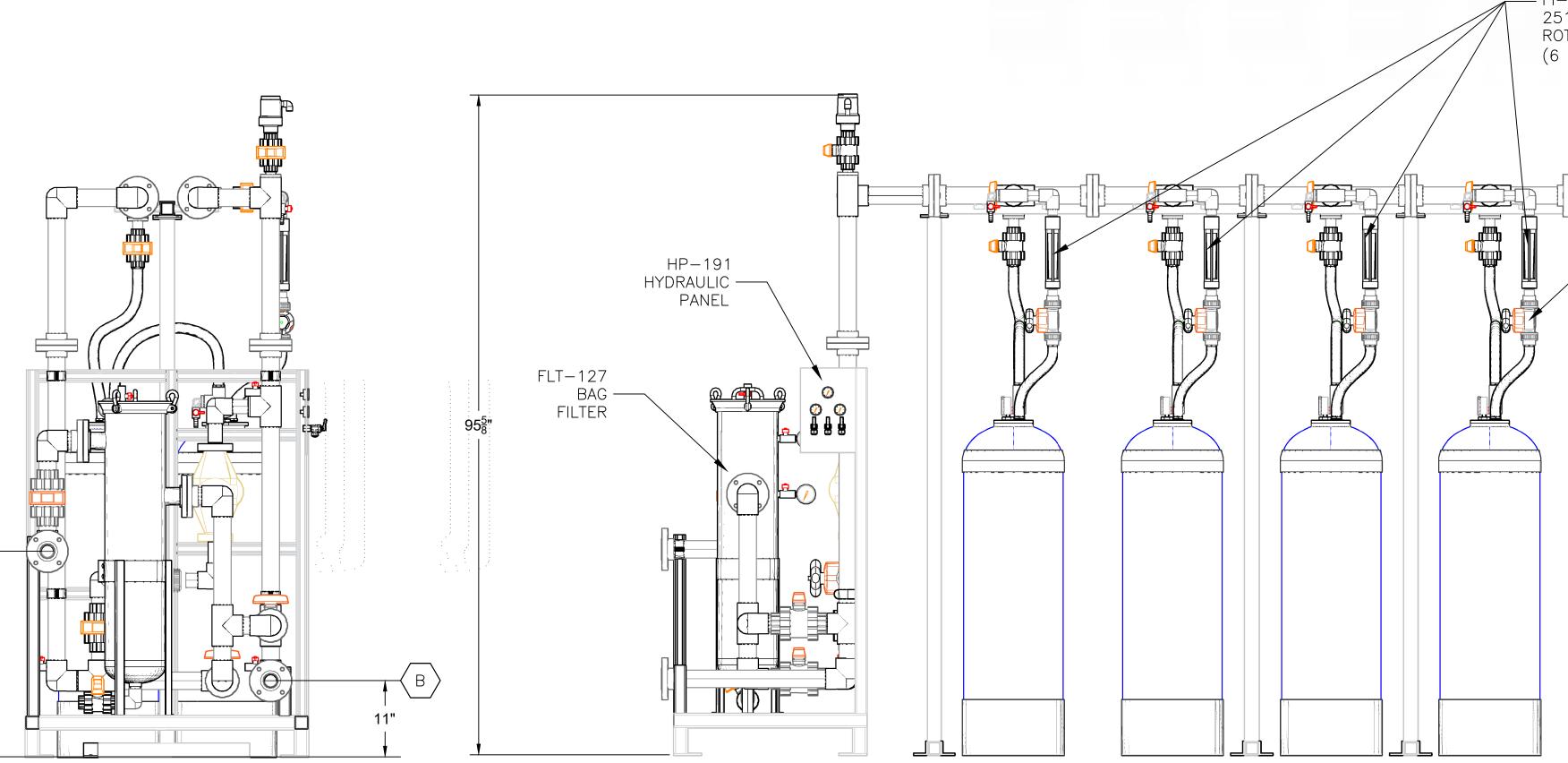
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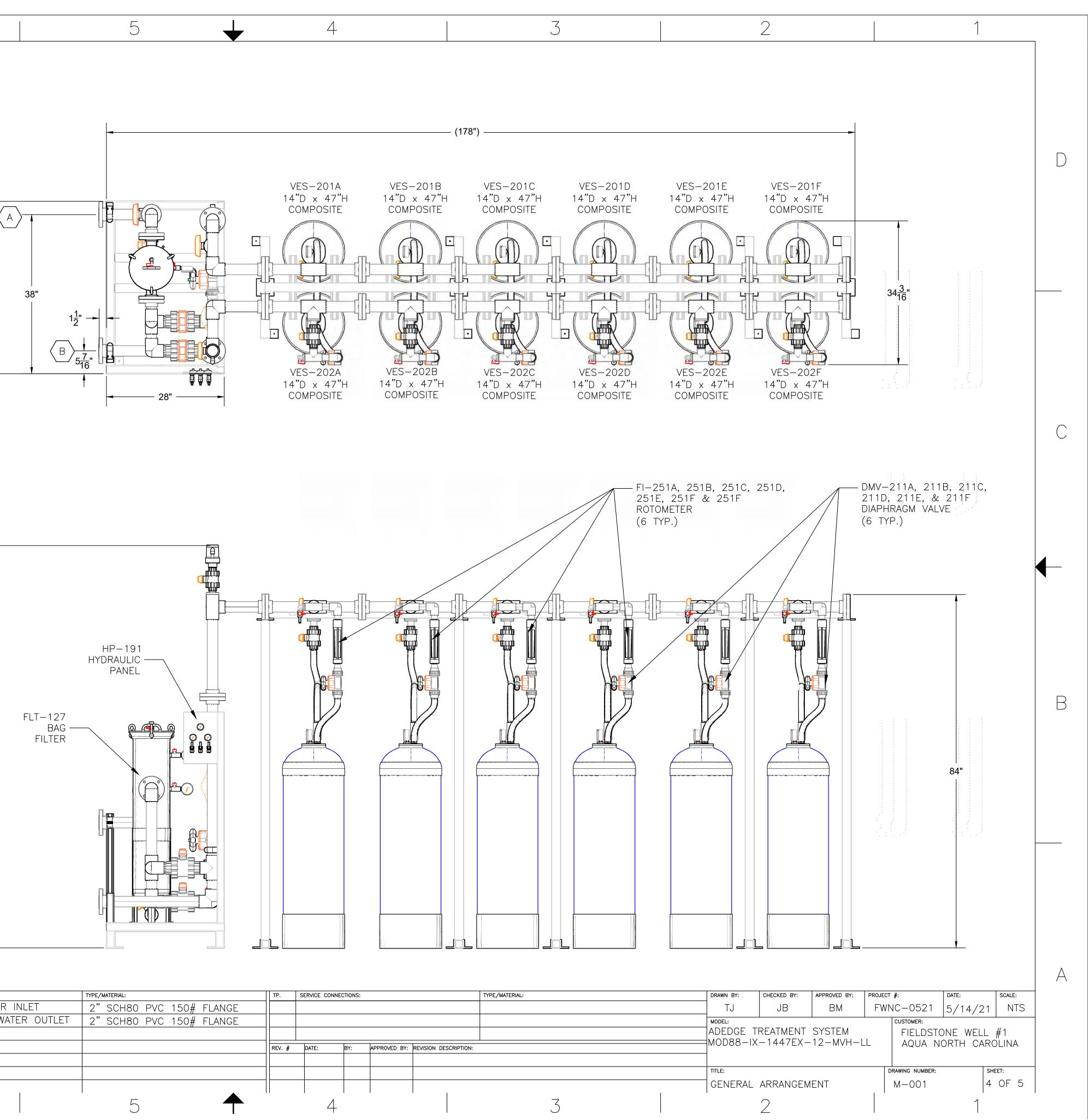
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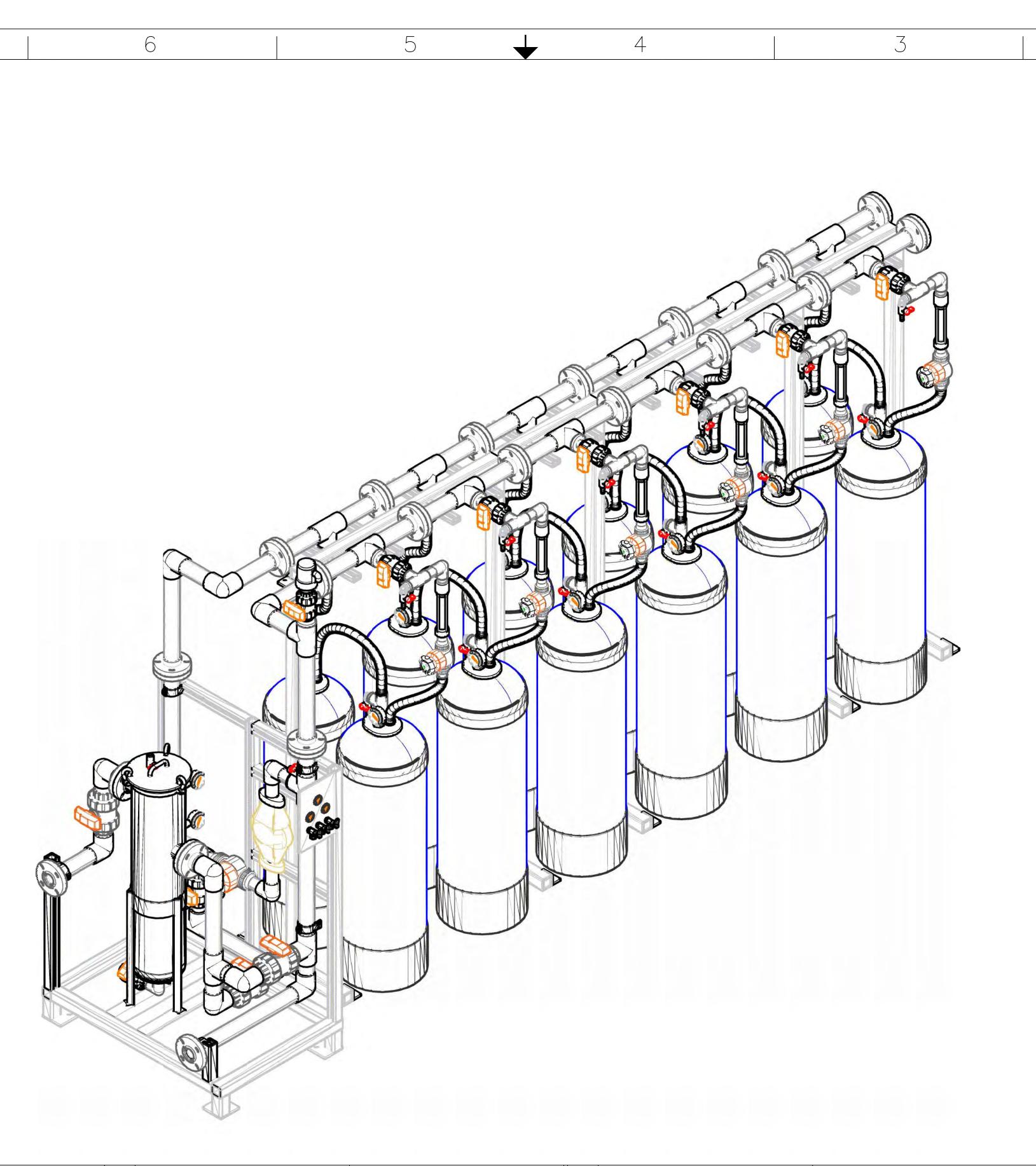
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PROPERTY OWNER 5559-76-1541 Aqua North Carolina Inc 202 Mackenan Dr Cary, NC 27511

5559-66-8878	5559-76-2597	5559-76-2388
Cold Springs Methodist Church	Robert & Bethany Ledwell	Martha Fisher
2550 Cold Springs Rd	56 Sumner Ave, NW	7387 Hoffner Dr
Concord, NC 28025	Concord, NC 28027	Harrisburg, NC 28075
5559-76-1261	5559-76-0330	5559-66-9319
Brenda Long	William & Cheryl Cannon	Jeremy & Christy Baggarly
5339 Historic Springs Dr	5313 Historic Springs Dr	5307 Historic Springs Dr
Concord, NC 28025	Concord, NC 28025	Concord, NC 28025
5559-66-7467		
James & Deborah Mullis		
5301 Historic Springs Dr		
Concord, NC 28025		



November 22, 2021

Dear Property Owner:

A Conditional Use Permit Application has been filed in our office for your property. The specifics of the request are listed below. The Cabarrus County Board of Adjustment will consider this petition on Tuesday December 14, 2021 at 6:30 PM in the 2nd floor Commissioner's Chambers of the Cabarrus County Governmental Center, located at 65 Church Street S Concord, NC 28025. A Public Hearing will be conducted and public input will be allowed during that time. If you have any comments about this request, I encourage you to attend this meeting.

Petitioner	Aqua North Carolina Inc
Petition Number	CUSE2021-00007
Property Location	5309 Historic Spring Drive
Parcel ID Number	5559-76-1541
Existing Zoning	Countryside Residential (CR)
Conditional Use Request	Public Service Facility

If you have any questions regarding this petition, or the hearing process, please contact me at Cabarrus County Planning and Development at 704.920.2181.

Sincerely,

hills Collins

Phillip Collins, AICP Senior Planner Cabarrus County Planning and Development 704.920.2181



November 22, 2021

Dear Property Owner:

A Conditional Use Permit Application has been filed in our office for property **adjacent** to yours. The specifics of the request are listed below. The Cabarrus County Board of Adjustment will consider this petition on Tuesday December 14, 2021 at 6:30 PM in the 2nd floor Commissioner's Chambers of the Cabarrus County Governmental Center, located at 65 Church Street S Concord, NC 28025. A Public Hearing will be conducted and public input will be allowed during that time. If you have any comments about this request, I encourage you to attend this meeting.

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Petition Number	CUSE2021-00007
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Existing Zoning	Countryside Residential (CR)
Conditional Use Request	Public Service Facility

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Sincerely,

hills Collins

Phillip Collins, AICP Senior Planner Cabarrus County Planning and Development 704.920.2181

Nov 17, 2021 at 2:30:27 PM 2701–2799 Byfield Dr Cabarrus County

CABARRUS COUNTY

NOTICE CUSE2021-00007 FOR DETAILS CALL 704-920-2141



14402 0319

FILED ELECTRONICALLY CABARRUS COUNTY NC M. WAYNE NIXON VILED Aug 11, 2020 AT 12:20:00 AM

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EXCISE TAN	c	\$8	0.00

Excise Tax \$80.00

Prepared by: Samuel F. Davis, Jr., Harseli & Williams, P.A. PO Box 368, Concord, NC 28026-0368 NO TITLE OPINION REQUESTED OR RENDERED

Return to: Howard S. Irvin, Esq., Concord, NC

Brief description for the index: Lot 44, Sec. 4, Cold Springs Subdivision

SPECIAL WARRANTY DEED

Tax Parcel: 5559-76-2388

THIS SPECIAL WARRANTY DEED made this 10th day of August 2020, by and between

GRANTOR	GRANTEE		
Samuel F. Davis, Jr. and wife, Alico F. Davis	Martha Kay Blackwelder Fisher		
446 Winfield Blvd SE, Concord, NC 28025	7387 Hoffner Drive, Harrisburg, NC 28075		
Enter each party's, pame, address, and	the character of my onbity, e.g. LLC, Inc., etc.		

The designations Grantor and Grantee as used herein shall include said parties, their heirs, successors, and assigns, and shall include singular, plural, masculine, feminine or neuter, as required by context.

WITNESSETH, that: - The Grantor, for a valuable consideration paid by the Grantee, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, has and by these presents does grant, bargain, sell and convey unto the Grantee in fee simple, all that certain lot or parcel of land situated in No. 9 Township, Cabarrus County, North Carolina and more particularly described as follows:

Lot 44 in Section 4 of Cold Springs Subdivision as shown upon the map of the Revision of Cold Springs Subdivision recorded in Map Book 20, page 11 in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Cabarrus County, North Carolina.

For back reference, see instrument recorded in Book 11230, page 274.

This conveyance is made and accepted SUBJECT TO the following:

- The Protective Covenants and Restrictions for the Subdivision of "Cold Springs" as recorded 1. in Deed Book 562, page 404 and amended by instrument recorded in Deed Book 571, page 387 in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Cabarrus County, North Carolina, and Grantor reserves the easements and right to grant rights-of-way for utility purposes, as set forth in paragraphs 10(a), 10(b) and 10(c) of said Protective Covenants and Restrictions.
- 2. The 30' Wide Access Easement along the dividing line with Lot 29, as shown upon the map recorded in Map Book 20, page 11.
- 3. The sanitary sewer right-of-way across the rear of Lot 44 as shown on the map recorded in Map Book 35, page 9 in the Office of the Register of Deeds for Cabarrus County, North Carolina.

Alice F. Davis is signing this deed for the sole purpose of releasing any marital interest that she may have in said property.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the aforesaid tract or parcel of land and all privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging to the Grantee in fee simple.

Grantor does hereby covenant that Grantor has not placed or suffered to be placed any presently existing lien or encumbrance on the premises and that Grantor will warrant and defend the title to the same against the lawful claims of all persons claiming by, through, under, or on account of the Grantor, but no further. The title to the property hereinabove described is subject to the following exceptions:

- 1. Cabarrus County property taxes for 2020, which are not yet due or ascertainable.
- 2. The Protective Covenants and Restrictions for the Subdivision of "Cold Springs", the 30' Wide Access Easement, and the Sanitary Sewer Right of Way, referenced above.
- 3. All enforceable rights of way, easements, and restrictions without reimposing the same.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said Grantor has executed this Special Warranty Deed, as of the day and year first above written.

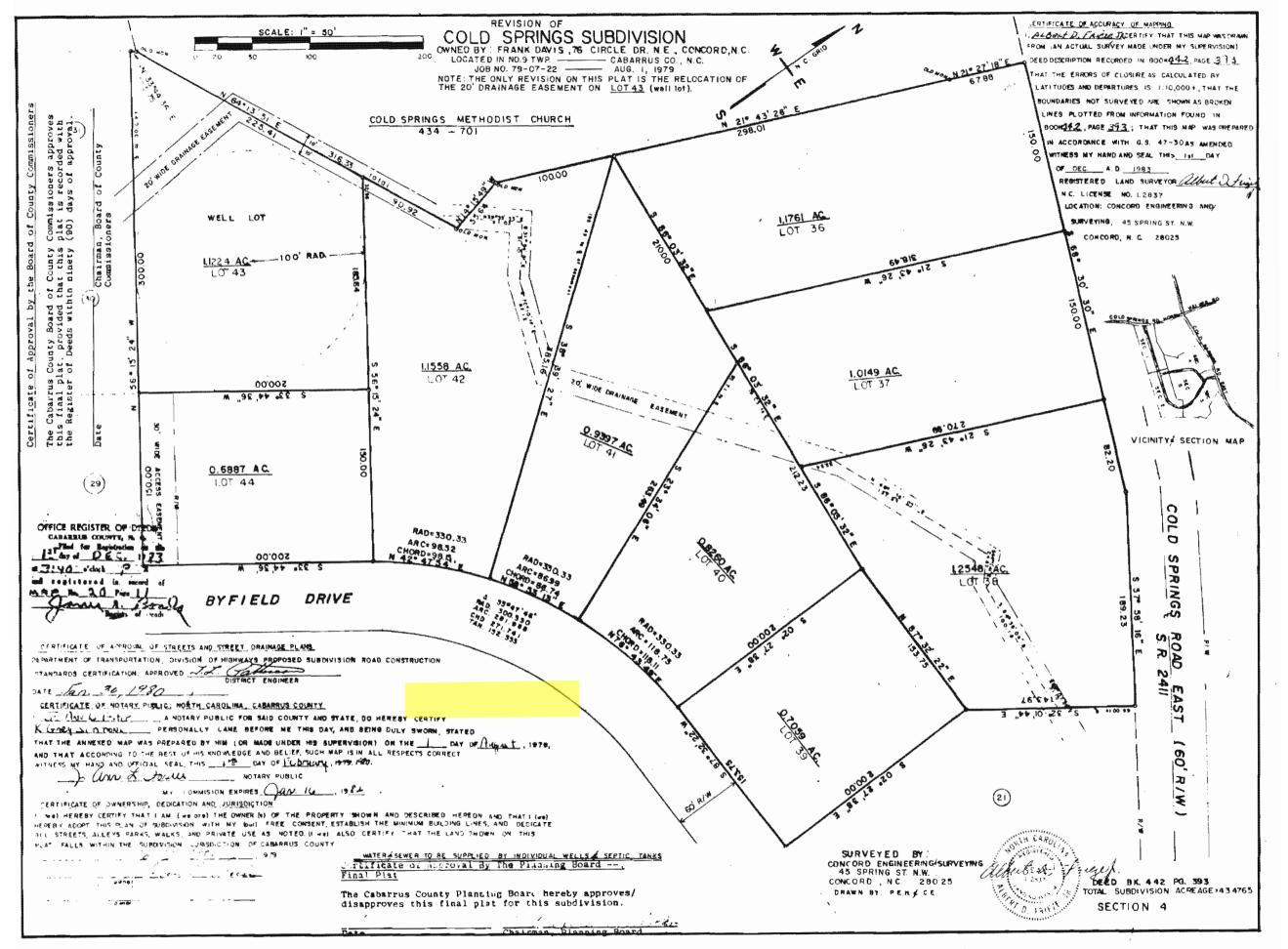
Samuel F. Davis, Jr. <u>Alice J. Davis</u>

2

NORTH CAROLINA YILK COUNTY here, C.Williams. a Notary Public for said County and State, do hereby certify that 1, the following person personally appeared before me this day and acknowledged the due execution of the foregoing instrument in the capacity stated; Samuel F. Davis, Jr. WITNESS my band and official seal, this the With day of August 2020. KRIC II -?_L Mixian Expires Notary Public PRISCOUT 5 My Commission Expires: 1-19 20 MYN (NORTH CAROLINA COUNTY I, <u>Shuri C William</u>, a Notary Public for said County and State, do hereby certify that the following person personally appeared before me this day and acknowledged the due execution of the foregoing instrument in the capacity stated: Alice F. Davis, wife of Samuel F. Davis, Jr. WITNESS my hand and official seal, this the 10day of August 2020. Jotary Public SPAC. My Commission Expires 1-19-21 9. M UBL US COV

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MEETING MINUTES

DATE: November 9, 2021

TIME: 5:30 p.m. – 6:00 p.m.

LOCATION: MS Teams

PURPOSE: Neighborhood Meeting to discuss Aqua Fieldstone Well #1 Project

In Attendance

NAME	 ✓ 	ORGANIZATION	PHONE	EMAIL
Brian LaFranchi	\checkmark	Dewberry	704.631.5206	blafranchi@dewberry.com
Michael Melton	~	Aqua North Carolina	704.704.3315	MAMelton@aquaamerica.com
Cheryl Cannon	~	5313 Historic Springs Drive	704.791.5133	ccannongirl@icloud.com
Christy Baggarly	~	5301 Historic Springs Drive		cmbaggarly@gmail.com
Brenda Long	\checkmark	5339 Historic Springs Drive		

Summary of Discussion

- 1. Q: Ms. Baggerly What is driving the purpose of the project? A: Mr. Melton There are over 100 chemicals tested for. We saw elevated sets of results for radionuclides. The well is currently offline. In an abundance of caution we are getting ahead of State intervention and adding additional treatment. Going to tear down existing building and build a new building large enough to house the new filtration system.
- 2. Q: Ms. Cannon What is the timeframe? A: Mr. Melton We were hoping to finish by the end of the year. We have Kevin Tyndall Builders contracted to do the construction. End of first quarter, 2022 is likely, given the permitting, which is out of our hands.
- 3. Q: Ms. Long Can you talk about what is happening with the well off of Byfield drive? A: Mr. Melton – showed a map and clarified that we were talking about well #1 off of Byfield drive. Mr. LaFranchi indicated that the confusion is probably stemming from the fact that the address for the parcel is off of Historic Springs Drive.
- 4. Ms. Cannon I'm glad you kept us informed, we live directly across from the building and are glad that you are replacing the existing building and keeping the existing tree line.
- 5. Q: Ms. Cannon will you keep the existing driveway gravel? A: Mr. Melton– Yes, we typically do. Concrete is expensive. As part of the project we will fix the driveway [top dress] and prevent it from washing out. Ms. Cannon In rainy weather, I've seen some trucks having difficulty getting back up the drive, but I feel comfortable that you will take care of it to fit your needs.

Action Items

ACTION ITEM	ASSIGNED TO	DATE DUE	STATUS

We believe the foregoing record to be an accurate summary of the meeting and related decisions. We would appreciate notification of exceptions or corrections to these Minutes within five (5) days of receipt. Without notification, we will consider these minutes to be a record of fact.

COPIED: Cabarrus County

Sincerely, Brian LaFranchi, Dewberry

Planning

Memo

То:	Cabarrus County Planning and Zoning Commission
From:	Susie Morris, Planning and Zoning Manager
CC:	File
Date:	12/6/2021
Re:	Proposed Text Amendments

Amend Chapter 16 (2021 NC Model Ordinance Updates)

Attached you will find proposed updates to Chapter 16, Flood Damage Prevention. The updates are to address amendments to the 2021 Non-Coastal Flood Damage Prevention Model Ordinance provided by the North Carolina Department of Emergency Management.

The proposed amendments include specific updates for Community Rating System (CRS) Communities and general updates for all National Flood Insurance Program participants in North Carolina.

Proposed updates to the Ordinance are in blue text

Correct Identified Typos

Staff has identified a list of typos that need to be corrected. Proposed corrections are as follows:

Chapter 1- Correct the date in Section 1-5 from February 2, 1982 to February 1, 1982. Per the February 1, 1982, official Board of Commissioner minutes, the effective date for the Zoning Ordinance and Atlas Maps is February 1, 1982.

Chapter 5, Section 5-7, Section B. Stream buffer and floodplain limitations - Correct the reference from Chapter 15 to Chapter 16. Chapter 16 is the correct Chapter.

Please review the proposed amendments and be prepared to discuss them. The Planning and Zoning Commission will need to consider the proposed changes and make a recommendation to the Board of Commissioners.

PART 1. STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION, FINDINGS OF FACT, PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES

SECTION A. STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION

The Legislature of the State of North Carolina has in Part 6, Article 21 of Chapter 143; Article 6 of Chapter 153A; Article 8 of Chapter 160A; and Article 7, 9, and 11 of Chapter 160D of the North Carolina General Statutes, delegated to local governmental units the authority to adopt regulations designed to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare.

Therefore, the Board of Commissioners of Cabarrus County, North Carolina, does ordain as follows:

SECTION B. FINDINGS OF FACT

- (1) The flood prone areas within the jurisdiction of Cabarrus County are subject to periodic inundation which results in loss of life, property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures of flood protection and relief, and impairment of the tax base, all of which adversely affect the public health, safety, and general welfare.
- (2) These flood losses are caused by the cumulative effect of obstructions in flood plains causing increases in flood heights and velocities and by the occupancy in flood prone areas of uses vulnerable to floods or other hazards.

SECTION C. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

It is the purpose of this ordinance to promote public health, safety, and general welfare and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions within flood prone areas by provisions designed to:

- (1) Restrict or prohibit uses that are dangerous to health, safety, and property due to water or erosion hazards or that result in damaging increases in erosion, flood heights or velocities;
- (2) Require that uses vulnerable to floods, including facilities that serve such uses, be protected against flood damage at the time of initial construction;
- (3) Control the alteration of natural floodplains, stream channels, and natural protective barriers, which are involved in the accommodation of floodwaters;
- (4) Control filling, grading, dredging, and all other development that may increase erosion or flood damage; and
- (5) Prevent or regulate the construction of flood barriers that will unnaturally divert flood waters or which may increase flood hazards to other lands.

SECTION D. OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this ordinance are to:

- (1) Protect human life, safety, and health;
- (2) Winimize expenditure of public money for costly flood control projects;
- (3) Minimize the need for rescue and relief efforts associated with flooding and generally undertaken at the expense of the general public;
- (4) Minimize prolonged business losses and interruptions;
- (5) Minimize damage to public facilities and utilities (i.e. water and gas mains, electric, telephone, cable and sewer lines, streets, and bridges) that are located in flood prone areas;

CABARRUS COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE CHAPTER 16-FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION

- (6) Minimize damage to private and public property due to flooding;
- (7) Make flood insurance available to the community through the National Flood Insurance Program;
- (8) Maintain the natural and beneficial functions of floodplains;
- (9) Help maintain a stable tax base by providing for the sound use and development of flood prone areas; and
- (10) Ensure that potential buyers are aware that property is in a Special Flood Hazard Area.

PART 2. DEFINITIONS

Unless specifically defined below, words or phrases used in this ordinance shall be interpreted so as to give them the meaning they have in common usage and to give this ordinance it's most reasonable application.

<u>Accessory Structure (Appurtenant Structure)</u> means a structure located on the same parcel of property as the principal structure and the use of which is incidental to the use of the principal structure. Garages, carports and storage sheds are common urban accessory structures. Pole barns, hay sheds and the like qualify as accessory structures on farms, and may or may not be located on the same parcel as the farm dwelling or shop building.

Addition (to an existing building) means an extension or increase in the floor area or height of a building or structure.

<u>Alteration of a watercourse</u> means a dam, impoundment, channel relocation, change in channel alignment, channelization, or change in cross-sectional area of the channel or the channel capacity, or any other form of modification which may alter, impede, retard or change the direction and/or velocity of the riverine flow of water during conditions of the base flood.

<u>Appeal</u> means a request for a review of the Floodplain Administrator's interpretation of any provision of this ordinance.

<u>Area of Shallow Flooding</u> means a designated Zone AO or AH on a community's Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) with base flood depths determined to be from one (1) to three (3) feet. These areas are located where a clearly defined channel does not exist, where the path of flooding is unpredictable and indeterminate, and where velocity flow may be evident.

Area of Special Flood Hazard see Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA).

<u>Area of Future-Conditions Flood Hazard</u> means the land area that would be inundated by the 1-percent-annualchance (100- year) flood based on future-conditions hydrology.

<u>Base Flood</u> means the flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

<u>Base Flood Elevation (BFE)</u> means a determination of the water surface elevations of the base flood as published in the Flood Insurance Study. When the BFE has not been provided in a Special Flood Hazard Area, it may be obtained from engineering studies available from a Federal, State, or other source using FEMA approved engineering methodologies. This elevation, when combined with the Freeboard, establishes the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation.

Basement means any area of the building having its floor subgrade (below ground level) on all sides.

Building see Structure.

<u>Chemical Storage Facility</u> means a building, portion of a building, or exterior area adjacent to a building used for the storage of any chemical or chemically reactive products.

<u>Design Flood</u>: See Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation.

<u>Development</u> means any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including, but not limited to, buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations, or storage of equipment or materials.

<u>Development Activity</u> means any activity defined as Development which will necessitate a Floodplain Development Permit. This includes buildings, structures, and non-structural items, including (but not limited to) fill, bulkheads, piers, pools, docks, landings, ramps, and erosion control/stabilization measures.

<u>Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM)</u> means the digital official map of a community, issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), on which both the Special Flood Hazard Areas and the risk premium zones applicable to the community are delineated.

<u>Disposal</u> means, as defined in NCGS 130A-290(a)(6), the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking, or placing of any solid waste into or on any land or water so that the solid waste or any constituent part of the solid waste may enter the environment or be emitted into the air or discharged into any waters, including groundwaters.

<u>Elevated Building</u> means a non-basement building which has its lowest elevated floor raised above ground level by foundation walls, shear walls, posts, piers, pilings, or columns

<u>Encroachment</u> means the advance or infringement of uses fill, excavation, buildings, structures or development into a special flood hazard area, which may impede or alter the flow capacity of a floodplain.

Existing building and existing structure means any building and/or structure for which the start of construction commenced before November 2, 1994.

<u>Existing Manufactured Home Park or Manufactured Home Subdivision</u> means a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the manufactured homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) was completed before the initial effective date of the floodplain management regulations adopted by the community.

<u>Flood</u> or <u>Flooding</u> means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from:

(a) The overflow of inland or tidal waters; and/or

The unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.

<u>Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (FBFM)</u> means an official map of a community, issued by the FEMA, on which the Special Flood Hazard Areas and the floodways are delineated. This official map is a supplement to and shall be used in conjunction with the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).

<u>Flood Insurance</u> means the insurance coverage provided under the National Flood Insurance Program.

<u>Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)</u> means an official map of a community, issued by the FEMA, on which both the Special Flood Hazard Areas and the risk premium zones applicable to the community are delineated. (See also DFIRM)

(b)

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<u>Flood Insurance Study (FIS)</u> means an examination, evaluation, and determination of flood hazards, corresponding water surface elevations (if appropriate), flood hazard risk zones, and other flood data in a community issued by the FEMA. The Flood Insurance Study report includes Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) and Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps (FBFMs), if published.

Flood Prone Area see Floodplain

<u>Flood Zone</u> means a geographical area shown on a Flood Hazard Boundary Map or Flood Insurance Rate Map that reflects the severity or type of flooding in the area.

<u>Floodplain</u> means any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source.

<u>Floodplain Administrator</u> is the individual appointed to administer and enforce the floodplain management regulations.

<u>Floodplain Development Permit</u> means any type of permit that is required in conformance with the provisions of this ordinance, prior to the commencement of any development activity.

<u>Floodplain Management</u> means the operation of an overall program of corrective and preventive measures for reducing flood damage and preserving and enhancing, where possible, natural resources in the floodplain, including, but not limited to, emergency preparedness plans, flood control works, floodplain management regulations, and open space plans.

<u>Floodplain Management Regulations</u> means this ordinance and other zoning ordinances, subdivision regulations, building codes, health regulations, special purpose ordinances, and other applications of police power. This term describes federal, state or local regulations, in any combination thereof, which provide standards for preventing and reducing flood loss and damage.

<u>Floodproofing</u> means any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitation facilities, structures, and their contents.

<u>Flood-resistant material</u> means any building product [material, component or system] capable of withstanding direct and prolonged contact (minimum 72 hours) with floodwaters without sustaining damage that requires more than low-cost cosmetic repair. Any material that is water-soluble or is not resistant to alkali or acid in water, including normal adhesives for above-grade use, is not flood-resistant. Pressure-treated lumber or naturally decay-resistant lumbers are acceptable flooring materials. Sheet-type flooring coverings that restrict evaporation from below and materials that are impervious, but dimensionally unstable are not acceptable. Materials that absorb or retain water excessively after submergence are not flood-resistant. Please refer to Technical Bulletin 2, *Flood Damage-Resistant Materials Requirements*, and available from the FEMA. Class 4 and 5 materials, referenced therein, are acceptable flood-resistant materials.

<u>Floodway</u> means the channel of a river or other watercourse, including the area above a bridge or culvert when applicable, and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one (1) foot.

<u>Floodway encroachment analysis</u> means an engineering analysis of the impact that a proposed encroachment into a floodway or non-encroachment area is expected to have on the floodway boundaries and flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge. The evaluation shall be prepared by a qualified North Carolina licensed

engineer using standard engineering methods and models.

<u>Freeboard</u> means the height added to the BFE to account for the many unknown factors that could contribute to flood heights greater than the height calculated for a selected size flood and floodway conditions, such as wave action, blockage of bridge or culvert openings, and the hydrological effect of urbanization of the watershed. The BFE plus the freeboard establishes the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation. The freeboard for Cabarrus County is a minimum of 2 feet.

<u>Functionally Dependent Facility</u> means a facility which cannot be used for its intended purpose unless it is located in close proximity to water, limited to a docking or port facility necessary for the loading and unloading of cargo or passengers, shipbuilding, or ship repair. The term does not include long-term storage, manufacture, sales, or service facilities.

<u>Hazardous Waste Management Facility</u> means, as defined in NCGS 130A, Article 9, a facility for the collection, storage, processing, treatment, recycling, recovery, or disposal of hazardous waste.

<u>Highest Adjacent Grade (HAG)</u> means the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, immediately next to the proposed walls of the structure.

<u>Historic Structure</u> means any structure that is:

- (a) Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the US Department of Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
- (b) Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;
- (c) Individually listed on a local inventory of historic landmarks in communities with a Certified Local Government (CLG) Program; or
- (d) Certified as contributing to the historical significance of a historic district designated by a community with a Certified Local Government (CLG) Program.

Certified Local Government (CLG) Programs are approved by the US Department of the Interior in cooperation with the North Carolina Department of Cultural Resources through the State Historic Preservation Officer as having met the requirements of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 as amended in 1980.

Letter of Map Change (LOMC) means an official determination issued by FEMA that amends or revises an effective Flood Insurance Rate Map or Flood Insurance Study. Letters of Map Change include:

- (a) Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA): An official amendment, by letter, to an effective National Flood Insurance Program map. A LOMA is based on technical data showing that a property had been inadvertently mapped as being in the floodplain, but is actually on natural high ground above the base flood elevation. A LOMA amends the current effective Flood Insurance Rate Map and establishes that a specific property, portion of a property, or structure is not located in a special flood hazard area.
 -) Letter of Map Revision (LOMR): A revision based on technical data that may show changes to flood zones, flood elevations, special flood hazard area boundaries and floodway delineations, and other planimetric features.
- (c) Letter of Map Revision Based on Fill (LOMR-F): A determination that a structure or parcel of land has been elevated by fill above the BFE and is, therefore, no longer located within the special flood hazard area. In order to qualify for this determination, the fill must have been permitted and placed in accordance with the community's floodplain management regulations.
- (d) Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR): A formal review and comment as to whether a proposed project complies with the minimum NFIP requirements for such projects with respect to delineation of

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special flood hazard areas. A CLOMR does not revise the effective Flood Insurance Rate Map or Flood Insurance Study; upon submission and approval of certified as-built documentation, a Letter of Map Revision may be issued by FEMA to revise the effective FIRM.

Light Duty Truck means any motor vehicle rated at 8,500 pounds Gross Vehicular Weight Rating or less which has a vehicular curb weight of 6,000 pounds or less and which has a basic vehicle frontal area of 45 square feet or less as defined in 40 CFR 86.082-2 and is:

- (a) Designed primarily for purposes of transportation of property or is a derivation of such a vehicle, or
- (b) Designed primarily for transportation of persons and has a capacity of more than 12 persons; or
- (c) Available with special features enabling off-street or off-highway operation and use.

Lowest Adjacent Grade (LAG) means the elevation of the ground, sidewalk or patio slab immediately next to the building, or deck support, after completion of the building.

<u>Lowest Floor</u> means the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access, or limited storage in an area other than a basement area is not considered a building's lowest floor, provided that such an enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements of this ordinance.

<u>Manufactured Home</u> means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities. The term manufactured home does not include a recreational vehicle.

<u>Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision</u> means a parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale.

<u>Map Repository</u> means the location of the official flood hazard data to be applied for floodplain management. It is a central location in which flood data is stored and managed; in North Carolina, FEMA has recognized that the application of digital flood hazard data products have the same authority as hard copy products. Therefore, the NCEM's Floodplain Mapping Program websites house current and historical flood hazard data. For effective flood hazard data the NC FRIS website (http://FRIS.NC.GOV/FRIS) is the map repository, and for historical flood hazard data the FloodNC website (http://LOODNC.GOV/NCFLOOD) is the map repository.

<u>Market Value</u> means the building value, not including the land value and that of any accessory structures or other improvements on the lot. Market value may be established by independent certified appraisal; replacement cost depreciated for age of building and quality of construction (Actual Cash Value); or adjusted tax assessed values.

<u>New Construction</u> means structures for which the start of construction commenced on or after the effective date of the initial floodplain management regulations and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures.

<u>Non-Conversion Agreement</u> means a document stating that the owner will not convert or alter what has been constructed and approved. Violation of the agreement is considered a violation of the ordinance and, therefore, subject to the same enforcement procedures and penalties. The agreement must be filed with the recorded deed for the property. The agreement must show the clerk's or recorder's stamps and/or notations that the filing has been completed.

<u>Non-Encroachment Area (NEA)</u> means the channel of a river or other watercourse, including the area above a bridge or culvert when applicable, and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood

without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than one (1) foot as designated in the Flood Insurance Study report.

<u>Post-FIRM</u> means construction or other development for which the start of construction occurred on or after November 2, 1994, the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map.

<u>Pre-FIRM</u> means construction or other development for which the start of construction occurred before November 2, 1994, the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map.

Principally Above Ground means that at least 51% of the actual cash value of the structure is above ground.

<u>Public Safety and/or Nuisance</u> means anything which is injurious to the safety or health of an entire community or neighborhood, or any considerable number of persons, or unlawfully obstructs the free passage or use, in the customary manner, of any navigable lake, or river, bay, stream, canal, or basin.

Recreational Vehicle (RV) means a vehicle, which is:

- (a) Built on a single chassis;
- (b) 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection;
- (c) Designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck;
- (d) Designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling; but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use, and
- (e) Is fully licensed and ready for highway use.

Tiny Houses and Park Models that do not meet the items listed above are not considered Recreational Vehicles and should meet the development and construction standards for residential structures.

<u>Reference Level</u> is the bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member of the lowest floor for structures within all Special Flood Hazard Areas.

<u>Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation</u> means the Base Flood Elevation plus the Freeboard. In Special Flood Hazard Areas where Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) have been determined, this elevation shall be the BFE plus 2 feet of freeboard. In Special Flood Hazard Areas where no BFE has been established, this elevation shall be at least 2 feet above the highest adjacent grade.

<u>Remedy a Violation</u> means to bring the structure or other development into compliance with state and community floodplain management regulations, or, if this is not possible, to reduce the impacts of its noncompliance. Ways that impacts may be reduced include protecting the structure or other affected development from flood damages, implementing the enforcement provisions of the ordinance or otherwise deterring future similar violations, or reducing federal financial exposure with regard to the structure or other development.

<u>Riverine</u> means relating to, formed by, or resembling a river (including tributaries), stream, brook, etc.

<u>Salvage Yard</u> means any non-residential property used for the storage, collection, and/or recycling of any type of equipment, and including but not limited to vehicles, appliances and related machinery.

<u>Solid Waste Disposal Facility</u> means any facility involved in the disposal of solid waste, as defined in NCGS 130A-290(a) (35).

<u>Solid Waste Disposal Site</u> means, as defined in NCGS 130A-290(a) (36), any place at which solid wastes are disposed of by incineration, sanitary landfill, or any other method.

Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) means the land in the floodplain subject to a one percent (1%) or greater chance

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of being flooded in any given year, as determined in Part 3, Section B of this ordinance.

<u>Start of Construction</u> includes substantial improvement, and means the date the building permit was issued provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition placement, or other improvement was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on a site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading, and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main structure. For a substantial improvement, the actual start of construction means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

<u>Structure</u> means a walled and roofed building, a manufactured home, or a gas, liquid, opiquefied gas storage tank that is principally above ground.

<u>Substantial Damage</u> means damage of any origin sustained by a structure during any one-year period whereby the cost of restoring the structure to it's before damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred. See definition of substantial improvement. Substantial damage also means flood-related damage sustained by a structure on two separate occasions during a 10-year period for which the cost of repairs at the time of each such flood event, on the average, equals or exceeds 25 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

<u>Substantial Improvement</u> means any combination of repairs, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure, taking place during any one-year period for which the cost equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the start of construction of the improvement. This term includes structures which have incurred substantial damage, regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include either:

- (a) Any correction of existing violations of state or community health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which have been identified by the community code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions; or
- (b) Any alteration of a historic structure, provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure and the alteration is approved by variance issued pursuant to Part 4 Section E of this ordinance.

<u>Technical Bulletin</u> and <u>Technical Fact Sheet</u> means a FEMA publication that provides guidance concerning the building performance standards of the NFIP, which are contained in Title 44 of the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations at Section 60.3. The bulletins and fact sheets are intended for use primarily by State and local officials responsible for interpreting and enforcing NFIP regulations and by members of the development community, such as design professionals and builders. New bulletins, as well as updates of existing bulletins, are issued periodically as needed. The bulletins do not create regulations; rather they provide specific guidance for complying with the minimum requirements of existing NFIP regulations.

It should be noted that Technical Bulletins and Technical Fact Sheets provide guidance on the minimum requirements of the NFIP regulations. State or community requirements that exceed those of the NFIP take precedence. Design professionals should contact the community officials to determine whether more restrictive State or local regulations apply to the building or site in question. All applicable standards of the State or local

building code must also be met for any building in a flood hazard area.

<u>Temperature Controlled</u> means having the temperature regulated by a heating and/or cooling system, built-in or appliance.

<u>Variance</u> is a grant of relief from the requirements of this ordinance.

<u>Violation</u> means the failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community's floodplain management regulations. A structure or other development without the elevation certificate, other certifications, or other evidence of compliance required in Parts 4 and 5 is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.

<u>Water Surface Elevation (WSE)</u> means the height, in relation to NAVD 1988, of floods of various magnitudes and frequencies in the floodplains of coastal or riverine areas.

<u>Watercourse</u> means a lake, river, creek, stream, wash, channel or other topographic feature on or over which waters flow at least periodically. Watercourse includes specifically designated areas in which substantial flood damage may occur.

PART 3. GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION A. LANDS TO WHICH THIS ORDINANCE APPLIES

This ordinance shall apply to all Special Flood Hazard Areas within the unincorporated areas of Cabarrus County.

SECTION B. BASIS FOR ESTABLISHING THE SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS

The Special Flood Hazard Areas are those identified under the Cooperating Technical State (CTS) agreement between the State of North Carolina and FEMA in its FIS dated November 5, 2008 for Cabarrus County and associated DFIRM panels dated November 5, 2008, March 2, 2009, June 16, 2009, February 19, 2014 and November 16, 2018, including any digital data developed as part of the FIS, which are adopted by reference and declared a part of this ordinance. Future revisions to the FIS and DFIRM panels that do not change flood hazard data within the jurisdictional authority of Cabarrus County are also adopted by reference and declared a part of this ordinance.

SECTION C. ESTABLISHMENT OF FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

A Floodplain Development Permit shall be required in conformance with the provisions of this ordinance prior to the commencement of any development activities within Special Flood Hazard Areas determined in accordance with the provisions of Part 3, Section B of this ordinance.

SECTION D. COMPLIANCE

No structure or land shall hereafter be located, extended, converted, altered, or developed in any way without full compliance with the terms of this ordinance and other applicable regulations.

SECTION E. ABROGATION AND GREATER RESTRICTIONS

This ordinance is not intended to repeal, abrogate, or impair any existing easements, covenants, or deed restrictions. However, where this ordinance and another conflict or overlap, whichever imposes the more stringent restrictions shall prevail.

SECTION F. INTERPRETATION

In the interpretation and application of this ordinance, all provisions shall be:

- (a) Considered as minimum requirements;
- (b) Liberally construed in favor of the Board of Commissioners; and
- (c) Deemed neither to limit nor repeal any other powers granted under State statutes.

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SECTION G. WARNING AND DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

The degree of flood protection required by this ordinance is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on scientific and engineering consideration. Larger floods can and will occur. Actual flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes. This ordinance does not imply that land outside the Special Flood Hazard Areas or uses permitted within such areas will be free from flooding or flood damages. This ordinance shall not create liability on the part of Cabarrus County or by any officer or employee thereof for any flood damages that result from reliance on this ordinance or any administrative decision lawfully made hereunder.

SECTION H. PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION

Violation of the provisions of this ordinance or failure to comply with any of its requirements, including violation of conditions and safeguards established in connection with grants of variance or special exceptions, shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor pursuant to NC G.S. § 143-215.58. Any person who violates this ordinance or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$100,00 or imprisoned for not more than thirty (30) days, or both. Each day such violation continues shall be considered a separate offense. Nothing herein contained shall prevent Cabarrus County from taking such other lawful action as is necessary to prevent or remedy any violation.

PART 4. ADMINISTRATION

SECTION A. DESIGNATION OF FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR

The Zoning Administrator or his/her designee, hereinafter referred to as the Floodplain Administrator, is hereby appointed to administer and implement the provisions of this ordinance. In instances where the Floodplain Administrator receives assistance from others to complete tasks to administer and implement this ordinance, the Floodplain Administrator shall be responsible for the coordination and community's overall compliance with the National Flood Insurance Program and the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION B. FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION, PERMIT AND CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

- (1) Application Requirements-Application for a Floodplain Development Permit shall be made to the Floodplain Administrator prior to any development activities located within Special Flood Hazard Areas. The following items shall be presented to the Floodplain Administrator to apply for a floodplain development permit:
 - (a) A plot plan drawn to scale which shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following specific details of the proposed floodplain development:
 - (i) The nature, location, dimensions, and elevations of the area of development/disturbance; existing and proposed structures, utility systems, grading/pavement areas, fill materials, storage areas, drainage facilities, and other development;
 - The boundary of the Special Flood Hazard Area as delineated on the FIRM or other flood map as determined in Part 3, Section B, or a statement that the entire lot is within the Special Flood Hazard Area;
 - (iii) Flood zone(s) designation of the proposed development area as determined on the FIRM or other flood map as determined in Part 3, Section B;
 - (iv) The boundary of the floodway(s) or non-encroachment area(s) as determined in Part 3, Section B;

- (v) The Base Flood Elevation (BFE) where provided as set forth in Part 3, Section B; Part 4, Section C; or Part 5, Section D;
- (vi) The old and new location of any watercourse that will be altered or relocated as a result of proposed development; and
- (vii) The certification of the plot plan by a registered land surveyor or professional engineer.
- (b) Proposed elevation, and method thereof, of all development within a Special Flood Hazard Area including but not limited to:
 - (i) Elevation in relation to NAVD 1988 of the proposed reference level (including basement) of all structures;
 - (ii) Elevation in relation to NAVD 1988 to which any non-residential structure in Zones A, AE, AH, AO, A99 will be floodproofed; and
 - (iii) Elevation in relation to NAVD 1988 to which any proposed utility systems will be elevated or floodproofed.
- (c) If floodproofing, a Floodproofing Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-34) with supporting data, an operational plan, and an inspection and maintenance plan that include, but are not limited to, installation, exercise, and maintenance of floodproofing measures.
- (d) A Foundation Plan, drawn to scale, which shall include details of the proposed foundation system to ensure all provisions of this ordinance are met. These details include but are not limited to:
 - (i) The proposed method of elevation, if applicable (i.e., fill, solid foundation perimeter wall, solid backfilled foundation, open foundation on columns/posts/piers/piles/shear walls); and
 - (ii) Openings to facilitate automatic equalization of hydrostatic flood forces on walls in accordance with Part 5, Section B(4)(d) when solid foundation perimeter walls are used in Zones A, AE, AH, AO, A99.
- (e) Usage details of any enclosed areas below the lowest floor.
- (f) Plans and/or details for the protection of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems to be located and constructed to minimize flood damage.
- (g) Certification that all other Local, State and Federal permits required prior to floodplain development permit issuance have been received.

Documentation for placement of Recreational Vehicles and/or Temporary Structures, when applicable, to ensure that the provisions of Part 5, Section B, subsections (6) and (7) of this ordinance are met.

- (i) A description of proposed watercourse alteration or relocation, when applicable, including an engineering report on the effects of the proposed project on the flood-carrying capacity of the watercourse and the effects to properties located both upstream and downstream; and a map (if not shown on plot plan) showing the location of the proposed watercourse alteration or relocation.
- (2) **Permit Requirements**-The Floodplain Development Permit shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) A complete description of all the development to be permitted under the floodplain development permit (e.g. house, garage, pool, septic, bulkhead, cabana, pier, bridge, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations, or storage of equipment or materials, etc.).
- (b) The Special Flood Hazard Area determination for the proposed development in accordance with available data specified in Part 3, Section B.
- (c) The Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation required for the reference level and all attendant utilities.
- (d) The Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation required for the protection of all public utilities.
- (e) All certification submittal requirements with timelines.
- (f) A statement that no fill material or other development shall encroach into the floodway or nonencroachment area of any watercourse unless the requirements of Part 5 Section F have been met.
- (g) The flood openings requirements, if in Zone AE.
- (h) Limitations of below BFE enclosure uses (if applicable). (i.e., parking, building access and limited storage only).
- (i) A statement, that all materials below BFE/RFPE must be flood resistant materials.

(3) **Certification Requirements**

- (a) Elevation Certificates
 - (i) An Elevation Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-33) is required prior to the actual start of any new construction. It shall be the duty of the permit holder to submit to the Floodplain Administrator a certification of the elevation of the reference level, in relation to NAVD 1988. The Floodplain Administrator shall review the certificate data submitted. Deficiencies detected by such review shall be corrected by the permit holder prior to the beginning of construction. Failure to submit the certification or failure to make required corrections shall be cause to deny a floodplain development permit.
 - (ii) An Elevation Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-33) is required after the reference level is established. Within seven (7) calendar days of establishment of the reference level elevation, it shall be the duty of the permit holder to submit to the Floodplain Administrator a certification of the elevation of the reference level, in relation to NAVD 1988. Any work done within the seven (7) day calendar period and prior to submission of the certification shall be at the permit holder's risk. The Floodplain Administrator shall review the certificate data submitted. Deficiencies detected by such review shall be corrected by the permit holder immediately and prior to further work being permitted to proceed. Failure to submit the certification or failure to make required corrections shall be cause to issue a stop-work order for the project.
 - (iii) A final Finished Construction Elevation Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-33) is required after construction is completed and prior to Certificate of Compliance/Occupancy issuance. It shall be the duty of the permit holder to submit to the Floodplain Administrator a certification of final as-built construction of the elevation of the reference level and all attendant utilities. The

Floodplain Administrator shall review the certificate data submitted. Deficiencies detected by such review shall be corrected by the permit holder immediately and prior to Certificate of Compliance/Occupancy issuance. In some instances, another certification may be required to certify corrected as-built construction. Failure to submit the certification or failure to make required corrections shall be cause to withhold the issuance of a Certificate of Compliance/Occupancy. The Finished Construction Elevation Certificate certifier shall provide at least 2 photographs showing the front and rear of the building taken within 90 days from the date of certification. The photographs must be taken with views confirming the building description and diagram number provided in Section A. To the extent possible, these photographs should show the entire building including foundation. If the building has split level or multi-level areas, provide at least 2 additional photographs showing side views of the building. In addition, when applicable, provide a photograph of the foundation showing a representative example of the flood openings or vents. All photographs must be in color and measure at least 3 × 3. Digital photographs are acceptable.

- (b) Floodproofing Certificate
 - (i) If non-residential floodproofing is used to meet the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation requirements, a Floodproofing Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-34), with supporting data, an operational plan, and an inspection and maintenance plan are required prior to the actual start of any new construction. It shall be the duty of the permit holder to submit to the Floodplain Administrator a certification of the floodproofed design elevation of the reference level and all attendant utilities, in relation to NAVD 1988. Floodproofing certification shall be prepared by or under the direct supervision of a professional engineer or architect and certified by same. The Floodplain Administrator shall review the certificate data, the operational plan, and the inspection and maintenance plan. Deficiencies detected by such review shall be corrected by the applicant prior to permit approval. Failure to submit the certification or failure to make required corrections shall be cause to deny a Floodplain Development Permit. Failure to construct in accordance with the certified design shall be cause to withhold the issuance of a Certificate of Compliance/Occupancy.
 - (ii) A final Finished Construction Floodproofing Certificate (FEMA Form 086-0-34), with supporting data, an operational plan, and an inspection and maintenance plan are required prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Compliance/Occupancy. It shall be the duty of the permit holder to submit to the Floodplain Administrator a certification of the floodproofed design elevation of the reference level and all attendant utilities, in relation to NAVD 1988. Floodproofing certificate shall be prepared by or under the direct supervision of a professional engineer or architect and certified by same. The Floodplain Administrator shall review the certificate data, the operational plan, and the inspection and maintenance plan. Deficiencies detected by such review shall be corrected by the applicant prior to Certificate of Occupancy. Failure to submit the certification or failure to make required corrections shall be cause to deny a Floodplain Development Permit. Failure to construct in accordance with the certified design shall be cause to deny a Certificate of Compliance/Occupancy.

If a manufactured home is placed within Zone AE and the elevation of the chassis is more than 36 inches in height above grade, an engineered foundation certification is required in accordance with the provisions of Part 5, Section B(3)(b).

(d) If a watercourse is to be altered or relocated, a description of the extent of watercourse alteration or relocation; a professional engineer's certified report on the effects of the proposed project on the flood-carrying capacity of the watercourse and the effects to properties located both upstream and downstream; and a map showing the location of the proposed watercourse alteration or relocation

shall all be submitted by the permit applicant prior to issuance of a floodplain development permit.

- (e) Certification Exemptions. The following structures, if located within Zone AE, are exempt from the elevation/floodproofing certification requirements specified in items (a) and (b) of this subsection:
 - (i) Recreational Vehicles meeting requirements of Part 5, Section B (6) (a);
 - (ii) Temporary Structures meeting requirements of Part 5, Section B (7); and
 - (iii) Accessory Structures that are 150 square feet or less meeting requirements of Part 5, Section B(8).

(4) Determinations for existing buildings and structures

For applications for building permits to improve buildings and structures, including alterations, movement, enlargement, replacement, repair, change of occupancy, additions, rehabilitations, renovations, substantial improvements, repairs of substantial damage, and any other improvement of or work on such buildings and structures, the Floodplain Administrator, in coordination with the Building and Tax Officials, shall:

- (a) Estimate the market value, or require the applicant to obtain an appraisal of the market value prepared by a qualified independent appraiser, of the building or structure before the start of construction of the proposed work; in the case of repair, the market value of the building or structure shall be the market value before the damage occurred and before any repairs are made;
- (b) Compare the cost to perform the improvement, the cost to repair a damaged building to its predamaged condition, or the combined costs of improvements and repairs, if applicable, to the market value of the building or structure;
- (c) Determine and document whether the proposed work constitutes substantial improvement or repair of substantial damage; and
- (d) Notify the applicant if it is determined that the work constitutes substantial improvement or repair of substantial damage and that compliance with the flood resistant construction requirements of the NC Building Code and this ordinance is required.

SECTION C. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE FLOODPLAIN ADMINISTRATOR

The Floodplain Administrator shall perform, but not be limited to, the following duties:

- (1) Review all floodplain development applications and issue permits for all proposed development within Special Flood Hazard Areas to assure that the requirements of this ordinance have been satisfied.
- (2) Review all proposed development within Special Flood Hazard Areas to assure that all necessary local, state and federal permits have been received, including Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, 33 U.S.C. 1334.
- (3) Notify adjacent communities and the North Carolina Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency Management, State Coordinator for the National Flood Insurance Program prior to any alteration or relocation of a watercourse, and submit evidence of such notification to the Federal Emergency Management Agency

(FEMA).

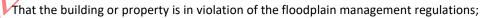
- (4) Assure that maintenance is provided within the altered or relocated portion of said watercourse so that the flood-carrying capacity is maintained.
- (5) Prevent encroachments into floodways and non-encroachment areas unless the certification and flood hazard reduction provisions of Part 5, Section F are met.
- (6) Obtain actual elevation (in relation to NAVD 1988) of the reference level (including basement) and all attendant utilities of all new and substantially improved structures, in accordance with the provisions of Part 4, Section B(3).
- (7) Obtain actual elevation (in relation to NAVD 1988) to which all new and substantially improved structures and utilities have been floodproofed, in accordance with the provisions of Part 4, Section B(3)?
- (8) Obtain actual elevation (in relation to NAVD 1988) of all public utilities in accordance with the provisions of Part 4, Section B (3).
- (9) When floodproofing is utilized for a particular structure, obtain certifications from a registered professional engineer or architect in accordance with the provisions of Part 4, Section B(3) and Part 5, Section B(2).
- (10) Where interpretation is needed as to the exact location of boundaries of the Special Flood Hazard Areas, floodways, or non-encroachment areas (for example, where there appears to be a conflict between a mapped boundary and actual field conditions), make the necessary interpretation. The person contesting the location of the boundary shall be given a reasonable opportunity to appeal the interpretation as provided in in Part 4, Section D.
- (11) When BFE data has not been provided in accordance with the provisions of Part 3, Section B, obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any BFE data, along with floodway data or non-encroachment area data available from a federal, state, or other source, including data developed pursuant to Part 5, Section D (2) (c), in order to administer the provisions of this ordinance.
- (12) When BFE data is provided but no floodway or non-encroachment area data has been provided in accordance with the provisions of Part 3. Section B, obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any floodway data or non-encroachment area data available from a federal, state, or other source in order to administer the provisions of this ordinance.
- (13) When the lowest floor and the lowest adjacent grade of a structure or the lowest ground elevation of a parcel in a Special Flood Hazard Area is above the BFE, advise the property owner of the option to apply for a Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) from FEMA. Maintain a copy of the LOMA issued by FEMA in the floodplain development permit file.
- (14) Permanently maintain all records that pertain to the administration of this ordinance and make these records available for public inspection, recognizing that such information may be subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended.
- (15) Make on-site inspections of work in progress. As the work pursuant to a floodplain development permit progresses, the Floodplain Administrator shall make as many inspections of the work as may be necessary to ensure that the work is being done according to the provisions of the local ordinance and the terms of the permit. In exercising this power, the Floodplain Administrator has a right, upon presentation of proper credentials, to enter on any premises within the jurisdiction of the community at any reasonable hour for the purposes of inspection or other enforcement action.

- (16) Issue stop-work orders as required. Whenever a building or part thereof is being constructed, reconstructed, altered, or repaired in violation of this ordinance, the Floodplain Administrator may order the work to be immediately stopped. The stop-work order shall be in writing and directed to the person doing or in charge of the work. The stop-work order shall state the specific work to be stopped, the specific reason(s) for the stoppage, and the condition(s) under which the work may be resumed. Violation of a stop-work order constitutes a misdemeanor.
- (17) Revoke floodplain development permits as required. The Floodplain Administrator may revoke and require the return of the floodplain development permit by notifying the permit holder in writing stating the reason(s) for the revocation. Permits shall be revoked for any substantial departure from the approved application, plans, and specifications; for refusal or failure to comply with the requirements of State or local laws; or for false statements or misrepresentations made in securing the permit. Any floodplain development permit mistakenly issued in violation of an applicable State or local law may also be revoked.
- (18) Make periodic inspections throughout the Special Flood Hazard Areas within the jurisdiction of the community. The Floodplain Administrator and each member of his or her inspections department shall have a right, upon presentation of proper credentials, to enter on any premises within the territorial jurisdiction of the department at any reasonable hour for the purposes of inspection or other enforcement action.
- (19) Follow through with corrective procedures of Part 4, Section D
- (20) Review, provide input, and make recommendations for variance requests.
- (21) Maintain a current map repository to include, but not limited to, historical and effective FIS Report, historical and effective FIRM and other official flood maps and studies adopted in accordance with the provisions of Part 3, Section B of this ordinance, including any revisions thereto including Letters of Map Change, issued by FEMA. Notify State and FEMA of mapping peeds.
- (22) Coordinate revisions to FIS reports and EIRMs, including Letters of Map Revision Based on Fill (LOMR-Fs) and Letters of Map Revision (LOMRs).

SECTION D. CORRECTIVE PROCEDURES

(a)

- (1) Violations to be corrected: When the Floodplain Administrator finds violations of applicable state and local laws; it shall be his or her duty to notify the owner or occupant of the building of the violation. The owner or occupant shall immediately remedy each of the violations of law cited in such notification.
- (2) Actions in Event of Failure to Take Corrective Action: If the owner of a building or property shall fail to take prompt corrective action, the Floodplain Administrator shall give the owner written notice, by certified or registered mail to the owner's last known address or by personal service, stating:



That a hearing will be held before the Floodplain Administrator at a designated place and time, not later than ten (10) days after the date of the notice, at which time the owner shall be entitled to be heard in person or by counsel and to present arguments and evidence pertaining to the matter; and

(c) That following the hearing, the Floodplain Administrator may issue an order to alter, vacate, or demolish the building; or to remove fill as applicable.

- (3) Order to Take Corrective Action: If, upon a hearing held pursuant to the notice prescribed above, the Floodplain Administrator shall find that the building or development is in violation of the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance, he or she shall issue an order in writing to the owner, requiring the owner to remedy the violation within a specified time period, not less than sixty (60) calendar days, nor more than ninety (90) calendar days. Where the Floodplain Administrator finds that there is imminent danger to life or other property, he or she may order that corrective action be taken in such lesser period as may be feasible.
- (4) Appeal: Any owner who has received an order to take corrective action may appeal the order to the Board of Adjustment by giving notice of appeal in writing to the Floodplain Administrator and the Planning and Zoning Commission Clerk within ten (10) days following issuance of the final order. In the absence of an appeal, the order of the Floodplain Administrator shall be final. The Board of Adjustment shall hear an appeal within a reasonable time and may affirm, modify and affirm, or revoke the order.
- (5) Failure to Comply with Order: If the owner of a building or property fails to comply with an order to take corrective action for which no appeal has been made or fails to comply with an order of the Board of Adjustment following an appeal, the owner shall be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor pursuant to NC G.S. § 143-215.58 and shall be punished at the discretion of the court.

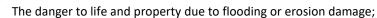
SECTION E. VARIANCE PROCEDURES

- (1) The Board of Adjustment as established by Cabarrus County, hereinafter referred to as the "appeal board," shall hear and decide requests for variances from the requirements of this ordinance.
- (2) Any person aggrieved by the decision of the appeal board may appeal such decision to the Court, as provided in Chapter 7A of the North Carolina General Statutes.
- (3) Variances may be issued for:

(a)

(b)

- (a) The repair or rehabilitation of historic structures upon the determination that the proposed repair or rehabilitation will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure and that the variance is the minimum necessary to preserve the historic character and design of the structure;
- (b) Functionally dependent facilities if determined to meet the definition as stated in Part 2 of this ordinance, provided provisions of Part 4, Section E(9)(b), (c), and (e) have been satisfied, and such facilities are protected by methods that minimize flood damages during the base flood and create no additional threats to public safety; or
- (c) Any other type of development provided it meets the requirements of this Section.
- (4) In passing upon variances, the appeal board shall consider all technical evaluations, all relevant factors, all standards specified in other sections of this ordinance, and:
 - The danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others;



- (c) The susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual owner;
- (d) The importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community;
- (e) The necessity to the facility of a waterfront location as defined under Part 2 of this ordinance as a functionally dependent facility, where applicable;

- (f) The availability of alternative locations, not subject to flooding or erosion damage, for the proposed use;
- (g) The compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development;
- (h) The relationship of the proposed use to the comprehensive plan and floodplain management program for that area;
- (i) The safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles
- (j) The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise, and sediment transport of the floodwaters and the effects of wave action, if applicable, expected at the site; and
- (k) The costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions including maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems, and streets and bridges.
- (5) A written report addressing each of the above factors shall be submitted with the application for a variance.
- (6) Upon consideration of the factors listed above and the purposes of this ordinance, the appeal board may attach such conditions to the granting of variances as it deems necessary to further the purposes and objectives of this ordinance.
- (7) Any applicant to whom a variance is granted shall be given written notice specifying the difference between the BFE and the elevation to which the structure is to be built and that such construction below the BFE increases risks to life and property, and that the issuance of a variance to construct a structure below the BFE may result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to \$25 per \$100 of insurance coverage. Such notification shall be maintained with a record of all variance actions, including justification for their issuance.
- (8) The Floodplain Administrator shall maintain the records of all appeal actions and report any variances to the FEMA and the State of North Carolina upon request.
- (9) Conditions for Variances
 - (a) Variances shall not be issued when the variance will make the structure in violation of other federal, state, or local laws, regulations, or ordinances.
 - (b) Variances shall not be issued within any designated floodway or non-encroachment area if the variance would result in any increase in flood levels during the base flood discharge.

Variances shall only be issued upon a determination that the variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.

- (d) Variances shall only be issued prior to development permit approval.
- (e) Variances shall only be issued upon:
 - (i) A showing of good and sufficient cause;

- (ii) A determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship; and
- (iii) A determination that the granting of a variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, or extraordinary public expense, create nuisance, cause fraud on or victimization of the public, or conflict with existing local laws or ordinances.

PART 5. PROVISIONS FOR FLOOD HAZARD REDUCTION

SECTION A. GENERAL STANDARDS

In all Special Flood Hazard Areas the following provisions are required:

- (1) All new construction and substantial improvements shall be designed (or modified) and adequately anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, and lateral movement of the structure.
- (2) All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed with materials and utility equipment resistant to flood damage in accordance with the FEMA Technical Bulletin 2, Flood Damage-Resistant Materials Requirements.
- (3) All new construction and substantial improvements shall be constructed by methods and practices that minimize flood damages.
- (4) All new electrical, heating, ventilation, air-conditioning, plumbing, duct systems, and other building utility systems, equipment, and service facilities must be located at or above the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation or specially designed to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components and installed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and stresses, including the effects of buoyancy, during the occurrence of flooding to the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation. Utility systems, equipment, and service facilities include, but are not limited to, HyAC equipment, water softener units, bath/kitchen plumbing fixtures, ductwork, electric/gas meter panels/boxes, utility/cable boxes, water heaters, fuel tanks, and electric outlets/switches.
 - (a) Replacements part of a substantial improvement, electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning equipment, and other service equipment shall also meet the above provisions.
 - (b) Replacements that are for maintenance and not part of a substantial improvement, may be installed at the original location provided the addition and/or improvements only comply with the standards for new construction consistent with the code and requirements for the original structure.
- (5) All new and replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of floodwaters into the system.
- (6) New and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharges from the systems into flood waters.
- (7) On-site waste disposal systems shall be located and constructed to avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during flooding.
- (8) Nothing in this ordinance shall prevent the repair, reconstruction, or replacement of a building or structure existing on the effective date of this ordinance and located totally or partially within the floodway, non-encroachment area, or stream setback, provided there is no additional encroachment below the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation in the floodway, non-encroachment area, or stream setback, and provided that such repair, reconstruction, or replacement meets all of the other requirements of this ordinance.

- (9) A structure or tank for chemical or fuel storage incidental to an allowed use or to the operation of a water treatment plant or wastewater treatment facility may be located in a Special Flood Hazard Area only if the structure or tank is either elevated or floodproofed to at least the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation and certified in accordance with the provisions of Part 4, Section B (3).
- (10) All subdivision proposals and other development proposals shall be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage.
- (11) All subdivision proposals and other development proposals shall have public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems located and constructed to minimize flood damage.
- (12) All subdivision proposals and other development proposals shall have adequate drainage provided to reduce exposure to flood hazards.
- (13) All subdivision proposals and other development proposals shall have received all necessary permits from those governmental agencies for which approval is required by federal or state law, including Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, 33 U.S.C. 1334.
- (14) When a structure is partially located in a Special Flood Hazard Area, the entire structure shall meet the requirements for new construction and substantial improvements.
- (15) When a structure is located in multiple flood hazard zones or in a flood hazard risk zone with multiple base flood elevations, the provisions for the more restrictive flood hazard risk zone and the highest BFE shall apply.

SECTION B. SPECIFIC STANDARDS

In all Special Flood Hazard Areas where BFE data has been provided, as set forth in Part 3, Section B, or Part 5, Section D, the following provisions, in addition to the provisions of Part 5, Section A, are required:

- (1) <u>Residential Construction</u>. New construction and substantial improvement of any residential structure (including manufactured homes) shall have the reference level, including basement, elevated no lower than the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation, as defined in Part 2 of this ordinance. See Section A(4) for development standards related to utility systems, equipment, and service facilities.
- (2) <u>Non-Residential Construction</u>. New construction and substantial improvement of any commercial, industrial, or other non-residential structure shall have the reference level, including basement, elevated no lower than the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation, as defined in Part 2 of this ordinance. Structures located in Zone AE, may be floodproofed to the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation in lieu of elevation provided that all areas of the structure, together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, below the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation are watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water, using structural components having the capability of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and the effect of buoyancy. A registered professional engineer or architect shall certify that the floodproofing standards of the subsection are satisfied. Such certification shall be provided to the Floodplain Administrator as set forth in Part 4, Section B (3), along with the operational plan and the inspection and maintenance plan.
- (3) <u>Manufactured Homes</u>
- (a) New and replacement manufactured homes shall be elevated so that the reference level of the manufactured home is no lower than the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation, as defined in Part 2 of this ordinance. See

Section A(4) for development standards related to utility systems, equipment, and service facilities.

- (b) Manufactured homes shall be securely anchored to an adequately anchored foundation to resist flotation, collapse, and lateral movement, either by certified engineered foundation system, or in accordance with the most current edition of the State of North Carolina Regulations for Manufactured Homes adopted by the Commissioner of Insurance pursuant to NCGS 143-143.15. Additionally, when the elevation would be met by an elevation of the chassis thirty-six (36) inches or less above the grade at the site, the chassis shall be supported by reinforced piers or engineered foundation. When the elevation of the chassis is above thirty-six (36) inches in height, an engineering certification is required.
- (c) All enclosures or skirting below the lowest floor shall meet the requirements of Part 5, Section B (4).
- (d) An evacuation plan must be developed for evacuation of all residents of all new, substantially improved or substantially damaged manufactured home parks or subdivisions located within flood prone areas. This plan shall be filed with and approved by the Floodplain Administrator and the local Emergency Management Coordinator.
- (4) <u>Elevated Buildings</u>. Fully enclosed area, of new construction and substantially improved structures, which is below the lowest floor:
 - (a) Shall not be designed or used for human habitation, but shall only be used for parking of vehicles, building access, or limited storage of maintenance equipment used in connection with the premises. Access to the enclosed area shall be the minimum necessary to allow for parking of vehicles (garage door) or limited storage of maintenance equipment (standard exterior door), or entry to the living area (stairway or elevator). The interior portion of such enclosed area shall not be finished or partitioned into separate rooms, except to enclose storage areas;
 - (b) Shall not be temperature-controlled or conditioned;
 - (c) Shall be constructed entirely of flood resistant materials
 - (d) Shall include, in Zone, AE food openings to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters. To meet this requirement, the openings must either be certified by a professional engineer or architect or meet or exceed the following minimum design criteria:
 - (i) A minimum of two flood openings on different sides of each enclosed area subject to flooding;
 - The total net area of all flood openings must be at least one (1) square inch for each square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding;
 - If a building has more than one enclosed area, each enclosed area must have flood openings to allow floodwaters to automatically enter and exit;
 - (iv) The bottom of all required flood openings shall be no higher than one (1) foot above the higher of the interior or exterior adjacent grade;
 - (v) Flood openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices, provided they permit the automatic flow of floodwaters in both directions; and
 - (vi) Enclosures made of flexible skirting are not considered enclosures for regulatory purposes, and, therefore, do not require flood openings. Masonry or wood underpinning, regardless of

structural status, is considered an enclosure and requires flood openings as outlined above.

(e) Property owners shall be required to execute and record a non-conversion agreement prior to issuance of a building permit declaring that the area below the lowest floor shall not be improved, finished or otherwise converted to habitable space; Cabarrus County will have the right to inspect the enclosed area. Cabarrus County will conduct annual inspections. This agreement shall be recorded with the Cabarrus County Register of Deeds and shall transfer with the property in perpetuity.

(5) Additions/Improvements.

- (a) Additions and/or improvements to pre-FIRM structures when the addition and/or improvements in combination with any interior modifications to the existing structure are:
 - (i) Not a substantial improvement, the addition and/or improvements must be designed to minimize flood damages.
 - (ii) A substantial improvement, with modifications/rehabilitations/improvements to the existing structure or the common wall is structurally modified more than installing a doorway, both the existing structure and the addition must comply with the standards for new construction.
- (b) Additions to pre-FIRM or post-FIRM structures that are a substantial improvement with no modifications/rehabilitations/improvements to the existing structure other than a standard door in the common wall, shall require only the addition to comply with the standards for new construction.
- (c) Additions and/or improvements to post-FIRM structures when the addition and/or improvements in combination with any interior modifications to the existing structure are:
 - (i) Not a substantial improvement, the addition and/or improvements only must comply with the standards for new construction consistent with the code and requirements for the original structure.
 - (ii) A substantial improvement, both the existing structure and the addition and/or improvements must comply with the standards for new construction.
- (d) Any combination of repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition or improvement of a building or structure taking place during a 1 year period, the cumulative cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the improvement or repair is started must comply with the standards for new construction. For each building or structure, the 2 year period begins on the date of the first improvement or repair of that building or structure subsequent to the effective date of this ordinance. Substantial damage also means flood-related damage sustained by a structure on two separate occasions during a 10-year period for which the cost of repairs at the time of each such flood event, on the average, equals or exceeds 25 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred. If the structure has sustained substantial damage, any repairs are considered substantial improvement regardless of the actual repair work performed. The requirement does not, however, include either:
 - (i) Any project for improvement of a building required to correct existing health, sanitary or safety code violations identified by the building official and that are the minimum necessary to assume safe living conditions.

- (ii) Any alteration of a historic structure provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a historic structure.
- (6) <u>Recreational Vehicles</u>. Recreational vehicles shall either:
 - (a) Temporary Placement
 - (i) Be on site for fewer than 180 consecutive days; or
 - (ii) Be fully licensed and ready for highway use. (A recreational vehicle is ready for highway use if it is on its wheels or jacking system, is attached to the site only by quick disconnect type utilities, and has no permanently attached additions.)
 - (b) Permanent Placement. Recreational vehicles that do not meet the limitations of Temporary Placement shall meet all the requirements for new construction.
- (7) <u>Temporary Non-Residential Structures</u>. Prior to the issuance of a floodplain development permit for a temporary structure, the applicant must submit to the Floodplain Administrator a plan for the removal of such structure(s) in the event of a hurricane, flash flood or other type of flood warning notification. The following information shall be submitted in writing to the Floodplain Administrator for review and written approval:
 - (a) A specified time period for which the temporary use will be permitted. Time specified may not exceed three (3) months, renewable up to one (1) year;
 - (b) The name, address, and phone number of the individual responsible for the removal of the temporary structure;
 - (c) The time frame prior to the event at which a structure will be removed (i.e., minimum of 72 hours before landfall of a hurricane or immediately upon flood warning notification);
 - (d) A copy of the contract or other suitable instrument with the entity responsible for physical removal of the structure; and
 - (e) Designation, accompanied by documentation, of a location outside the Special Flood Hazard Area, to which the temporary structure will be moved.
- (8) <u>Accessory Structures</u>. When accessory structures (sheds, detached garages, etc.) are to be placed within a Special Flood Hazard Area, the following criteria shall be met:
 - (a) Accessory structures shall not be used for human habitation (including working, sleeping, living, cooking or restroom areas);

Accessory structures shall not be temperature-controlled;

- (c) Accessory structures shall be designed to have low flood damage potential;
- (d) Accessory structures shall be constructed and placed on the building site so as to offer the minimum resistance to the flow of floodwaters;
- (e) Accessory structures shall be firmly anchored in accordance with the provisions of Part 5, Section A(1);
- (f) All service facilities such as electrical shall be installed in accordance with the provisions of Part 5,

Section A(4); and

(g) Flood openings to facilitate automatic equalization of hydrostatic flood forces shall be provided below Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation in conformance with the provisions of Part 5, Section B(4)(d).

An accessory structure with a footprint less than 150 square feet or that is a minimal investment of \$3,000 or less and satisfies the criteria outlined above is not required to meet the elevation or floodproofing standards of Part 5, Section B (2). Elevation or floodproofing certifications are required for all other accessory structures in accordance with Part 4, Section B(3).

- (9) <u>Tanks</u>. When gas and liquid storage tanks are to be placed within a Special Flood Hazard Area, the following criteria shall be met:
 - (a) <u>Underground tanks</u>. Underground tanks in flood hazard areas shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads during conditions of the design flood, including the effects of buoyancy assuming the tank is empty;
 - (b) <u>Above-ground tanks, elevated</u>. Above-ground tanks in flood hazard areas shall be elevated to or above the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation on a supporting structure that is designed to prevent flotation, collapse or lateral movement during conditions of the design flood. Tank-supporting structures shall meet the foundation requirements of the applicable flood hazard area;
 - (c) <u>Above-ground tanks, not elevated</u>. Above-ground tanks that do not meet the elevation requirements of Section B (2) of this ordinance shall be permitted in flood hazard areas provided the tanks are designed, constructed, installed, and anchored to resist all flood-related and other loads, including the effects of buoyancy, during conditions of the design flood and without release of contents in the floodwaters or infiltration by floodwaters into the tanks. Tanks shall be designed, constructed, installed, and anchored to resist the potential buoyant and other flood forces acting on an empty tank during design flood conditions.
 - (d) <u>Tank inlets and vents</u>. Tank inlets, fill openings, outlets and vents shall be:
 - (i) At or above the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation or fitted with covers designed to prevent the inflow of floodwater or outflow of the contents of the tanks during conditions of the design flood; and
 - (ii) Anchored to prevent lateral movement resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy, during conditions of the design flood.
- (10) <u>Other Development</u>. Prior to the issuance of a floodplain development permit for a temporary structure, the applicant must submit to the Floodplain Administrator a plan for the removal of such structure(s) in the event of a hurricane, flash flood, or other type of flood warning notification. The following information shall be submitted in writing to the Floodplain Administrator for review and written approval:
 - (a) Fences in regulated floodways and NEAs that have the potential to block the passage of floodwaters, such as stockade fences and wire mesh fences, shall meet the limitations of Part 5, Section F of this ordinance.
 - (b) Retaining walls, sidewalks and driveways in regulated floodways and NEAs. Retaining walls and

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sidewalks and driveways that involve the placement of fill in regulated floodways shall meet the limitations of Part 5, Section F of this ordinance.

- (c) Roads and watercourse crossings in regulated floodways and NEAs. Roads and watercourse crossings, including roads, bridges, culverts, low-water crossings and similar means for vehicles or pedestrians to travel from one side of a watercourse to the other side, that encroach into regulated floodways shall meet the limitations of Part 5, Section F of this ordinance.
- (d) Commercial storage facilities are not considered "limited storage" as noted in this ordinance and shall be protected to the Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation as required for commercial structures.

SECTION C. RESERVED

SECTION D. STANDARDS FOR FLOODPLAINS WITHOUT ESTABLISHED BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS

Within the Special Flood Hazard Areas designated as Approximate Zone A and established in Part 3, Section B, where no BFE data has been provided by FEMA, the following provisions, in addition to the provisions of Part 5, Section A, shall apply:

- (1) No encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements or new development shall be permitted within a distance of twenty (20) feet each side from top of bank or five times the width of the stream, whichever is greater, unless certification with supporting technical data by a registered professional engineer is provided demonstrating that such encroachments shall not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge.
 - (a) When BFE data is available from other sources, all new construction and substantial improvements within such areas shall also comply with all applicable provisions of this ordinance and shall be elevated or floodproofed in accordance with standards in Part 5, Sections A and B.
 - (b) When floodway or non-encroachment data is available from a Federal, State, or other source, all new construction and substantial improvements within floodway and non-encroachment areas shall also comply with the requirements of Part 5, Sections B and F.
 - (c) All subdivision, manufactured home park and other development proposals shall provide BFE data if development is greater than five (5) acres or has more than fifty (50) lots/manufactured home sites. Such BFE data shall be adopted by reference in accordance with Part 3, Section B and utilized in implementing this ordinance.
 - (d) When BFE data is not available from a Federal, State, or other source as outlined above, the reference level shall be elevated or floodproofed (nonresidential) to or above the Regulatory Flood Protection
 Levation, as defined in Part 2. All other applicable provisions of Part 5, Section B shall also apply.

SECTIONE

STANDARDS FOR RIVERINE FLOODPLAINS WITH BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS BUT WITHOUT ESTABLISHED FLOODWAYS OR NON-ENCROACHMENT AREAS

Along rivers and streams where BFE data is provided by FEMA or is available from another source but neither floodway nor non-encroachment areas are identified for a Special Flood Hazard Area on the FIRM or in the FIS report, the following requirements shall apply to all development within such areas:

- (1) Standards of Part 5, Sections A and B; and
- (2) Until a regulatory floodway or non-encroachment area is designated, no encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, or other development, shall be permitted unless certification with

supporting technical data by a registered professional engineer is provided demonstrating that the cumulative effect of the proposed development, when combined with all other existing and anticipated development, will not increase the water surface elevation of the base flood more than one (1) foot at any point within the community.

SECTION F. FLOODWAYS AND NON-ENCROACHMENT AREAS

Areas designated as floodways or non-encroachment areas are located within the Special Flood Hazard Areas established in Part 3, Section B. The floodways and non-encroachment areas are extremely hazardous areas due to the velocity of floodwaters that have erosion potential and carry debris and potential projectiles. The following provisions, in addition to standards outlined in Part 5, Sections A and B, shall apply to all development within such areas:

- (1) No encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements and other developments shall be permitted unless:
 - (a) It is demonstrated that the proposed encroachment would not result in any increase in the flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood discharge, based on hydrologic and hydraulic analyses performed in accordance with standard engineering practice and presented to the Floodplain Administrator prior to issuance of floodplain development permit; or
 - (b) A Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) has been approved by FEMA. A Letter of Map Revision (LOMR) must also be obtained within six months of completion of the proposed encroachment.
 - (c) In addition to subsection (a) and (b), the following standards apply to all fill activities in special flood hazard areas:
 - a. Fill material must be graded to drain, provide such is protected against erosion. When expected velocities during the occurrence of the base flood are greater than five feet per second armoring with stone or rock protection shall be provided. When expected velocities during the base flood are five feet per second or less protection shall be provided by covering them with vegetative cover.
 - b. Any fill material on which is structure is to be located shall be extended at grade 10 feet beyond the limits if the structure foundation and shall have a side slope no steeper than one foot vertical to two feet horizontal.
 - c. Fill shall be composed of clean granular or earthen material.
- (2) If Part 5, Section F(1) is satisfied, all development shall comply with all applicable flood hazard reduction provisions of this ordinance.
- (3) No manufactured homes shall be permitted, except replacement manufactured homes in an existing manufactured home park or subdivision, provided following provisions are met:
 - (a) The anchoring and the elevation standards of Part 5, Section B(3); and
 - (b) The encroachment standards of Part 5, Section F(1).

SECTION G. STANDARDS FOR AREAS OF SHALLOW FLOODING (ZONE AO)

Located within the Special Flood Hazard Areas established in Part 3, Section B, are areas designated as shallow flooding areas. These areas have special flood hazards associated with base flood depths of one (1) to three (3) feet where a clearly defined channel does not exist and where the path of flooding is unpredictable and indeterminate. In addition to Part 5, Sections A and B, all new construction and substantial improvements shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) The reference level shall be elevated at least as high as the depth number specified on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), in feet, plus a freeboard of 2 feet, above the highest adjacent grade; or at least 4 feet where a depth is not provided above the highest adjacent grade if no depth number is specified.
- (2) Non-residential structures may, in lieu of elevation, be floodproofed to the same level as required in Part 5, Section I(1) so that the structure, together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, below that level shall be watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water and with structural components having the capability of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and effects of buoyancy. Certification is required in accordance with Part 4, Section B(3) and Part 5, Section B(2).
- (3) Adequate drainage paths shall be provided around structures on slopes, to guide floodwaters around and away from proposed structures.

PART 6. LEGAL STATUS PROVISIONS

SECTION A. EFFECT ON RIGHTS AND LIABILITIES UNDER THE EXISTING FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION ORDINANCE

This ordinance in part comes forward by re-enactment of some of the provisions of the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance enacted November 2, 1994 as amended, and it is not the intention to repeal but rather to re-enact and continue to enforce without interruption of such existing provisions, so that all rights and liabilities that have accrued thereunder are reserved and may be enforced. The enactment of this ordinance shall not affect any action, suit or proceeding instituted or pending. All provisions of the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance of Cabarrus County enacted on November 2, 1994, as amended, which are not reenacted herein are repealed.

The date of the initial Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance for each municipal jurisdiction within Cabarrus County is as follows:

Mount Pleasant: November 2, 1994 Town of Harrisburg: October 13, 2008 Town of Midland: November 10, 2008 City of Locust: September 3, 2008 City of Kannapolis: December 17, 1990 City of Concord: February 14, 1983

SECTION B. EFFECT UPON OUTSTANDING FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMITS.

Nothing herein contained shall require any change in the plans, construction, size, or designated use of any development or any part thereof for which a floodplain development permit has been granted by the Floodplain Administrator or his or her authorized agents before the time of passage of this ordinance; provided, however, that when construction is not begun under such outstanding permit within a period of six (6) months subsequent to the date of issuance of the outstanding permit, construction or use shall be in conformity with the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION C. SEVERABILITY

If any section, clause, sentence, or phrase of the Ordinance is held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, then said holding shall in no way effect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance.

SECTION D. EFFECTIVE DATE

This ordinance shall become effective upon the adoption by the Cabarrus County Board of Commissioners.

SECTION E. ADOPTION CERTIFICATION

.prety. I hereby certify that this is a true and correct copy of the Flood Damage Prevention Ordinance as adopted by the